



Village of Cumberland
Zoning Bylaw No. 1238, 2025

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PART 1 ADMINISTRATION

1.1 Title

- (1) This Bylaw may be cited as “Village of Cumberland Zoning Bylaw No. 1238, 2025”.

1.2 Application

- (1) The **Village of Cumberland** is hereby divided into zones as shown on “Schedule A – Zoning Map” and “Schedule B – Zoning Map within the Urban Containment Boundary”, which are attached to and form an integral part of this Bylaw.
- (2) This Bylaw applies to all land, buildings, and **structures**, including the surface of water, within the boundaries of the **Village of Cumberland**.
- (3) No land, building, or **structure** within the **Village of Cumberland** shall be developed, used, constructed, erected, modified, converted, enlarged, re-constructed, altered, placed, maintained, or subdivided except in conformity with the provisions of this Bylaw.
- (4) Lawful non-conforming uses, buildings, and **structures** are subject to provisions of the *Local Government Act*.
- (5) This Bylaw shall not apply in the following situations:
- (a) alterations, maintenance and repair to any building or **structure**, provided that such work does not involve structural alterations, is wholly interior, and does not change the use or intensity of use of the building or **structure**;
 - (b) the use of a building or part thereof, as a temporary polling station, election official’s headquarters, candidate’s campaign office, and any other temporary use in connection with a federal, provincial, or municipal election, referendum, or census;
 - (c) the use of a building, or part thereof, as a constituency office for a federal Member of Parliament or a provincial Member of the Legislative Assembly when located in a **Mixed-Use, Industry, or Public Use** zone, subject to the signage requirements prescribed in **Part 8** of this Bylaw.
 - (d) a temporary **structure** or **container** which is incidental to the erection, maintenance, alteration, or sale of a building, **structure**, or utility for which a building or development

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permit has been issued provided that they are removed within 30 days of project completion or one year following the issuance of a building permit, whichever is earliest;

- (e) the temporary use of a **container** for the limited purpose of loading and unloading household contents for a maximum of 30 days in a single calendar year;
- (f) the use of non-**Residential** zones for activities such as amusement carnivals, religious gatherings, and music festivals for less than seven days, provided a valid licence has been issued under the *Village's Business Licence Bylaw*;
- (g) railways, pipelines, irrigation ditches, conduits, flumes, and pump houses;
- (h) telecommunication towers and wires, traffic control devices, free-standing lightning poles, flag poles, and clock towers; and
- (i) public **utilities**, including those which are underground or within statutory rights-of-way and utility poles and anchors.

1.3 Severability

- (1) If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Bylaw is for any reason found to be invalid by a decision of a Court of competent jurisdiction, the invalid portion shall be severed and the validity of the remaining portion of the Bylaw shall not be affected.

1.4 Compliance with Other Legislation

- (1) In addition to this Bylaw, a person is responsible for ascertaining and complying with the requirements of all other applicable municipal bylaws, provincial statutes or regulations, and federal statutes or regulations.

1.5 Repeal

- (1) The Village of Cumberland Zoning Bylaw No. 1027, 2016, including all amendments, is hereby repealed.

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PART 2 ENFORCEMENT

2.1 General

- (1) Village Bylaw Enforcement Officers , Building Official and Planning Staff are authorized to enforce the provisions of this Bylaw.

2.2 Right of Entry

- (1) A Bylaw Enforcement Officer is authorized to enter, at all reasonable hours, onto any property to ascertain whether the provisions of this Bylaw are being adhered to.
- (2) No person shall interfere with or obstruct a Bylaw Enforcement Officer from entering upon property for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Bylaw.

2.3 Offences

- (1) No person shall contravene, cause, suffer, or permit a contravention of this Bylaw.
- (2) No person shall commence or undertake a use which is not permitted by this Bylaw.

2.4 Penalties

- (1) Each day that a contravention of this Bylaw occurs or is permitted to occur shall constitute a separate offence.
- (2) Any person who contravenes any provisions of this Bylaw is liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding \$50,000.00 and the costs of prosecution.

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PART 3 INTERPRETATION

3.1 General

- (1) The headings of parts and sections in this Bylaw have been inserted as a matter of convenience and for reference only and in no way define or limit any of its provisions.
- (2) The following guidelines shall be applied in interpreting any use defined in **Part 4** of this Bylaw:
 - (a) typical uses listed in the definitions have been included as examples only and are not intended to be exclusive or restrictive; and
 - (b) where a specific use does not conform to the wording of any use defined in this Bylaw or generally conforms to the wording of two or more uses defined in this Bylaw, the use shall conform to and be included in the use class which is most appropriate in character and purpose.
- (3) Words or phrases not defined in this Bylaw, where defined by the *Community Charter* or the *Local Government Act*, shall have the same meaning as defined by those statutes.
- (4) Words or phrases not defined in this Bylaw, the *Community Charter*, or the *Local Government Act* shall be given their usual and customary meaning.

3.2 Zone Boundaries

- (1) The zone boundaries on the Zoning Map shall be interpreted as follows:
 - (a) where a zone boundary is shown as approximately following a **lot line**, it follows the **lot line**;
 - (b) where a zone boundary is shown as approximately following the **Village** boundary, it follows the **Village** boundary;
 - (c) where a zone boundary is shown as approximately following the natural boundary of a watercourse, it follows the natural boundary; and
 - (d) where a zone boundary follows a street, **lane**, railway, pipeline, power line, utility right-of way, or easement, it follows the centre line, unless otherwise clearly indicated on the Zoning Map.

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- (2) Where a survey plan approved by the Surveyor General indicates the adjustment of a parcel boundary due to accretion or erosion, the zoning designation applicable to the parcel is deemed to extend to the new parcel boundary despite the zoning designation of the accreted or eroded area indicated on Schedule A.
- (3) Where a zone boundary does not follow a legally defined property line and where the distances are not specifically indicated, the location of the boundary is determined by scaling from the Zoning Map.
- (4) Where a lot is divided by a zone boundary on the Zoning Map, each area created by the division shall be considered a separate lot for the purpose of determining the applicable regulations of this Bylaw.

3.3 Units of Measurement

- (1) Metric units are used for all dimensions and measurements in this Bylaw.
- (2) For the purpose of this Bylaw, the following units of measure are abbreviated as follows:
 - (a) hectares – ha
 - (b) metres – m
 - (c) square metres – m²
 - (d) cubic metres – m³
 - (e) centimetres - cm
- (3) Regulations in this Bylaw provided to one decimal place must not be rounded to whole numbers.
- (4) Where a calculation has been made for the purpose of compliance with the provisions of this Bylaw and does not yield a whole number, metric fractions of one half or greater (≥ 0.5) shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number and fractions of less than one half (< 0.5) shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number.

3.4 Figures

- (1) All figures used in this Bylaw are for illustrative purposes only and are not to scale.

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PART 4 DEFINITIONS

4.1 Defined Terms

(1) In this Bylaw:

ACCESSORY means clearly incidental and subordinate to a principal building, [structure](#), or use on the same [lot](#).

ACCOMMODATION, BED AND BREAKFAST means the use of one or more [sleeping units](#) within a principal [dwelling unit](#) to provide temporary accommodation for remuneration, and may include the provision of breakfast.

ACCOMMODATION, SHORT-TERM RENTAL means the use of a [dwelling unit](#), a [secondary suite](#), or one or more [sleeping units](#) within a principal [dwelling unit](#) to provide temporary accommodation for remuneration.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING means housing that is subject to a [housing agreement](#) with the [Village of Cumberland](#).

AGRICULTURE, URBAN means the small-scale growing of crops or production of farm products and the keeping of bees and poultry within an urban or suburban environment. This use may include a [farm stand](#) but specifically excludes the production or sale of cannabis products.

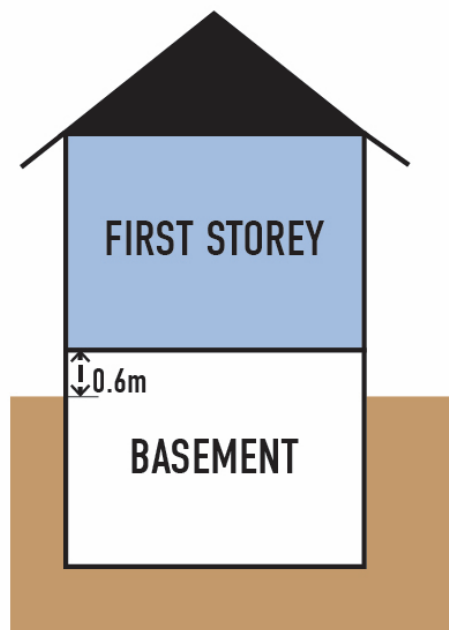
AUTOMOTIVE AND EQUIPMENT SERVICES, LIGHT means the provision of services associated with new or used automobiles, motorcycles, snowmobiles, tent trailers, boats, travel trailers, recreational vehicles, and similar vehicles, including but not limited to retail sale, rental, servicing, washing, installation, detailing, painting, and repair, as well as the sale, installation, or servicing of related parts and accessories.

AUTOMOTIVE AND EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INDUSTRIAL means the sale, rental, service, or repair of heavy vehicles, machinery, or mechanical equipment typically used for building, roadway, pipeline, oil field, and mining construction, manufacturing, assembling operations, processing operations, or agricultural production, but specifically excludes standard trucks, automobiles, or similar vehicles.

BASEMENT means a portion of a building that is partially or completely underground and has a finished ceiling that is no more than 0.6 metres above [finished grade](#).

Figure 4-1. Basements

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BELOW MARKET RENT means rent set 10 percent below the average rent for a given unit type in the Courtenay Census Area as reported by the Canada Housing and Mortgage Corporation on the date of the rental agreement.

BREEZEWAY means a covered, unenclosed connection between buildings.

BULK FUEL STORAGE means premises used for the bulk storage and subsequent distribution of petroleum products, water, chemicals, gases, or similar substances.

BUSINESS FRONTAGE means any part of an exterior wall of a building containing a business facing a [highway](#).

CALIPER means the diameter of a tree trunk measured at a point 0.3 metres above the top of the tree's root ball.

CAMPGROUND means the provision of designated sites and associated facilities for the temporary accommodation of visitors using tents, trailers, recreational vehicles, and cabins or cottages for recreational purposes.

CARETAKER SUITE means a [dwelling unit](#) used to provide on-site accommodation for a single-person household, including a person employed on the property, a site caretaker, an operator of a commercial or industrial establishment, or an on-duty security personnel.

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CARE FACILITY, CHILD means premises licensed as required under the *Community Care and Assisted Living Act* to provide care, educational services, or supervision for three or more children.

CARE FACILITY, COMMUNITY means premises licensed as required under the *Community Care and Assisted Living Act* to provide care, educational services, or supervision for three or more persons not related by blood or marriage.

CARE FACILITY, LICENCE-NOT-REQUIRED means a [home occupation](#) for the provision of care, educational services, or supervision, in accordance with the *Community Care and Assisted Living Act*, for:

- a maximum of two children or a sibling group, or
- a maximum of two persons not related by blood or marriage.

CARPORT means a [structure](#) used to shelter one or more parked vehicles which is enclosed on no more than three sides.

CEMETERY means lands used for the interment of human remains or memorialisation of the deceased, and may include the provision of graveside memorial services or community memorial events.

COMPOST FACILITY means premises used for processing organic matter to produce compost and includes the ancillary sale of compost produced on-site.

COMMUNITY GARDEN means land used by members of the public, either collectively or via individual plots, for the growing of plants and food crops, demonstration gardening, or instructional programming.

CONTAINER means a non-combustible, portable unit designed for the storage or intermodal transporting of goods, and includes sea cans and cargo or shipping containers, but specifically excludes dumpsters and recycling receptacles intended for municipal collection.

COOKING FACILITY means an area within a building or [structure](#) used for the storage, preparation, or cooking of food, including any fixtures or appliances reliant on a 220V electrical outlet or a permanent gas line.

COOP means an enclosed, weatherproof [structure](#) used to house poultry, including but not limited to roosting areas, nesting boxes, and feeding areas.

CULTURAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICES means premises used or intended to be used for civic, cultural, recreational, or social purposes, including public or private clubs, spectator

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entertainment establishments, libraries, and cultural exhibits. Typical uses include but are not limited to municipal offices, community halls, Indigenous services, social clubs, private clubs, libraries, museums, galleries, auditoria, and concert venues.

DATA CENTRE means a building or group of buildings used for the storage and operation of networked computers or data and transaction processing equipment, and may include telecommunications systems and associated components.

DENSITY means a measure of the development intensity of a **lot**, including the number of **dwelling units** permitted on a **lot** measured in units per **lot**, units per hectare, or **floor area ratio**, as well as the maximum **floor area** of **dwelling units**.

DRIVE AISLE means a pathway designated for use by vehicular traffic, within a **parking lot** or similar area, for the purpose of accessing individual **parking spaces**.

DRIVEWAY means the portion of a **lot** between a **highway** or **lane** and a parking or loading area used for vehicular access and egress, but specifically excludes internal **manoeuvring aisles** within a **parking lot**.

DRIVE THROUGH FACILITY means premises where goods or services are provided through a window by an attendant or automated machine, to persons remaining in vehicles that are in a designated queuing space.

DWELLING UNIT means a building or self-contained portion thereof containing sleeping, sanitary, and **cooking facilities**, used or intended to be used as a residence for one household, but does not include **hostels**, **hotels**, **motels**, or recreational vehicles.

EDUCATION SERVICES means the provision of training, instruction, education, or certification in a specific trade, skill, or service, including classrooms, administrative offices, gymnasiums, or maintenance and/or storage facilities ancillary to the primary education service. Typical uses include but are not limited to public or private schools, commercial schools, community colleges, universities, vocational schools, and adult education centres.

EMERGENCY AND PROTECTIVE SERVICES means premises used as a base of operations for fire protection, police, ambulance, or other such services, including standard administrative and operational support functions, temporary staff accommodation, and other common spaces ancillary to the primary emergency and protective service.

END-OF-TRIP FACILITIES means complementary amenities necessary to support, and designated for use by, cyclists, joggers, walkers, and other active commuters at the end of their trip, including

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but not limited to common clothing lockers, changeroom, washroom, and shower facilities, bicycle repair space, and bicycle wash stations.

ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY means premises used or intended to be used to provide entertainment and amusement to patrons for remuneration, including but not limited to arcades, billiard and pool halls, bowling alleys, cinemas, miniature golf, nightclubs, and theatres, but specifically excludes gaming facilities such as casinos, bingo halls, video lottery terminals, slot machines, or teletheatre outlets.

FARM STAND means a building or **structure** used for the sale of seasonal crops and farm products grown or produced on-site.

FARMER'S MARKET means a market for the sale of locally produced goods typically produced on farms, with multiple vendors, operated in a fixed location on a periodic basis. This use includes but is not limited to the sale of arts and crafts and **mobile vending**, but specifically excludes the sale of farm machinery, implements, and tools other than gardening supplies.

FENCE means a vertical **structure** used as a physical barrier or enclosure, or for screening purposes, including any moveable components such as a gate or door.

FLEET SERVICES FACILITY means premises used to dispatch, store, repair, clean, and otherwise maintain three or more vehicles used for the transport of people, goods, or services, but specifically excludes the production, display, sale, or rental of such vehicles. Typical uses include but are not limited to buses, couriers, limousines, taxis, or roadside assistance vehicles.

FLOOR AREA means the sum of all horizontal area with a clear ceiling height of 1.8 metres or more for each **storey** of a building, measured to the interior face of exterior walls.

FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR) means the figure obtained when the **gross floor area** of a **lot** is divided by the total **lot area**.

FLOOR AREA, GROSS (GFA) means the sum of the total **floor area** for all buildings on a **lot**, measured from the outside face of the exterior walls, excluding enclosed areas used to accommodate **parking areas** and any associated ramps used for vehicular access/egress.

FOOD SERVICES means premises used for the preparation, service, and sale of food and beverages to the public, where such premises may be licensed pursuant to the *Liquor Control and Licensing Act*. Typical uses include but are not limited to licensed restaurants, theatre restaurants, banquet facilities, cafes, delicatessens, lunchrooms, and take-out restaurants, but specifically excludes a **drive through facility**.

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GAS STATION means premises used for the selling and dispensing of vehicular fuels, lubricants, electricity, and automotive parts and accessories, and may include a car wash or the ancillary sale of food, tobacco, pharmaceuticals, periodicals, or other similar convenience items.

GRADE, FINISHED means the elevation of the ground following construction or land altering activities.

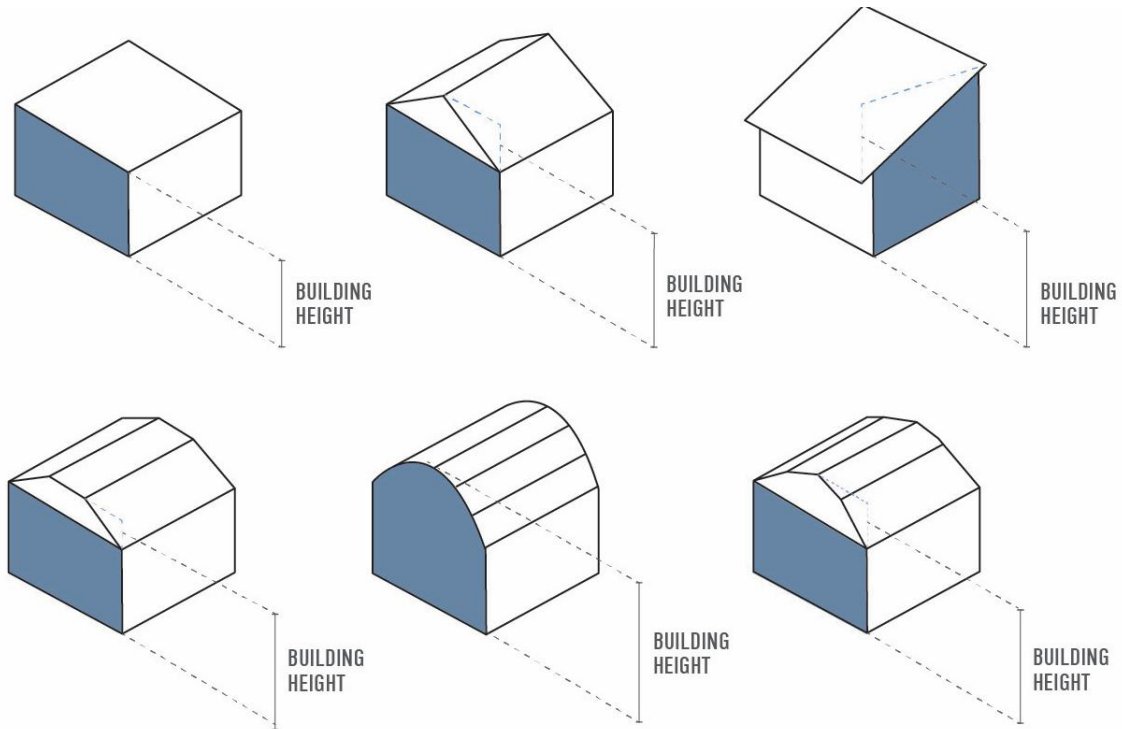
GRADE, NATURAL means the elevation of the ground surface in its natural state, prior to the commencement of any alteration or development, or on sloping sites, the plane angles prior to the commencement of any alteration or development. Where land alteration has occurred, **natural grade** is determined using historical records or interpolation based on surrounding **natural grades**.

HEALTH SERVICES means the provision of physical or mental health services, on an out-patient basis, which may be of a preventative, diagnostic, treatment, therapeutic, rehabilitative, or counselling nature. Typical uses include but are not limited to medical and dental offices, chiropractors, massage therapists, acupuncture clinics, reflexology, health clinics, and counselling services.

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HEIGHT means the maximum vertical distance between the highest point of a **structure** and the lesser of **natural grade** or **finished grade**, or with respect to a building, the maximum vertical distance between the highest point of a non-sloping roof (less than 4% slope), or the mid-point of a sloping roof and the lesser of **natural grade** or **finished grade**.

Figure 4-2. Building Height



HIGHWAY means a highway under the *Land Title Act* which affords the principal access to abutting properties, including a thoroughfare, street, avenue, parkway, **driveway**, highway, road, viaduct, alley, **lane**, bridge, trestle way, or other public right of way which is ordinarily used for vehicular traffic and is located on publicly owned lands.

HIVE means an enclosed, manufactured receptacle or vessel used to house honey bees.

HOME OCCUPATION means the use of a portion of a **dwelling unit** or **accessory** building, by a resident of the premises, to operate a business.

HOSTEL means a building containing shared sleeping, living, sanitary, and **cooking facilities**, used or intended to be used as temporary accommodation for transient visitors, and where hostel staff are on the premises at all times.

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HOTEL means a building or group of buildings with a common entrance lobby and shared corridors, divided into self-contained **sleeping units** which may include **cooking facilities**, used or intended to be used as temporary accommodation for transient visitors, and where hotel staff are on the premises at all times. This use may also include ancillary facilities such as **food services**, banquet halls, meeting and convention rooms, **personal services**, and recreation facilities for the convenience of guests.

HOUSING AGREEMENT means an agreement authorized by bylaw and executed by a property owner and the **Village** in accordance with the *Local Government Act*.

IMPERMEABLE SURFACE means a surface which either prevents or impedes the entry of water into the soil mantle or causes water to run off the surface in greater quantities or at a rate of flow greater than the rate of flow present under natural conditions prior to development. Such surfaces include but are not limited to concrete, asphalt, and brick pavers with a joint of 12.0 millimetres or less.

INDUSTRIAL, HEAVY means the assembly, fabrication, manufacturing, processing, storage, and testing of materials or products predominantly from extracted, bulk, or raw materials, including the processing of animal products and byproducts and processes using hazardous materials or processes which may create hazardous or commonly recognized offensive conditions, and may include ancillary sales of such materials and products but specifically excludes the storage, processing, or handling of hazardous waste.

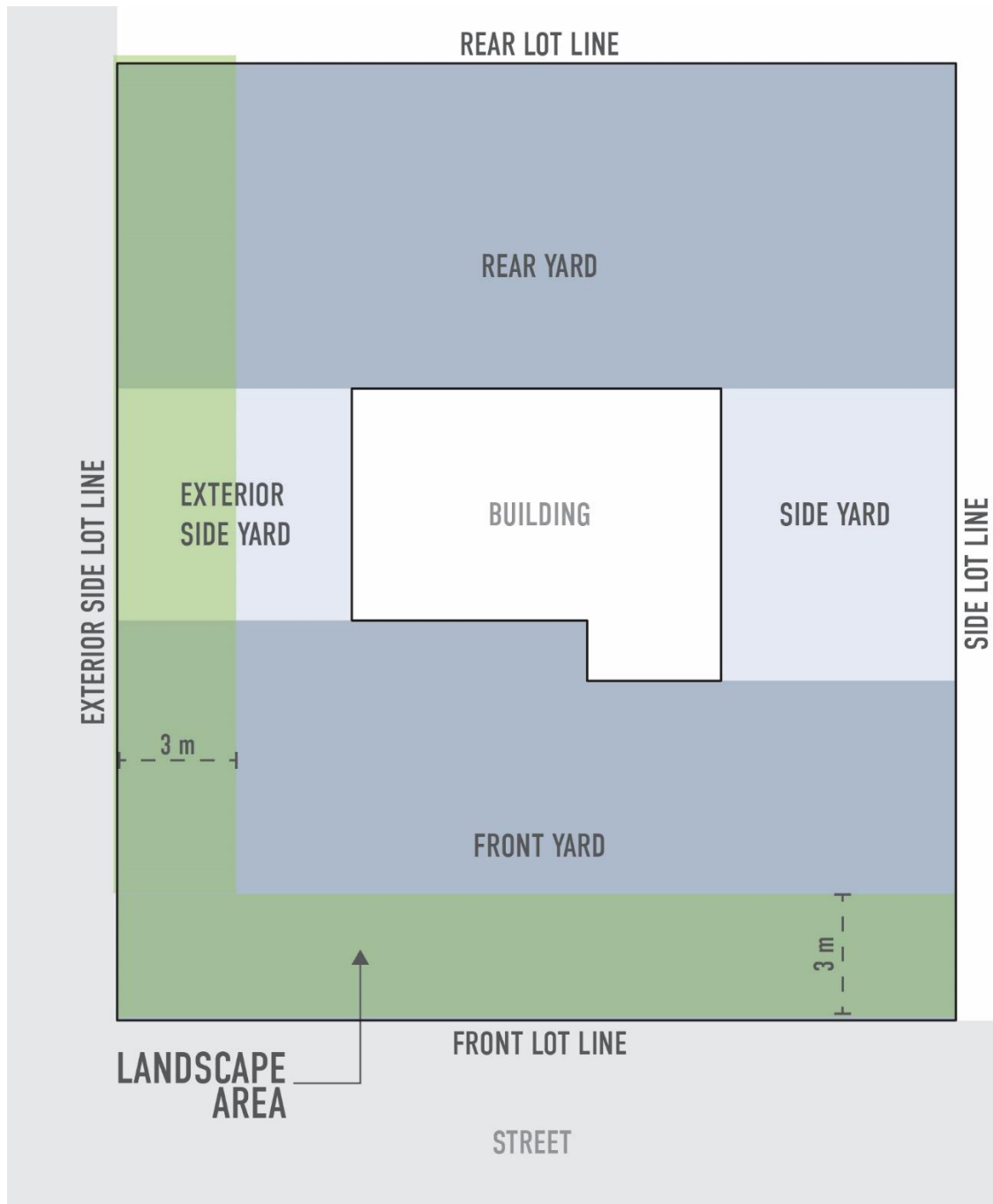
INDUSTRIAL, LIGHT means the assembly, fabrication, manufacturing, repair, servicing, maintenance, and testing of goods or materials where carried out wholly within an enclosed building or **structure**, including processes using hazardous materials, or processes which may create hazardous or commonly recognized offensive conditions, and may include ancillary sales of such goods or materials but specifically excludes the processing of animal products and byproducts and the storage, processing, or handling of hazardous waste.

KENNEL means premises used for the breeding, buying, selling, or overnight boarding of domesticated animals, but specifically excludes livestock.

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LANDSCAPE AREA means the horizontal area located up to a maximum of 3.0 metres into any yard abutting a highway.

Figure 4-3. Landscape Area



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| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

LANDSCAPE SCREEN means a continuous visual barrier consisting of natural vegetation, trees, shrubs, wooden or otherwise solid **fencing**, or a combination of those elements, serving to effectively screen the area which it encloses.

LANDSCAPING means any combination of landscape features designed to enhance the visual appearance of a **lot**, including **soft-landscaping elements**, decorative paving, walkways, **fencing**, patios, and other ornamental features used to beautify or screen the appearance of all or a portion of a lot, but specifically excludes enclosed **structures** or buildings.

LANE means an unnamed public thoroughfare or any other public **highway** that is otherwise undesignated, which may provide rear or side **yard** access to abutting **lots** and which is not intended for general traffic circulation.

LICENSED PREMISES means premises licensed pursuant to the *Liquor Control and Licensing Act* to serve alcoholic beverages to the public, where such premises may also serve food and non-alcoholic beverages and provide forms of live entertainment. Typical uses include but are not limited to bars, pubs, taprooms, and nightclubs.

LOADING SPACE means an on-site area reserved for temporary vehicular parking for the purpose of loading or unloading goods and materials.

LOT means a separate and distinct parcel of land which is legally defined by a recorded subdivision plan or description of land filed in the Provincial Land Title Office

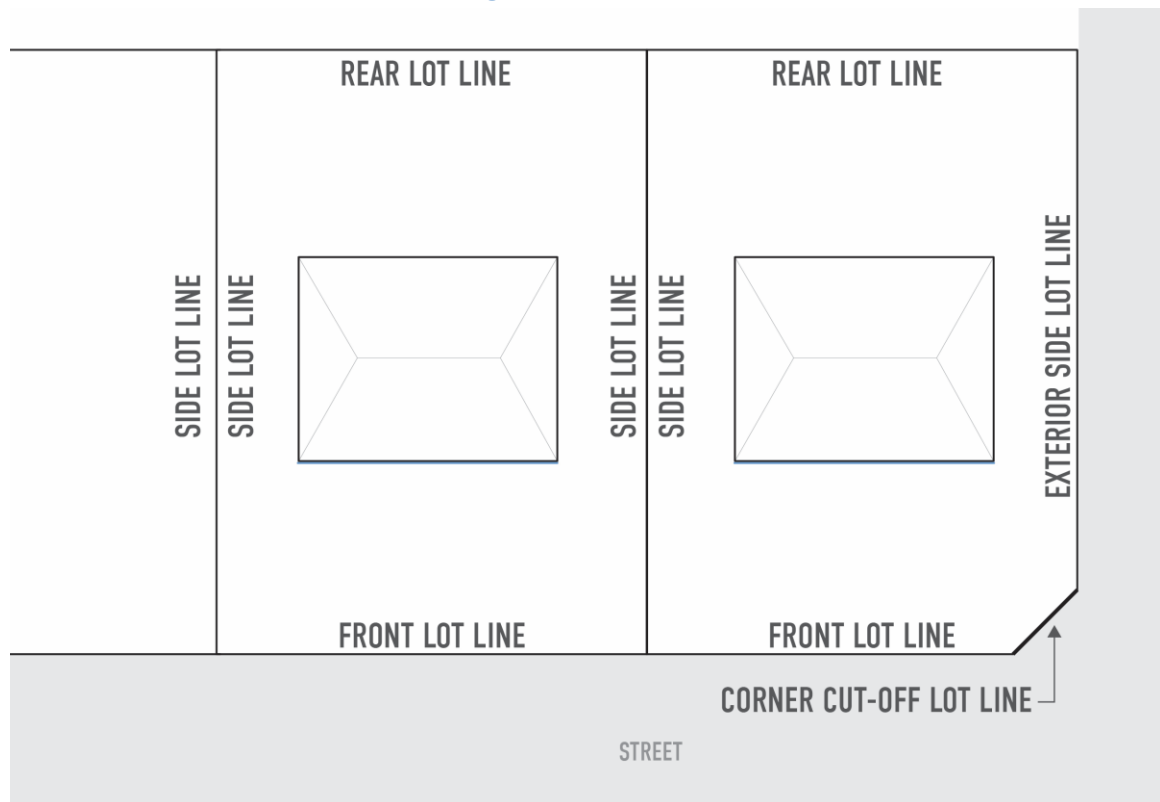
LOT AREA means the total horizontal area within the property boundaries of a **lot**. In the case of a **panhandle lot**, the access strip shall be excluded from the calculation of total lot area for the purpose of determining compliance with a minimum lot area requirement of this Bylaw.

LOT COVERAGE means the total horizontal area of a **lot** which may be built upon, expressed as a percentage of the total **lot area**.

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LOT LINE means any line which forms the legally defined boundary of a lot.

Figure 4-4. Lot Lines



LOT LINE, CORNER CUT-OFF means a lot line that is common to a lot and the intersection of two highways.

LOT LINE, EXTERIOR SIDE means a lot line abutting a highway other than a lane, which is not the front, rear, or corner cut-off lot line.

LOT LINE, FRONT means the lot line which is common to a lot and an abutting highway. Where two or more lot lines abut a highway, the shortest line, excluding the corner cut-off lot line, shall be deemed to be the front lot line.

LOT LINE, SIDE means any lot line other than the front, rear, corner cut-off, or exterior side lot lines.

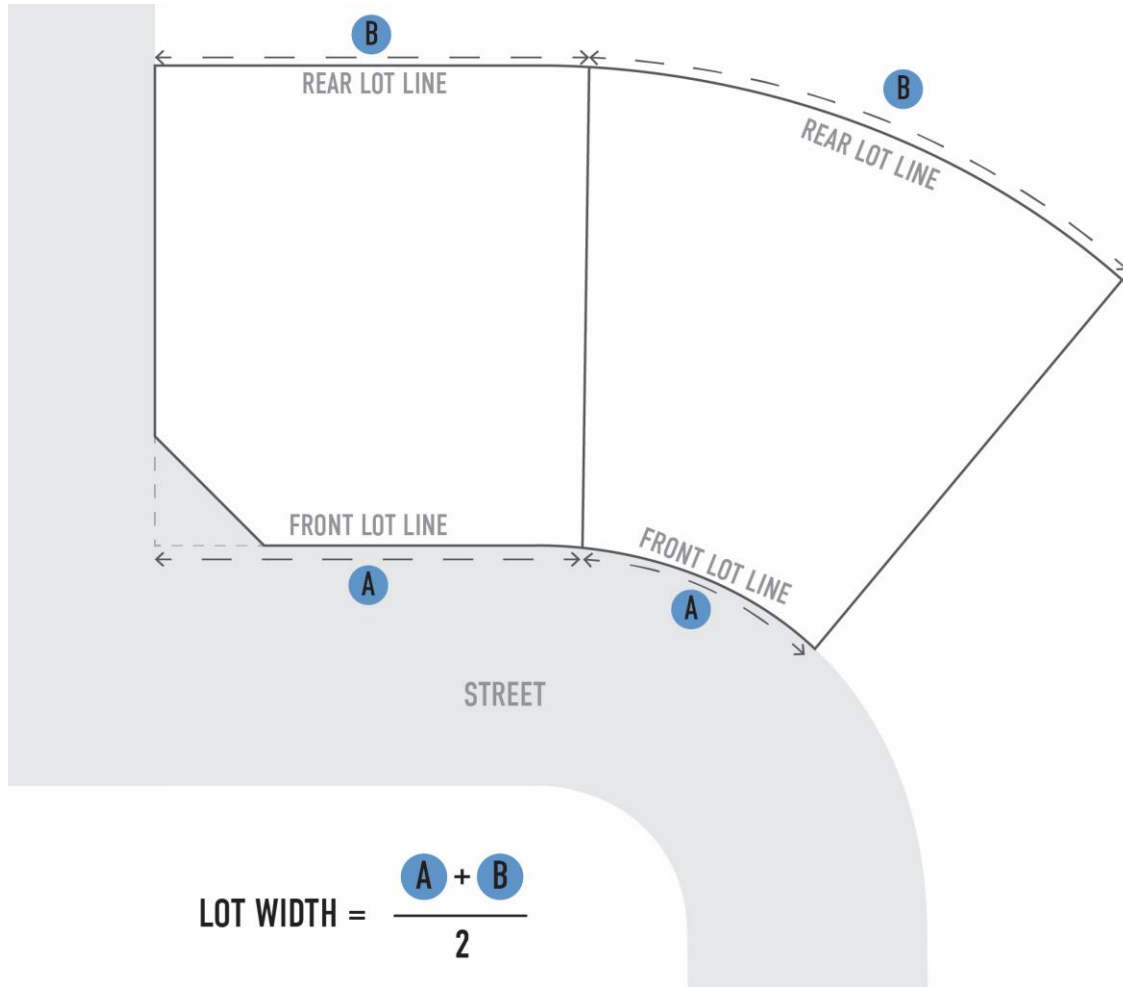
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| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
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LOT LINE, REAR means the [lot line](#) which is opposite to and most distant from the [front lot line](#), or, where there is no such [lot line](#), the point of intersection of any [lot lines](#) other than the [front lot line](#) which is opposite to and most distant from the [front lot line](#).

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LOT WIDTH means the horizontal distance between the *side lot lines* at the minimum front *yard setback*, such distance being measured along a line parallel to the *front lot line*, except in the case of an irregularly shaped *lot*.

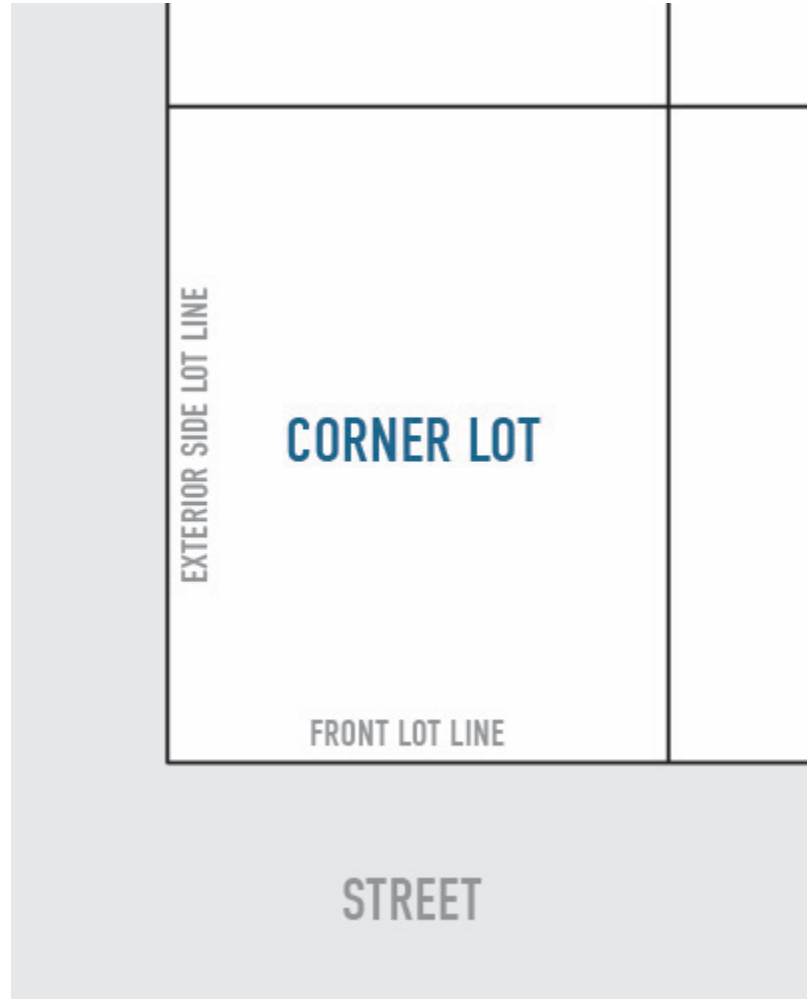
Figure 4-5. Lot Width



| | | | | |
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| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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LOT, CORNER means a lot situated at the intersection of two or more highways, or a lot that has two adjoining lot lines abutting a highway.

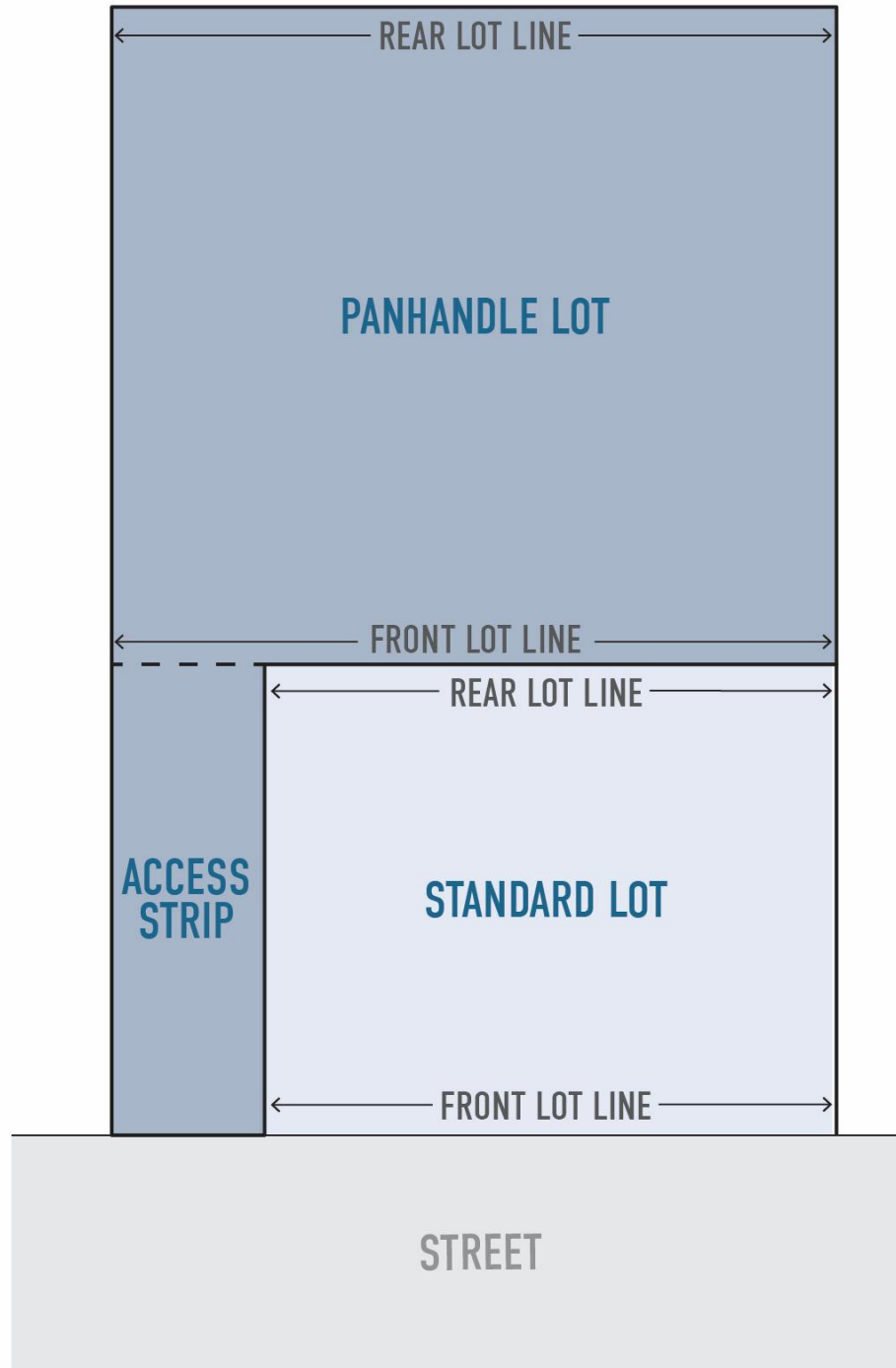
Figure 4-6. Corner Lot



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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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LOT, PANHANDLE means a lot which has its primary legal access from a highway through a narrow strip of land, referred to as the access strip, which is an integral part of the lot.

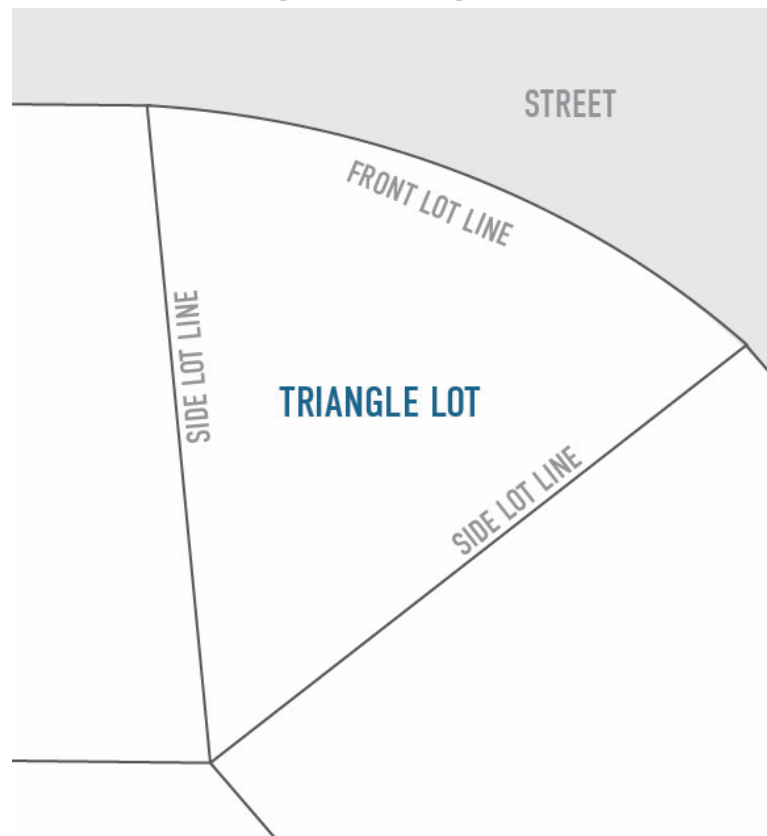
Figure 4-7. Panhandle Lot



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LOT, TRIANGLE means a lot which is generally configured such that its width at the rear lot line is lesser than at its front lot line.

Figure 4-8. Triangle Lot



MANOEUVRING AISLE means a pathway designated for use by vehicular traffic, within a parking lot or parking area, for the purpose of accessing individual parking and loading spaces.

MANUFACTURED HOME means a building containing one dwelling unit, built in a factory environment in one or more sections, intended to be occupied in a place other than its manufacture and is constructed to the CAN/CSA Z-240 (Mobile Home) standard.

MOBILE VENDING means the sale or rental of goods or services from a mobile, non-permanent, and moveable apparatus such as a vehicle, trailer, or cart, but specifically excludes the sale of alcoholic beverages or cannabis products.

MOTEL means a building or group of buildings divided into self-contained sleeping units used or intended to be used as temporary accommodation for transient visitors, each with a separate exterior entrance and convenient access to on-site parking, and which may include cooking facilities. A motel may also contain ancillary facilities such as food services, banquet, beverage, meeting, or convention rooms, and personal service establishments for the convenience of guests.

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NATURAL RESOURCE EXTRACTION means the mining, quarrying, digging, removal, or processing of earth, gravel, sand, peat, rock, or other natural substances found on or under the site. Typical uses include but are not limited to quarries, gravel pits, and stripping of topsoil.

PARK means land or water used or intended to be used for passive or active recreation by the public, including but not limited to walkways, trails, watercourses, environmentally sensitive areas, forest reserves, wildlife sanctuaries, green belts, conservation areas, nature interpretation areas, sources of drinking water, and [landscaping](#).

PARKING AREA means the area of a [lot](#) used to accommodate [parking spaces](#) and associated [manoeuvring aisles](#).

PARKING LOT means any [lot](#) or part of a [lot](#) used to temporarily park more than five vehicles.

PARKING SPACE means a designated area intended to be used to park one vehicle, exclusive of any [driveways](#), [drive aisles](#), or ramps.

PARKING, BARRIER-FREE means [parking spaces](#) designated for use by persons with disabilities.

PARKING, COURTESY means [parking spaces](#) designated for use by persons who are pregnant or who have young children.

PARKING, ELECTRICAL VEHICLE (EV) means [parking spaces](#) designated for use by electric vehicles.

PARKING, EV CHARGING STATION means a [parking space](#) equipped with electric vehicle supply equipment that provides Level 2 electrical vehicle charging in accordance with SAE International's J1772 Standard.

PARKING, EV PREPARED means a [parking space](#) equipped with the necessary conductors, connectors, devices, apparatuses, fittings, and electrical supply to support Level 2 electrical vehicle charging in accordance with SAE International's J1772 Standard.

PARKING, LONG-TERM BICYCLE means bicycle parking specifically provided and equipped for use by cyclists who typically stay at a site for extended periods of time; such facilities are easy to access for a range of users, are located in a secured or controlled area, and provide protection from inclement weather.

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PARKING, SHORT-TERM BICYCLE means bicycle parking specifically provided and equipped for use by cyclists who typically stay at a site for short periods of time; such facilities are readily visible and accessible for a range of users and are located within 25.0 metres of the main entrance of the premises they serve.

PARKING, TANDEM means two [parking spaces](#), one behind the other, with a common or shared point of access to a [drive aisle](#), [driveway](#), [lane](#), or [highway](#).

PERSONAL SERVICES means the provision of services which are related to the care and appearance of the body or the cleaning and repair of personal effects, including the sale of goods which are ancillary to the primary personal service operation. Typical uses include but are not limited to barber shops, hairdressers, tattoo parlours, manicurists, estheticians, tailors, shoe repair shops, dry cleaning establishments, and laundromats, but specifically excludes [health services](#).

PLANT NURSERY means premises used for the growing, harvesting, display, and wholesale or retail sale of plants, trees, sod, and similar plant materials, including the sale of goods which are ancillary to the primary nursery operation, but specifically excludes the production or sale of cannabis products.

PRODUCTION FACILITY, ALCOHOL means premises licensed under the *Liquor Control and Licensing Act* to produce, package, store, and distribute wine, beer, or spirits, and may include ancillary [retail sales](#), tours, tastings, or food and beverage service.

PRODUCTION FACILITY, CANNABIS means premises licensed under the *Cannabis Act* to grow, process, test, package, store, distribute, and destroy cannabis or cannabis-related products, but specifically excludes [cannabis retail](#).

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, INTERNAL-FACING means the provision of technical, management, administrative, consulting, or financial services which do not include the servicing and repair of goods, the manufacturing or handling of a product, or on-site [retail sales](#), and where the provision of such services could function without directly servicing clients or customers entering the premises from the street. Typical uses include but are not limited to the offices of lawyers, accountants, architects, technology firms, planners, clerical, and secretarial agencies, but specifically excludes [health services](#), [personal services](#), or [public-facing professional services](#).

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PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, PUBLIC-FACING means the provision of technical, management, administrative, or financial services which may include ancillary functions such as the servicing and repair of goods, the manufacturing or handling of a product, or on-site [retail sales](#), and where the provision of such services functions by directly servicing clients and customers who enter the premises from the street and are accepted within a reception area. Typical uses include but are not limited to the offices of travel agents, real estate and insurance providers, financial institutions, household repair services, funeral services, and business support services, but specifically excludes [health services](#), [personal services](#), or [internal-facing professional services](#).

RECREATION SERVICES, INDOOR means indoor facilities used or intended to be used for recreational, cultural, or community activities, including but not limited to arenas, gymnasiums, swimming pools, ice rinks, rock climbing facilities, dance, fitness, and mixed martial arts studios, and indoor athletic fields and sport courts.

RECREATION SERVICES, OUTDOOR means facilities used or intended to be used for recreational, cultural, or community activities conducted outdoors, including but not limited to bandshells, amphitheatres, playgrounds, athletic fields and sport courts, swimming pools, and field houses, but specifically excludes [campgrounds](#).

RECYCLING FACILITY means premises used to collect, temporarily store, and distribute recyclable materials pursuant to the *Environmental Management Act*, where such activities are carried out wholly within an enclosed building or [structure](#). This use specifically excludes recyclable material processing and [outdoor storage](#).

REFUSE DISPOSAL FACILITY means premises registered as required under the *Environmental Management Act* as a sanitary landfill, modified sanitary landfill, hazardous waste management facility, or dry waste site for the processing, treatment, storage, recycling, or other such disposal of municipal, hazardous, or industrial waste, but specifically excludes a [wrecking yard](#).

RENEWABLE ENERGY APPARATUS means equipment or infrastructure which is used to generate, transmit, and use energy from renewable sources such as sunlight, wind, rain, tides and geothermal heat.

RESIDENTIAL RENTAL TENURE means, in relation to a [dwelling unit](#) in a multi-residential building, a tenancy governed by a landlord tenancy agreement that complies with the *Residential Tenancy Act*.

RETAIL, CANNABIS means premises licensed under the *Cannabis Act* for dispensing, selling, or distributing cannabis or cannabis-related products, but specifically excludes a [cannabis production facility](#).

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RETAIL SALES means the provision of goods, merchandise, and other materials for sale to the public, including uses ancillary to the primary retail operation such as on-site storage and/or limited seasonal outdoor sales. Typical uses include but are not limited to grocery, liquor, convenience, hardware, pharmaceutical, clothing, appliance, thrift, and used-goods stores, but specifically excludes [gas stations](#), [light automotive and equipment services](#), [wholesale services](#), and [cannabis retail](#).

RETAINING WALL means a human-made [structure](#) designed to support, stabilize, and restrain existing earth or imported fill materials as a result of differences in grade.

SAWMILL means premises used for the cutting, sawing, planing, drying, dressing, packaging, storage, and distribution of lumber products from raw timber, and may include ancillary sales of such lumber products.

SECONDARY means clearly in conjunction with and second to a principal use on the same [lot](#).

SECONDARY SUITE means a self-contained [dwelling unit](#) located within a building or portion of a building pursuant to the British Columbia Building Code.

SETBACK means the shortest horizontal distance between a building or [structure](#) and a [lot line](#).

SIGN means any [structure](#), device, advertisement, advertising device or visual representation intended to convey information or to advertise or attract attention to a product, service, place, event, person, institution or business and visible from any property other than the one on which it is located.

SIGN AREA means the total surface area of a [sign](#) within the outer edge of the [sign](#) frame or [sign](#) border. In the case of a double-face or multi-face [sign](#) only half of the total area of all [sign](#) faces will be counted.

SIGN, AWNING means a [sign](#) that is printed, painted, or otherwise affixed to the surface of an awning.

SIGN, CANOPY means a [sign](#) that is attached to, mounted on, or incorporated into a canopy, which is a permanent [structure](#) extending from a building.

SIGN, FASCIA means a [sign](#) which is painted on or attached to and supported by an exterior wall or fascia of a building provided the face of the [sign](#) is parallel to the wall and does not project more than 0.3 metres beyond the wall surface.

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SIGN, FREESTANDING means a self-supporting [sign](#) that is not attached to a building or any other [structure](#).

SIGN, HANGING means a [sign](#) suspended from a bracket, pole, or other supporting [structure](#), typically mounted perpendicular to a building or under an overhang for visibility.

SIGN, THIRD PARTY ADVERTISING means a [sign](#) which directs attention to a product, service, place, event, person, institution or business which is conducted, sold or offered at a location other than the [lot](#) on which the [sign](#) is located.

SILVICULTURE means the growing, cultivation, development, maintenance, and harvesting of forest crops and forested areas.

SLEEPING UNIT means one or more rooms used or intended to be used for living and sleeping on either a temporary or permanent basis, but specifically excludes [cooking facilities](#) unless otherwise specified.

SOFT-LANDSCAPING ELEMENTS means any combination of horticultural elements requiring growing medium, including natural grasses, ground covers such as perennials and natural turf, and shrubs and trees. [Soft-landscaping elements](#) do not include areas that have been [landscaped](#) without growing medium and plant materials which are predominately rock, artificial turf, rubberized surfacing, or other such hard surface treatments.

SOIL VOLUME means the volume of growing medium material required to support plant growth, as calculated to include any continuous growing medium reachable by a plant's roots to a minimum depth of 1.0 metre.

STORAGE, INDOOR means a building or group of buildings which may include lockers available for rent, used or intended to be used to store commercial, industrial, or household goods and materials of a non-hazardous nature.

STORAGE, OUTDOOR means the storage of equipment, goods, materials, and merchandise in the open air where such storage does not involve the erection of permanent [structures](#) or the material alteration of the existing state of the land.

STORAGE, WAREHOUSE means a building or group of buildings, used or intended to be used to store commercial or industrial goods and materials of a non-hazardous nature.

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STOREY means the portion of a building between the top of any floor and the top of the floor above it, and if there is no floor above it, the portion between the top of such floor and the ceiling above it. Any portion of a building having its ceiling 1.0 metres or less above **finished grade** will not be counted as a storey.

STRUCTURE means anything that is constructed, placed, erected, supported by, or sunk into land or water, but specifically excludes areas of hard surfacing such as concrete, brick or unit pavers, turfstone, asphalt, or similar materials.

UTILITIES means the provision of utilities for public consumption, benefit, or convenience, including water treatment, wastewater collection or treatment, stormwater collection or detention, irrigation, solid waste management, district heat, electric power, and telecommunications, including any buildings or **structures** ancillary to the principal utility use.

VETERINARY SERVICES means premises licensed as required under the *Veterinarians Act* to provide preventative, diagnostic, treatment, therapeutic, rehabilitative, medical, or surgical care to animals, which may include temporary shelter facilities for animals receiving overnight care but specifically excludes a **kennel**.

VILLAGE means the Corporation of the Village of Cumberland.

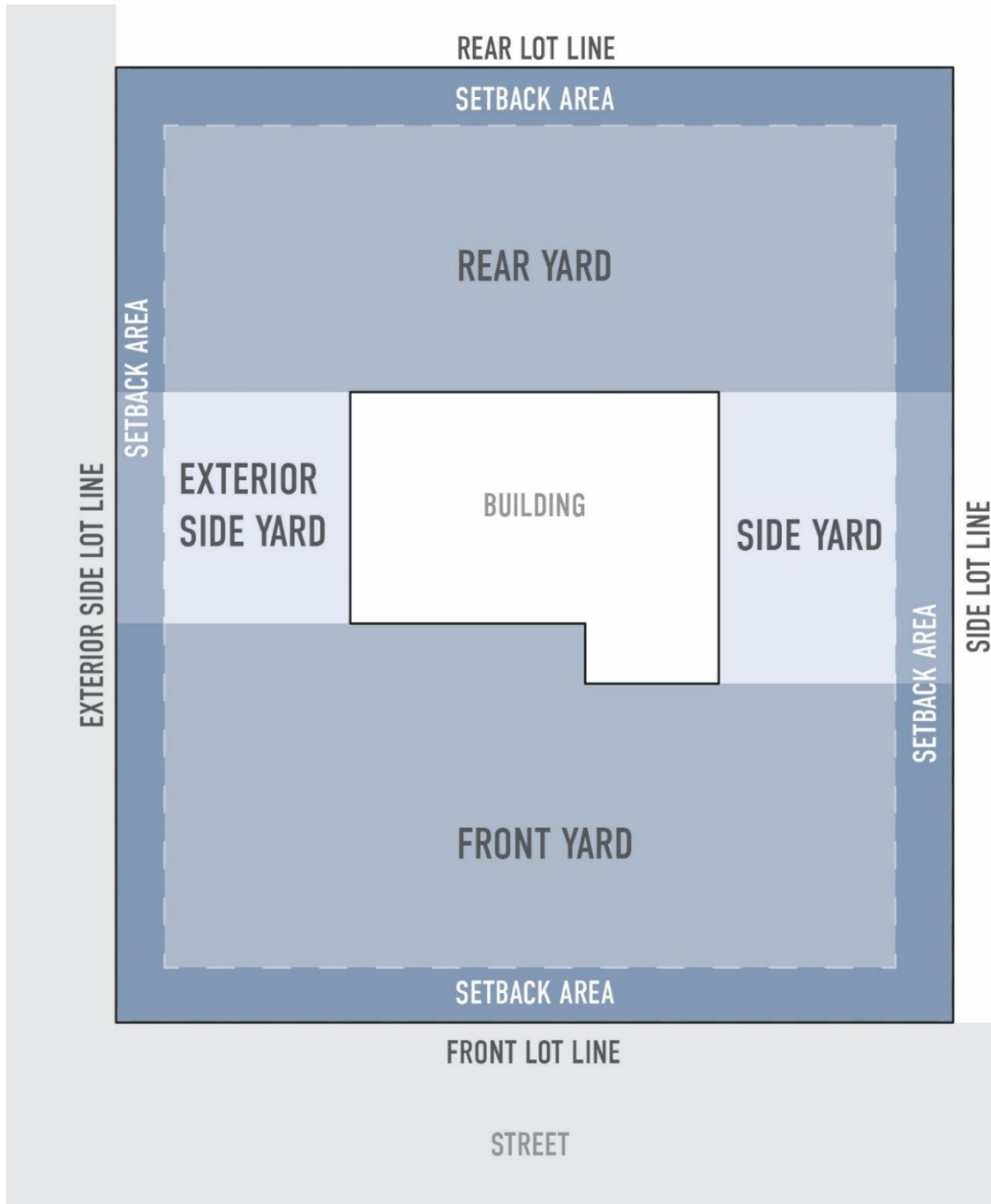
WHOLESALE SERVICES means premises used for the storage, sale, and distribution of goods, commodities, and merchandise to retail distributors, other wholesale distributors, or industrial, commercial, institutional, and professional business users.

WRECKING YARD means premises used for the collection, demolition, dismantlement, storage, salvage, recycling, or sale of waste materials including scrap metal, vehicles, machinery, and other discarded materials.

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YARD means the area on a lot between a lot line and the nearest wall or supporting member of a building or structure, extending across the full width of the lot in the case of a front or rear yard, and the full width of the building face in the case of a side yard.

Figure 4-9. Yards



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PART 5 GENERAL REGULATIONS

5.1 Uses Permitted in All Zones

- (1) The following uses, buildings, and **structures** are permitted in all zones:
- (a) **parks**, open space, **community gardens**, multi-use trails, and ecological reserves;
 - (b) **short- and long-term bicycle parking**;
 - (c) **renewable energy apparatuses**; and
 - (d) telecommunication towers and wires, traffic control devices, free-standing lightning poles, flag poles, and clock towers.

5.2 Uses Prohibited in All Zones

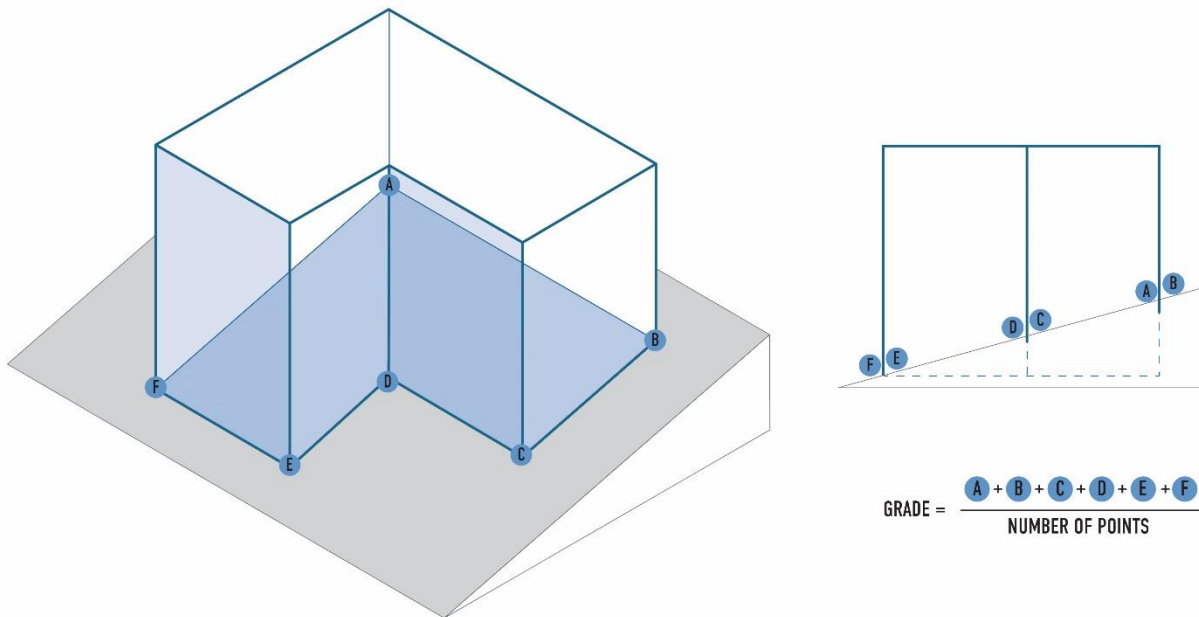
- (1) The following uses, buildings, and **structures** are prohibited in all zones:
- (a) a track for the racing of motor vehicles;
 - (b) **data centres**; and
 - (c) **drive through facilities**.

5.3 Development Standards

- (1) Where a zone establishes minimum **setback** regulations, no building or **structure** within that zone shall be placed, erected, constructed, sunk into, re-constructed, altered, or enlarged nearer to the **lot line** than the distance specified.
- (2) For certainty, all portions of a building or **structure**, whether located above or below **finished grade**, are subject to all **setbacks** for the zone in which it is located.
- (3) For the purposes of calculating **height**, grade shall be measured by averaging the elevation at any point at which the corner of a building or structure comes into contact with the surface of a lot, excluding any artificial mounds of earth or rocks placed at or near the face the building or **structure**, and excluding the minimum window well width and depth required by the British Columbia Building Code.

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Figure 5-1. Calculating Grade



- (4) Where a zone establishes maximum **height** regulations, no building or **structure** within that zone shall be placed, erected, constructed, sunk into, re-constructed, altered, or enlarged such that it exceeds the **height** specified.
- (5) Despite any other provision of this Bylaw, heating, ventilation and air conditioning equipment must be located to minimize their impact on adjacent **dwelling units** by avoiding proximity to windows and doors.

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5.4 Exemptions from Development Regulations

| Table 5.4(1) Exemptions from Development Regulations | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----|----------------|
| E = exempt -- = not exempt | | | | | |
| Exemptible Features | Setbacks | Height | GFA | FAR | Lot Coverage |
| Accessory buildings and structures | -- | -- | -- | -- | E ¹ |
| Arbours, trellises, and pergolas | n/a | -- | n/a | n/a | E |
| Areas used to house a building's mechanical and electrical systems | -- | E ² | -- | E | -- |
| Areas used to provide service access to a building | -- | -- | -- | E | -- |
| Bay windows, chimneys, headers, pilasters, and sills | E ³ | E ⁴ | -- | -- | E ⁵ |
| Belfries, domes, and spires | -- | E ² | -- | -- | -- |
| Breezeways | -- | -- | E | E | -- |
| Carports | -- | -- | E | E | -- |
| Common amenity areas including storage, laundry, recreational, and end-of-trip facilities | -- | -- | -- | E | -- |
| Courtyards, patios, sidewalks, and other hard surfacing | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | E |
| Cornices, eaves, and gutters | E ⁶ | -- | n/a | n/a | E ⁵ |
| Cranes | -- | E ² | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Enclosed parking areas, including ramps for vehicular access/egress | -- | -- | E | E | -- |
| Exterior features used to facilitate barrier-free access to a building or structure in accordance with the BC Building Code | E ⁷ | E ² | E | E | E |
| Exterior stairs | E ⁸ | E ⁹ | E | E | E |

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Table 5.4(1) Exemptions from Development Regulations

E = exempt

-- = not exempt

| Exemptible Features | Setbacks | Height | GFA | FAR | Lot Coverage |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| Farm stands | E | -- | E | E | -- |
| Fences and retaining walls | E | -- | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Flagpoles | n/a | E ² | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Guardrails | n/a | E | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Landscaping | E | -- | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Renewable energy apparatuses | -- | E ² | n/a | n/a | -- |
| Shared corridors, stairs, and elevator shafts | -- | E ¹⁰ | -- | E | -- |
| Stair and hose towers | -- | E ² | -- | E | -- |
| Telecommunications towers | -- | E ² | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Uncovered driveways, manoeuvring aisles, and parking and loading spaces | E | n/a | n/a | n/a | E |
| Unenclosed balconies, decks, porches, and verandas | -- | -- | E | E | E ¹¹ |
| Water towers or other such reservoirs | -- | E | n/a | n/a | E |

CONDITIONS [Table 5.4(1)]:

- ¹ One accessory building having less than 10.0 square metres of floor area may be exempt from the calculation of lot coverage.
- ² Such features are permitted to exceed the height regulations of this Bylaw up to an overall maximum height of 18.0 metres.
- ³ Bay windows, chimneys, headers, pilasters, and sills are permitted to project 0.6 metres into a required yard, provided such features do not exceed 40% of the length of each building frontage, per storey.
- ⁴ Chimneys are permitted to exceed the height regulations of this Bylaw up to an overall maximum height of 18.0 metres.
- ⁵ To be exempt from the calculation of lot coverage, bay windows, chimneys, headers, pilasters, sills, cornices, eaves cannot extend to grade level.
- ⁶ Cornices, eaves, and gutters are permitted to project 0.6 metres into a required yard.

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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 5.4(1) Exemptions from Development Regulations

E = exempt

-- = not exempt

| Exemptible Features | Setbacks | Height | GFA | FAR | Lot Coverage |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|--------------|
| 7 | Exterior features used to facilitate barrier-free access to a building or structure in accordance with the BC Building Code are permitted within a required yard, provided such features are sited no closer than 0.3 metres to any lot line. | | | | |
| 8 | Exterior stairs are permitted within a required front yard, exterior side yard, or rear yard. | | | | |
| 9 | Exterior stairs are permitted to exceed the height regulations of this Bylaw, provided such stairs are required to facilitate rooftop access. | | | | |
| 10 | Elevator shafts and their associated enclosures are permitted to exceed the height regulations of this Bylaw up to a maximum height of 18.0 metres. | | | | |
| 11 | To be exempt from the calculation of lot coverage, unenclosed balconies, decks, porches, and verandas must be at least 1.0 metre above finished grade and cantilevered. | | | | |

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| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 6 USE-SPECIFIC REGULATIONS

6.1 Accessory Buildings and Structures

- (1) Where expressly permitted in a zone, an **accessory** building or **structure** is only be permitted where a principal building, **structure**, or use has already been established, or is in the process of being established, on the same **lot**.
- (2) Despite **Section 6.1(1)**, one **accessory** building may be located on a **lot** where a principal building, **structure**, or use has not yet been established, provided:
 - (a) the **gross floor area** of the **accessory** building does not exceed 25.0 square metres; and
 - (b) the **accessory** building is only used for storage of non-hazardous materials.
- (3) No **accessory** building or **structure** can contain a **dwelling unit** or **sleeping unit**.
- (4) An **accessory** building or **structure** which is connected to a principal building or **structure** via **breezeway** is not be considered to comprise part of the principal building.

6.2 Cannabis Retail

- (1) A maximum of two **cannabis retail** establishments are permitted within the **Village**.
- (2) A maximum of one **cannabis retail** establishment is permitted per **lot**.
- (3) A **cannabis retail** establishment must be located a minimum of:
 - (a) 150.0 metres from any education service or care facility used to provide care, educational services, or supervision to children; and
 - (b) 50.0 metres from any other **cannabis retail** establishment.

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6.3 Caretaker Suites

- (1) The maximum **gross floor area** of a **caretaker suite** is 90.0 square metres.
- (2) Detached **caretaker suites** must be located within a rear **yard**.
- (3) Where a **caretaker suite** is integrated within a principal building, the **caretaker suite** must:
 - (a) be incidental to, and integrated with, such principal building, and must not be connected to the principal building via **breezeway** or other such unconditioned space;
 - (b) be located above or to the rear of the principal use associated with the **caretaker suite**; and
 - (c) have its own separate entrance.

6.4 Home Occupations

| Classification | | Description |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Minor | | Minor home occupations are intended to be operated solely within a dwelling unit . Aspects of business operations must not be detectable from outside the property. |
| Standard | | Standard home occupations are intended to be operated within a dwelling unit or accessory building . |
| Major | | Major home occupations are intended to be operated within a dwelling unit or accessory building . Home occupations under this classification can occupy additional floor area and employ more on-site, non-resident employees than other home occupation classification types. |
| Accommodation | Bed and Breakfast | Bed and Breakfast Accommodation home occupations are intended to be operated solely within a dwelling unit . |
| | Short-Term Rental | Short-Term Rental Accommodation home occupations are intended to be operated within a dwelling unit or secondary suite in accordance with provincial short-term rental regulation. |

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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 6.4(2) Home Occupation Regulations

| Criteria | Minor | Standard | Major | Accommodation | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | Bed and Breakfast | Short-Term Rental |
| Licensing Requirements | All home occupations must have a valid business licence issued by the Village of Cumberland. | | | | |
| Location | Must be conducted entirely within a dwelling unit. ¹ | Must be conducted within a dwelling unit or accessory building. | | Must be conducted entirely within a dwelling unit. | Must be conducted within a dwelling unit on the same lot as the dwelling unit in which the resident operator resides. ² |
| Maximum GFA | 20.0 m ² or 25% of the GFA of all buildings on the lot, whichever is less. ¹ | 50.0 m ² or 25% of the GFA of all buildings on the lot, whichever is less. | 100.0 m ² or 25% of the GFA of all buildings on the lot, whichever is less. | n/a | |
| Use of Outdoor Spaces | Must be conducted entirely within an enclosed building or structure. ³ | | | Side and rear yards may be used by guests of the accommodation home occupation. ⁴ | |
| Operator Restrictions | The home occupation must be operated by an individual whose principal residence is the dwelling unit associated with the home occupation. | | | | The home occupation must be operated by an individual whose principal residence is on the same lot as the dwelling unit associated with the home occupation and the principal resident is present. |

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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 6.4(2) Home Occupation Regulations

| Criteria | Minor | Standard | Major | Accommodation | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | Bed and Breakfast | Short-Term Rental |
| Employee Restrictions ⁵ | No non-resident employees. ¹ | A maximum of one non-resident employee. | A maximum of two non-resident employees. | No non-resident employees. | |
| Client / Guest Restrictions ⁶ | One client at any given time. ¹ | Two clients at any given time. ⁷ | | Two guests per sleeping unit, up to a maximum of two sleeping units. | Two guests per sleeping unit, up to a maximum of three sleeping units. |
| Nuisance Restrictions | No nuisance from noise, vibration, smoke, dust, odours, heat, glare, or electrical or radio disturbance can be produced by any home occupation, and, at all times, the privacy and enjoyment of adjacent properties must be preserved and in no instance must the home occupation adversely affect or interfere with the amenities of the surrounding neighbourhood. | | | | |
| Storage Restrictions | Outdoor storage or use of containers is not permitted. | | | | |
| Commercial Vehicle Restrictions | On-site parking of commercial vehicles larger than 5,500 kilograms gross vehicle weight is not permitted. ⁸ | | | | |
| Retail Sale Restrictions | The display and retail sale of goods is limited to goods that were produced or manufactured on-site incidentally to the home occupation, or goods produced or manufactured off-site which are directly related to the home occupation. In no instance must the display and sale of a good be the primary purpose of any home occupation. | | | | |
| Other Restrictions | A food catering business operating lawfully within a dwelling may establish additional cooking facilities, provided the installation of such facilities is required by the Health Authority. Should the home occupation cease, the additional cooking facilities must be removed and are in no instance to be used to establish an additional dwelling. | | | No accommodation home occupation can be operated on the same lot as a care facility. | |

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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 6.4(2) Home Occupation Regulations

| Criteria | Minor | Standard | Major | Accommodation | |
|----------|-------|----------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | Bed and Breakfast | Short-Term Rental |

CONDITIONS [Table 6.4(2)]:

- 1** Where there are two or fewer dwelling units on a lot, a home occupation may:
 - be conducted within a dwelling unit or accessory building;
 - occupy 50.0 m² or 25% of the GFA of all buildings on the lot, whichever is less;
 - employ a maximum of one non-resident employee; and
 - allow for a maximum of two clients at any given time.
- 2** No more than one dwelling unit per lot shall be used for a short-term rental accommodation home occupation.
- 3** The use of a side or rear yard is permitted for care facility home occupations only, subject to the screening requirements prescribed in Part 7 of this Bylaw.
- 4** Guest use of outdoor space is subject to the screening requirements prescribed in Part 7 of this Bylaw.
- 5** Employee restrictions are applicable only to persons who are employed in a home occupation which requires that the work be carried out in the dwelling unit or accessory building associated with the home occupation. There is no limit to the number of employees associated with a home occupation where non-resident employees work off-site.
- 6** There is no limit to the number of persons permitted at any given time for a child or community care facility home occupation, provided such facility holds a valid licence from the Health Authority.
- 7** A maximum of four clients are permitted at any given time for home occupations which are educational or instructional in nature, including but not limited to private music, dance, art, or tutoring classes.
- 8** No home occupation must cause goods or materials to be delivered to or from the dwelling associated with the home occupation in such a quantity as to require regular or frequent delivery by a commercial vehicle.

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6.5 Mobile Vending

- (1) Where expressly permitted in a zone, **mobile vending**:
- (a) must be located a minimum of 30.0 metres from any **food services** establishment, except where such establishment has provided written permission stating that the **mobile vendor** may be sited closer to its premises; and
 - (b) must be **setback** a minimum of 1.0 metre from all **lot lines**.

6.6 Refuse Disposal Facilities

- (1) Despite any other provision of this Bylaw, only the following uses may be located within 500.0 metres of a **refuse disposal facility**:
- (c) **automotive and equipment services, industrial**;
 - (d) **bulk fuel storage**;
 - (e) **compost facility**;
 - (f) **containers**;
 - (g) **fleet services facility**;
 - (h) **industrial, heavy**;
 - (i) **natural resource extraction**;
 - (j) **parking lot**;
 - (k) **recycling facility**;
 - (l) **sawmill**;
 - (m) **silviculture**;
 - (n) **storage, outdoor**;
 - (o) **storage, warehouse; and**
 - (p) **wrecking yard**.

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6.7 Secondary Suites

- (1) Where expressly permitted in a zone, a **secondary suite** must:
 - (a) be incidental to, and integrated with, a principal **dwelling unit**, and must not be connected to the principal **dwelling unit** via **breezeway**, garage, or other such unconditioned space; and
 - (b) have its own separate entrance.
- (2) A maximum of one **secondary suite** is permitted per principal **dwelling unit**.
- (3) No **secondary suite** can be subdivided from the principal **dwelling unit** under the *Strata Property Act*.

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6.8 Urban Agriculture

Table 6.8(1) Urban Agriculture Regulations

| Criteria | Small-Scale Production of Food and Farm Products | Keeping of Bees | Keeping of Poultry |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Siting Restrictions | n/a | | The keeping of poultry is only permitted in a rear yard. |
| Minimum Lot Area | n/a | 550.0 m ² | n/a |
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | All accessory buildings or structures used for urban agriculture must conform to the setbacks for accessory buildings and structures in each zone. | | |
| | The maximum height of any accessory building or structure used for urban agriculture is 3.5 metres. | | |
| | The maximum gross floor area of a greenhouse is 30.0 m ² . | A maximum of two hives and two nucs is permitted per lot. | Where opaque screening is provided, a coop and associated run may be located 0.0 metres from any lot line which abuts a lot in a non-Residential zone. |
| | | Hives must be equipped with adequate ventilation and water supply, and must be securely located to prevent accidental disturbance or damage. ¹ | Where opaque screening is not provided, a coop and associated run must be setback a minimum of 1.5 metres from all lot lines. |
| All hives must be setback a minimum of 6.0 metres from all sidewalks, highways, and lots in a Residential or Public Use zone. | | A coop and associated run must be setback a minimum of 4.5 metres from all lots in a Residential zone. | |

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Table 6.8(1) Urban Agriculture Regulations

| Criteria | Small-Scale Production of Food and Farm Products | Keeping of Bees | Keeping of Poultry |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Composting | On-site composting must not utilize any mechanized process, and must consist only of plant matter, plant-based materials, or animal manure. ² | | |
| | Where opaque screening is provided, on-site compost receptacles may be located 0.0 metres from any lot line. | | |
| | Where opaque screening is not provided, on-site compost receptacles must be located at least 3.0 metres from any lot line. | | |
| Food Processing Restrictions | Processing of food products produced on-site is prohibited unless in conjunction with an authorized home occupation. ³ | | |
| Nuisance Restrictions | No nuisance from noise, vibration, smoke, dust, odours, vermin, or visual disturbance can be produced by any urban agriculture activity, and, at all times, the privacy and enjoyment of adjacent properties must be preserved and in no instance must urban agriculture adversely affect or interfere with the amenities of the surrounding neighbourhood. | | |
| Retail Sale Restrictions | The display and retail sale of goods via farm stand is limited to crops or farm products produced on-site. | The sale of honey and other products associated with the keeping of bees must be limited to products produced on-site. | The sale of eggs, manure, and other products associated with the keeping of poultry is limited to products produced on-site. |
| | The maximum floor area of a farm stand is 5.0 square metres. | | |
| Storage Restrictions | No outdoor storage or use of containers are be permitted. | | |
| Other Restrictions | n/a | | A maximum of six female birds and zero male birds are permitted per lot. |

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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 6.8(1) Urban Agriculture Regulations

| Criteria | Small-Scale Production of Food and Farm Products | Keeping of Bees | Keeping of Poultry |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| CONDITIONS [Table 6.8(1)]: | | | |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 A “flyway barrier” comprised of a solid fence or dense hedge which is a minimum of 1.8 metres in height, must be placed, within 1.5 metres of the hive, along the side of the hive containing the hive’s entrance. The flyway barrier must extend 0.6 metres on either side of the hive. Where all hives are setback a minimum of 7.6 metres from all lot lines, or are located on a porch, balcony, or rooftop which is a minimum of 3.0 metres above finished grade and setback 1.5 metres from all lot lines, no flyway barrier is required. 2 Manure may be kept on-site in an enclosed receptacle, up to a maximum of 3.0 square metres. All manure must be disposed of at an appropriate refuse disposal facility. 3 On-site slaughter of poultry is prohibited. Any deceased poultry must be disposed of at an appropriate refuse disposal facility or through the services of a veterinarian. | | | |

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PART 7 LANDSCAPING AND SCREENING

7.1 General

- (1) Landscaping and screening regulations, including provisions for fencing, retaining walls, and visual clearance at intersections, are intended to:
 - (a) ensure a reasonable standard of livability, aesthetic, and placement of landscaping;
 - (b) protect and strengthen the Village's urban tree canopy;
 - (c) support a healthy and resilient environment through microclimate stabilization, improved on-site stormwater management, and habitat protection and enhancement in support of increased biodiversity; and
 - (d) mask or separate incompatible land uses.
- (2) All required landscaping installations, including associated irrigation, must meet or exceed the Canadian Landscape Standard (CLS).
- (3) All required landscaping installations must be regularly maintained by property owners to meet or exceed the Canadian Landscape Standard throughout the year.
 - (a) Required landscaping maintenance for plant material must include watering, mulching, pruning, fertilizing, liming, and tree support, as well as weed, pest, and disease control.
 - (b) Required landscaping maintenance for lawn and grass areas must include mowing, trimming, edging, aeration, and repairs such as regrading, reseeding, resodding, as well as weed, pest, and disease control.
- (4) All required landscaping installations must consider the Village of Cumberland's Urban Forest Management Plan for species recommendations and planting guidelines.

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7.2 Landscaping Requirements

- (1) The **landscaping** requirements prescribed in **Table 7.2(4)** and **Table 7.2(5)** are only applicable to development comprising one or more new **dwelling units**, including the demolition and replacement of one or more existing **dwelling units**.
- (2) Erosion control and protection measures must be used during all on-site construction to prevent the pollution, degradation, or siltation of natural areas, including vegetation and water courses.
- (3) Where construction works are proposed within 10.0 metres of an existing tree that is to be retained to meet the requirements prescribed in **Table 7.2(4)**, temporary protective **fencing** must be erected around the dripline of the tree, or at a minimum radius equal to 1.0 metre for every 1.0 centimetre of trunk diameter measured from 1.37 metres above **natural grade**, whichever is greater.
 - (a) Temporary protective **fencing** must remain in place for the duration of construction and must be clearly marked and maintained to prevent damage to the trunk, roots, and canopy of the tree.

| Table 7.2(4) Landscaping Regulations - Trees | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Criteria | Residential Zones | All Other Zones |
| Minimum Number of Trees ¹ | <p>≤ Three Dwelling Units: 1 tree per dwelling unit</p> <p>≥ Four Dwelling Units: 1 tree per 10.0 linear metres of landscape area ²</p> | 1 tree per 10.0 linear metres of landscape area ² |
| | A minimum of one tree is required per lot. | |
| Minimum Tree Size ³ | <p>Small Tree: expected mature canopy diameter of less than 6.0 metres</p> <p>Medium Tree: expected mature canopy diameter of 6.0 metres to 10.0 metres</p> <p>Large Tree: expected mature canopy diameter of greater than 10.0 metres</p> | |
| Minimum Tree Size Ratio | <p>Small Tree: maximum 25% of required trees</p> <p>Medium Tree: n/a</p> <p>Large Tree: minimum 50% of required trees</p> | |
| | Where only one tree is required, it must be a large tree or conifer. | |
| Minimum Deciduous Tree Caliper | <p>Small Tree: 3.0 cm</p> <p>Medium Tree: 4.0 cm</p> <p>Large Tree: 5.0 cm</p> | |

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| Table 7.2(4) Landscaping Regulations - Trees | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Criteria | Residential Zones | | All Other Zones |
| | The minimum vertical distance between grade and the tree's lowest limb is 1.5 metres for all deciduous trees. | | |
| Minimum Coniferous Tree Height | 2.5 m | | |
| Minimum Soil Volume Per Tree | | Single Tree | Shared ⁴ |
| | Small Tree | 15.0 m ³ | 10.0 m ³ |
| | Medium Tree | 18.0 m ³ | 12.0 m ³ |
| | Large Tree | 20.0 m ³ | 15.0 m ³ |
| Minimum Setback from Buildings or Structures | <p>Small Tree: 1.0 metre radius from centre of the tree</p> <p>Medium Tree: 2.0 metre radius from centre of the tree</p> <p>Large Tree: 3.0 metre radius from centre of the tree</p> | | |
| Tree Spacing | Minimum tree spacing must be based on site requirements for sightlines, accessibility, and standard planting practices for the selected tree species. | | |
| Overhead Interference | Required trees must be planted where overhead electrical power lines or other such objects will not interfere with their growth. | | |
| Exemptions | For development comprised of two or more two dwelling units , required trees may be accommodated within an irrigated boulevard. | Required trees may be accommodated within an irrigated boulevard. | |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 7.2(4)]:</p> <p>1 The minimum number of trees is inclusive of any existing trees on the lot that are to be retained, provided such trees meet all other landscaping regulations.</p> <p>2 The linear metre calculation is used to determine the minimum number of trees to be planted on the lot.</p> <p>3 Tree size must be determined based on the expected mature canopy spread under local growing conditions, as classified in the Species Recommendations included in the Village's Urban Forest Management Plan, planting plan, nursery tag, or published species information from a reputable source (e.g., BC Landscape & Nursery Association or Canadian Landscape Standard plant database). All columnar, fastigate, or dwarf cultivars are considered small or medium trees, regardless of their height, unless otherwise demonstrated through nursery specifications or arborist verification</p> <p>4 Soil volume may be shared amongst multiple plantings (trees, shrubs, etc.), provided continuous growing medium can be reached by the roots of such plantings.</p> | | | |

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| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
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| Table 7.2(5) Landscaping Regulations – All Other Requirements | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Criteria | Residential Zones | All Other Zones |
| Minimum Planting Requirements for Landscape Areas ¹ | 75% of all landscape areas must be planted with soft-landscaping elements. ² | 75% of all landscape areas must be planted with soft-landscaping elements. ^{3,4,5} |
| Minimum Planting Requirements for Tiered Retaining Walls | 100% of the horizontal area between each tier of a retaining wall must be planted with soft-landscaping elements. | |
| Minimum Landscaping for Parking Areas | <p>Parking Areas that Accommodate < 15 Vehicles: n/a</p> <p>Parking Areas that Accommodate ≥ 15 Vehicles: a contiguous, 1.5 metre wide landscape buffer planted with soft-landscaping elements shall be provided between the parking area and any abutting highways</p> | |
| | A minimum of one tree must be included in a landscape island. ⁶ | |
| | The maximum number of consecutive parking spaces is 15. A landscape buffer or drive aisle must separate the next 15 parking spaces. | |
| | Landscape buffers must be clearly delineated as separate and in addition to required parking and loading spaces. | |
| | Landscape buffers must be located such that loading and unloading vehicles can access the site without interference. | |
| Irrigation | All required landscaping installations must be equipped with a permanent, fully automatic, low-water requirement irrigation system. ⁷ | |
| | Run-off onto sidewalks, highways, or parking and loading areas is not permitted. | |
| Outdoor Lighting | Flashing or blinking exterior lighting is not permitted. | |
| | All direct or ambient lighting must have a DarkSky seal and be directed or shielded to ensure direct light rays do not shine beyond the boundaries of the lot. | |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 7.2(5)]:</p> <p>¹ Electrical transformers and driveways sited within the landscape area can be excluded from the total landscape area measurement used to calculate the minimum requirements for soft-landscaping elements.</p> <p>² There are no planting requirements for landscape areas on lots where large trees have been planted in the boulevard.</p> <p>³ There are no planting requirements for landscape areas on lots where required trees have been wholly accommodated within the boulevard.</p> | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 7.2(5) Landscaping Regulations – All Other Requirements

| Criteria | Residential Zones | All Other Zones |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 4 | For lots abutting the Inland Island Highway, a landscape area comprising the first 30.0 metres from the lot line abutting the Inland Island Highway must be 100% planted with soft-landscaping elements. | |
| 5 | For lots abutting Minto Road, a landscape area comprising the first 10.0 metres from the lot line abutting Minto Road must be 100% planted with soft-landscaping elements. | |
| 6 | The minimum number of trees required within parking islands is in addition to the minimum number of trees required for all development. Where applicable, trees in adjacent parking islands may share soil volume with an adjacent landscape area to meet the minimum trenched/shared soil volume amounts, provided no tree is counted twice when determining whether the overall tree requirements of a lot have been achieved. | |
| 7 | Areas of existing, undisturbed, native vegetation which wholly or partially achieve the landscaping requirements, as well as areas specifically designed as xeriscape or with drought resistant native species planting are exempt from requiring a permanent, fully automatic, low-water requirement irrigation system, provided the applicant demonstrates how the vegetation will be established and maintained. | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

7.3 Landscape Screens

| Table 7.3(1) Landscape Screen Standards | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Type | Minimum Height | Maximum Height |
| Existing vegetation which provides a complete and permanent visual screen | 2.0 m | n/a |
| Continuous row of native, drought-tolerant plants | 2.0 m ¹ | n/a |
| Solid, opaque fence or brick or stone wall | 1.8 m | 2.0 m |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 7.3(1)]:</p> <p>¹ The minimum height at the time of planting is 1.0 metres.</p> | | |

- (2) All required landscape screens must be regularly maintained by property owners to ensure a healthy, neat, and orderly appearance throughout the year.
- (a) Required maintenance for vegetative landscape screens includes watering, fertilizing, liming, pruning, and removal of dead or diseased plant material, as well as weed, pest, and disease control.
- (b) Required maintenance for non-vegetative landscape screens includes structural repairs or replacements, aesthetic improvements such as painting or refinishing, and clearing of litter and other such debris.
- (3) Except where otherwise specified in this Bylaw, all required landscape screens must be continuous except to accommodate access/egress to or from the screened area.
- (4) No landscape screen in any zone other than the **Industrial Refuse (R-3)** zone can be comprised of or contain barbed wire, razor wire, electrified wire, sheet metal, or plywood.

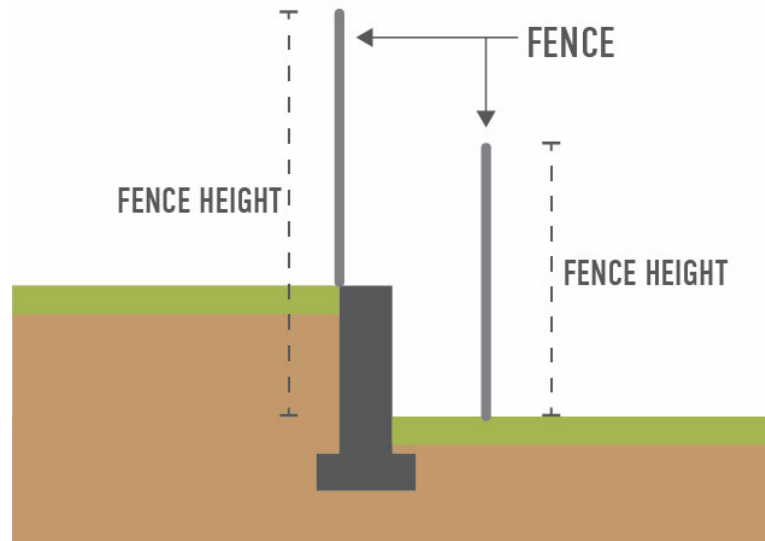
| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 7.3(5) Landscape Screen Regulations | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Criteria or Use | Residential Zones | Industry Zones | All Other Zones |
| Adjacent Zones | - | A fence must be provided along all lot lines that abut a lot in a non-Industry zone. | - |
| Dwelling Units | A landscape screen must be provided along all rear and interior side lot lines. ¹ Receptacles used for waste management must be screened from adjacent properties. ² | n/a | n/a |
| Bulk Fuel Storage | n/a | A fence must be provided around all yards used for bulk fuel storage. | n/a |
| Care Facilities | A landscape screen must be provided around all rear and side yards used for a care facility. | n/a | A landscape screen must be provided around all rear and side yards used for a care facility that abuts a lot in a Residential zone. |
| Home Occupations | A landscape screen must be provided around all rear or side yards used for an accommodation home occupation. | n/a | n/a |
| HVAC Equipment | A landscape screen must be provided around any heating, ventilation, and air conditioning equipment located within 3.0 metres of a window or door of a dwelling unit on an adjacent lot. | | |
| Outdoor Storage | A landscape screen must be provided around all yards used for outdoor storage. | | |
| Wrecking Yards | n/a | A fence must be provided around all wrecking yards. | n/a |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 7.3(5)]:</p> <p>¹ Screening requirements only apply where there are two or more detached dwelling units on a lot.</p> <p>² Screening requirements only apply where there are three or more attached dwelling units on a lot.</p> | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

- (6) The height of a fence is determined by measuring the vertical distance between the highest point of the fence and finished grade, and, where such fence is constructed on top of a retaining wall, must include the height of such retaining wall (see Figure 7-1).

7-1. Fence Height



| Table 7.3(7) Fence Standards | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Zone(s) | | Minimum Fence Height | Maximum Fence Height |
| Residential and Mixed-Use | Front Yard | - | 1.2 m ¹ |
| | All Other Yards | - | 2.0 m ¹ |
| Rural and Public Use | All Yards | - | 2.0 m ¹ |
| Industry | All Yards | 2.5 m | 3.5 m ¹ |
| Interchange | All Yards | - | 2.0 m ¹ |

CONDITIONS [Table 7.3(7)]:

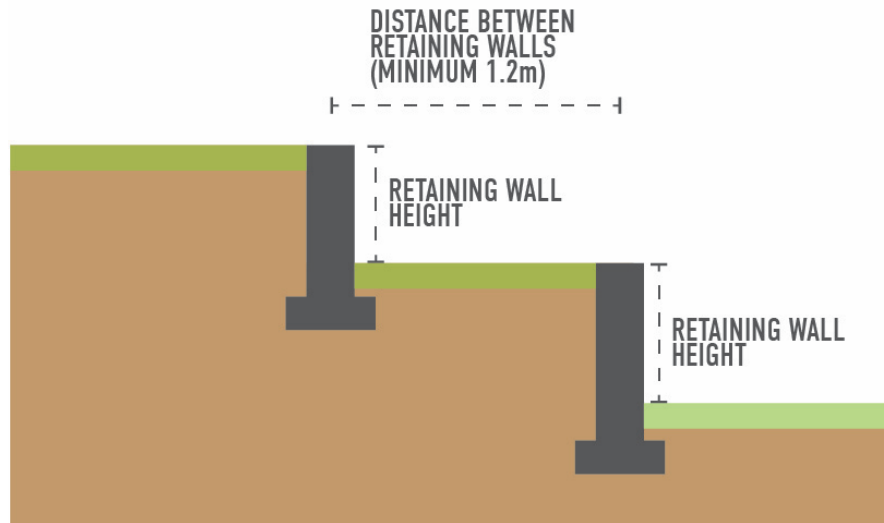
¹ The maximum height of a fence erected on a lot which abuts a neighbouring lot where the finished grade is higher than that of subject lot, is 3.0 metres, provided the fence does not protrude more than 2.0 metres above the finished grade of the neighbouring lot (see Figure 7-1).

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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7.4 Retaining Walls

- (1) The **height** of a **retaining wall** is determined by measuring the vertical distance between the highest point of the **retaining wall** and **finished grade** on the lower side (see **Figure 7-2**).

7-2. Retaining Walls

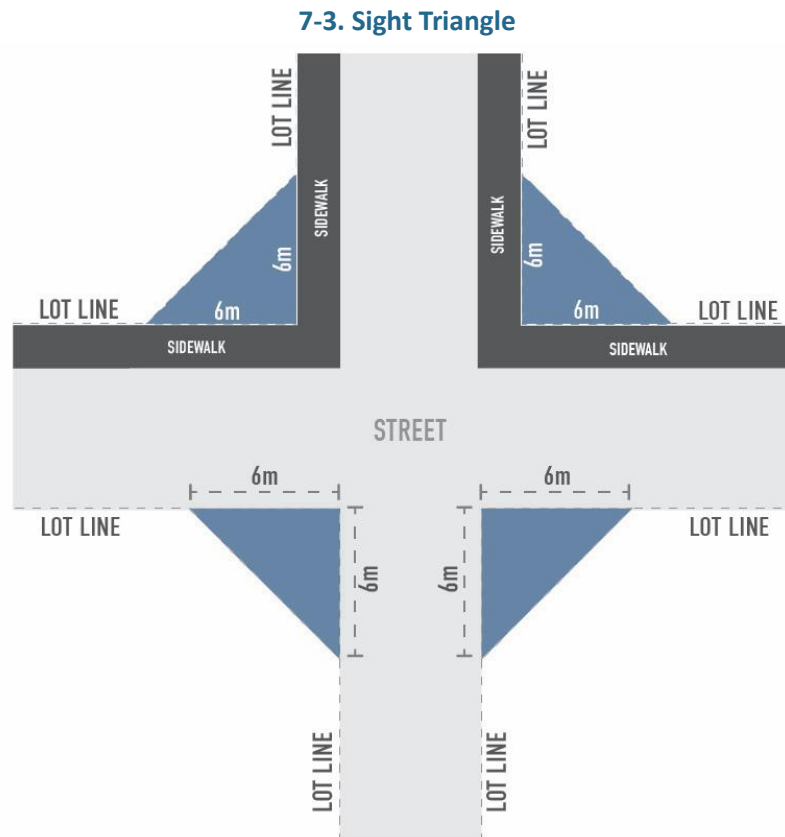


- (2) No **retaining wall** can exceed 1.2 metres, except as required as a condition of subdivision approval or development permit or where constructed in accordance with a professional design by a qualified professional engineer, up to a maximum **height** of 3.0 metres.
- (3) The maximum **height** of a **retaining wall** erected on a **lot** which abuts a neighbouring **lot** where the **finished grade** is higher than that of subject **lot** must not exceed 2.0 metres above the **finished grade** of the neighbouring **lot**.
- (4) No **retaining wall** exceeding 1.2 metres in **height** can be sited within 1.2 metres measured horizontally from another **retaining wall**.
- (5) The maximum number of **retaining wall** tiers that may be constructed without a professional design by a professional engineer is two, up to a maximum total **height** of 2.4 metres.
- (6) The maximum number of **retaining wall** tiers that may be constructed with a professional design by a professional engineer is two, up to a maximum total **height** of 3.0 metres.
- (7) **Retaining walls** constructed using lock blocks are permitted in all zones, provided:
- the **retaining wall** does not exceed 1.2 metres in **height**; and
 - the **retaining wall** is not located within an exterior side **yard**.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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7.5 Visual Clearance at Intersections

- (1) On any **corner lot**, no building, structure, fence, retaining wall, landscaping, screening, or other such object can be placed, planted, erected, sunk into, or constructed within the area formed by measuring 6.0 metres along the edge of the two adjoining property boundaries from the point of highway intersection and joining these points on the diagonal, as illustrated in **Figure 7-3**.



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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PART 8 SIGNAGE

8.1 Third Party Signs

- (1) **Third party advertising signs** of any type, with the exception of public service and community announcements where signage is otherwise permitted, are not permitted on any **lot** or **structure**.

8.2 Home Occupation Signs

- (1) The regulations in this section apply to all **signs** associated with a **home occupation**.
- (a) maximum number of **signs** per **home occupation**: 1
- (b) a minor, standard, or major **home occupation sign** is subject to the following regulations:
- i. must only be in the physical form of a **fascia sign**, a **freestanding sign**, or a **sign** attached to a **fence**;
 - ii. must only be permitted for a **home occupation** holding a valid business licence;
 - iii. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 1.5 square metres; and
 - iv. maximum **height** of a **freestanding sign** must not exceed 1.5 metres.
- (c) an accommodation **home occupation** must have one **sign** with the name of the accommodation **home occupation** and contact information for the operator posted on or adjacent to the **dwelling unit** where the accommodation **home occupation** is located, subject to the following regulations:
- i. must only be in the physical form of a **fascia sign** or a **freestanding sign**;
 - ii. is only permitted for a **bed and breakfast accommodation** or **short-term rental accommodation home occupation** holding a valid business licence;
 - iii. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 1.5 square metres;
 - iv. maximum **height** of a **freestanding sign** must not exceed 1.5 metres; and
 - v. any **sign** illumination must be exterior, from the front, and downcast.

8.3 All Other Signs

- (1) The regulations in this section apply to all **signs** located on **lot** not in a **Residential** zone.
- (a) **Signs** pertaining to the commercial component(s) of a mixed-use development must only be located on those portions of the **lot** and building that contain the commercial component.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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- (b) The following **sign** types are permitted, up to a combined maximum of two **signs** per business:
- i. one **fascia sign**, subject to the following regulations:
 - a. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 0.5square metres per linear metres/feet of wall length of the **business frontage** to which the **sign** is affixed;
 - b. must have a minimum clearance of 2.4 metres if projection is more than 77.0 millimetres from the façade;
 - c. must not project more than 0.3 metres from the face of the wall; and
 - d. the **sign** must only be located on the wall of the building containing the business premises to which the **sign** refers.
 - ii. one **awning sign**, subject to the following regulations:
 - a. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 2.0 square metres;
 - b. must not project more than 77.0 millimetres from the surface of the awning; and
 - c. minimum vertical clearance of an awning from the nearest **finished grade** must be 2.4 metres.
 - iii. one **canopy sign**, subject to the following regulations:
 - a. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 2.0 square metres.
 - iv. one **hanging sign**, subject to the following regulations:
 - a. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 2.0 square metres;
 - b. minimum clearance must not be less than 2.4 metres ; and
 - c. must not have a vertical dimension which exceeds 0.6 metres .
 - v. one **freestanding sign**, subject to the following regulations:
 - a. maximum **height** must not exceed 4.0 metres ; and
 - b. maximum **sign area** must not exceed 4.0 square metres.
- (c) Sign illumination for new signs must be exterior, from the front, and downcast.
- i. Internally illuminated signs may include halo lighting or direct back lighting for individual letters and logos only.
- (d) Signs equipped with flashing, oscillating, or moving lights or beacons are discouraged.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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PART 9 PARKING AND LOADING

9.1 General

- (1) Except as otherwise specified in this Bylaw, off-street parking and loading spaces must be provided and maintained for any development, including new development, a change of use associated with an existing development, and the expansion of an existing development.
- (2) **Parking spaces** must not be credited as loading spaces or vice versa.
- (3) No parking or loading space required by this Bylaw must be used for access or egress, a **driveway** or other such **manoeuvring aisle**, commercial repair work, displays, or the sale or storage of goods of any kind.
- (4) No parking or loading space required by this Bylaw can interfere with or obstruct any **landscaping** or screening installations prescribed in **Part 7** of this Bylaw.

9.2 Cash-in-Lieu

- (1) A property owner may pay to the **Village** a sum of money equal to the number of required spaces not provided multiplied by the applicable cash-in-lieu amount prescribed in **Table 9.2(2)** and **Table 9.2(5)**.

| Table 9.2(2) Cash-in-Lieu Amounts per Parking Space, per Type of Required Parking | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Area | Conventional Parking | Visitor Parking | Courtesy Parking | Electric Vehicle Parking |
| Village Core Parking Area | n/a | | | |
| All Other Areas | \$10,000.00 per space ¹ | \$10,000.00 per space ² | \$10,000.00 per space ² | \$24,900.00 per space ² |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 9.2(3)]:</p> <p>¹ Cash-in-lieu may be provided for 100% of the required parking spaces associated with non-residential uses and a maximum of 30% of the required parking spaces associated with residential uses.</p> <p>² A minimum of one parking space must be provided wherever more than one such parking space is required.</p> | | | | |

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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 9.2(3) Cash-in-Lieu Amounts for Bicycle Parking and End-of-Trip Facilities | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Zone | Short-Term Bicycle Parking | Long-Term Bicycle Parking | End-of-Trip Facilities |
| Village Core Parking Area | \$500.00 per space ¹ | \$1,500.00 per space ¹ | n/a |
| All Other Zones | \$250.00 per space ² | \$750.00 per space ² | |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 9.2(5)]:</p> <p>¹ Cash-in-lieu will be accepted for a maximum of 50% of all required short-term and long-term bicycle parking spaces.</p> <p>² Cash-in-lieu will be accepted for a maximum of 70% of all required short-term and long-term bicycle parking spaces.</p> | | | |

9.3 Location, Siting, Dimension, and Design Standards

- (1) Except as otherwise specified in this Bylaw, all parking and loading spaces must be located on the same lot as the building, structure, or use which they serve.
- (2) Despite Section 9.3(1), conventional or small vehicle parking spaces may be provided on a separate lot located within 120.0 metres of the lot on which the building, structure, or use which they serve is located, provided the following conditions are met:
 - (a) the building, structure, or use requiring the spaces is not on a lot within a Residential zone;
 - (b) the use requiring the spaces is not residential or residential-related;
 - (c) parking lot is a permitted use on the lot; and
 - (d) pursuant to Section 219 of the Land Title Act, a restrictive covenant is registered on the title of the lot to limit the use of all or a portion of said lot to the provision of parking spaces in accordance with the parking space requirements of this Bylaw.
- (3) All parking and loading spaces must have unobstructed access/egress to a highway via driveway, manoeuvring aisle, or lane.
- (4) Except in Residential zones, no individual parking or loading space can have direct access/egress to a highway.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
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- (5) No parking or loading space can be located within 1.0 metre of a highway.

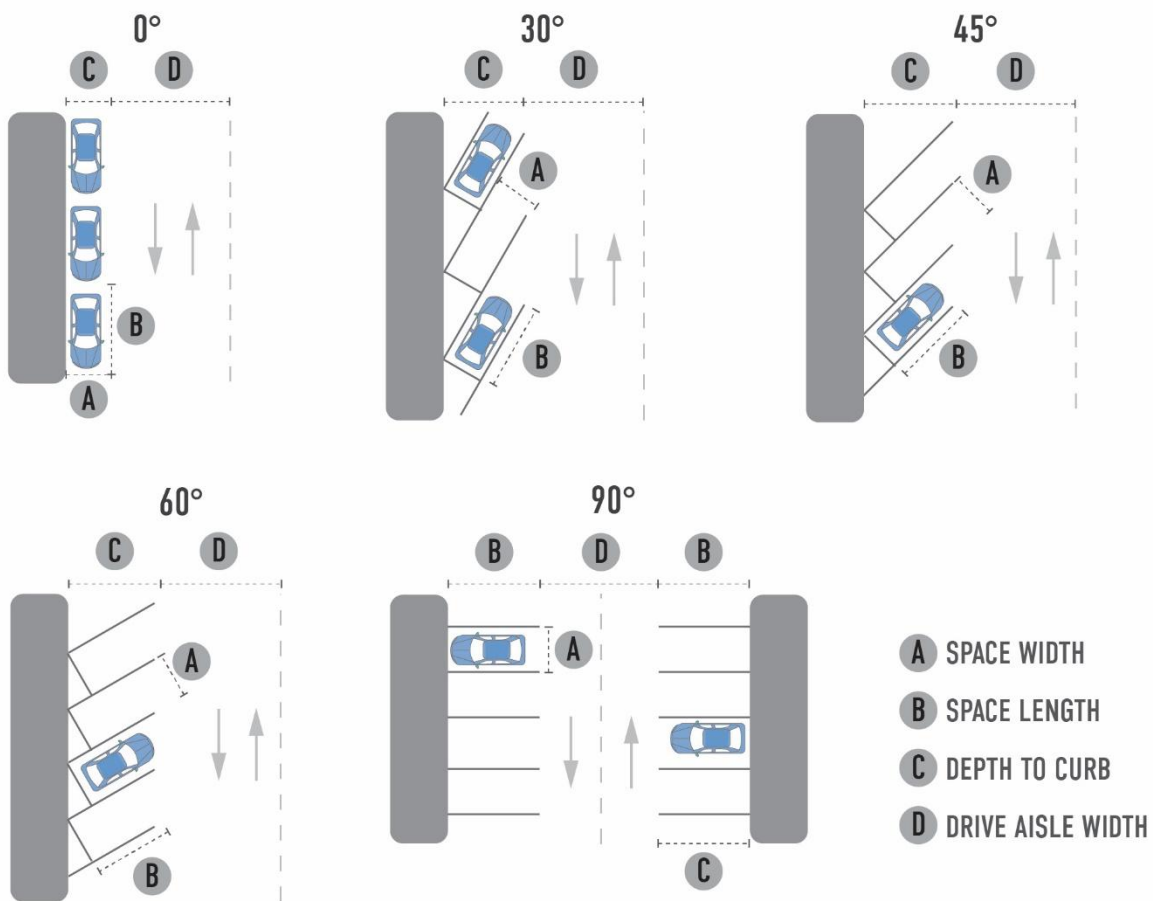
| Table 9.3(6) Minimum Dimensions for Conventional Parking Spaces ¹ | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Parking Angle | Width | Length | Depth to Curb | Drive Aisle Width ² |
| 0° (parallel parking) | 2.6 m | 7.0 m | 2.6 m | 3.7 m (one-way) |
| 30° | 2.6 m | 5.5 m | 5.2 m | 3.7 m (one-way) |
| 45° | 2.6 m | 5.5 m | 5.7 m | 3.7 m (one-way) |
| 60° | 2.6 m | 5.5 m | 6.0 m | 6.1 m (one-way) |
| 90° | 2.6 m ³ | 5.5 m ³ | 5.5 m ³ | 7.0 m (two-way) ⁴ |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.3(6)]:

- ¹ The minimum dimension requirements of a conventional parking space are applicable to all required courtesy parking spaces, electric vehicle (EV) parking spaces, small-vehicle parking spaces, tandem parking spaces, and visitor parking spaces.
- ² Minimum drive aisle width dimensions are applicable to any drive aisle used to access any type of parking or loading space.
- ³ For a small vehicle parking space, the minimum width is 2.4 metres and the minimum length and depth to curb is 4.5 metres. Small vehicle parking spaces provided at any other angle must be designed by a professional engineer.
- ⁴ Where parking spaces are provided in a single row, the minimum drive aisle width is 6.75 metres.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

9-1. Parking Lot Configurations



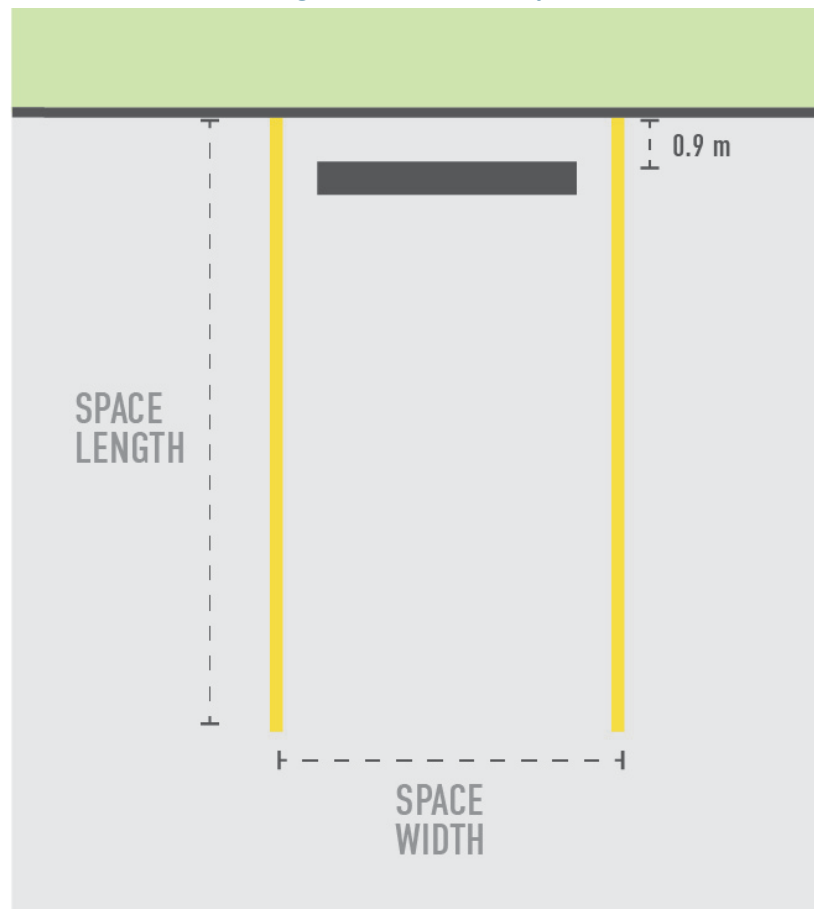
- (7) Dimensional requirements for parking and loading spaces and associated drive aisles must be clear of obstructions, including but not limited to columns, lot lines, curbs, landscape islands, walls, pipes, roof features, fences, and emergency exit areas. All parking or loading space measurements must be taken from the inside of any adjacent obstructions.

- (a) Where a parking or loading space abuts an obstruction, the width of such space must:
- be an additional 0.2 metres where there is an obstruction abutting just one side;
 - be an additional 0.5 metres where there is an obstruction abutting either side; and
 - be an additional 0.8 metres wider where the parking space abuts a doorway.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

- (8) Except in the Large Lot Residential (R-3) zone, every required parking and loading space, including areas used for access and egress, must:
- have a durable, dust-free hard surface of concrete, asphalt, or semi-permeable material such as porous pavers, cobblestones, turf block, and honeycomb grid, constructed such that surface drainage is directed to an approved on- or off-site stormwater drainage system;
 - not exceed a maximum grade of 8%;
 - have fencing, curbs, or secured wheel stops to prevent vehicles from encroaching upon lot lines; and
 - where there is no fencing or curb between a required parking or loading space and an abutting pedestrian walkway, sidewalk, or highway, a secured wheel stop that is 0.15 metres in height must be installed 0.9 metres from the abutting pedestrian walkway, sidewalk, or highway (Figure 9-2).

Figure 9-2. Wheel Stops



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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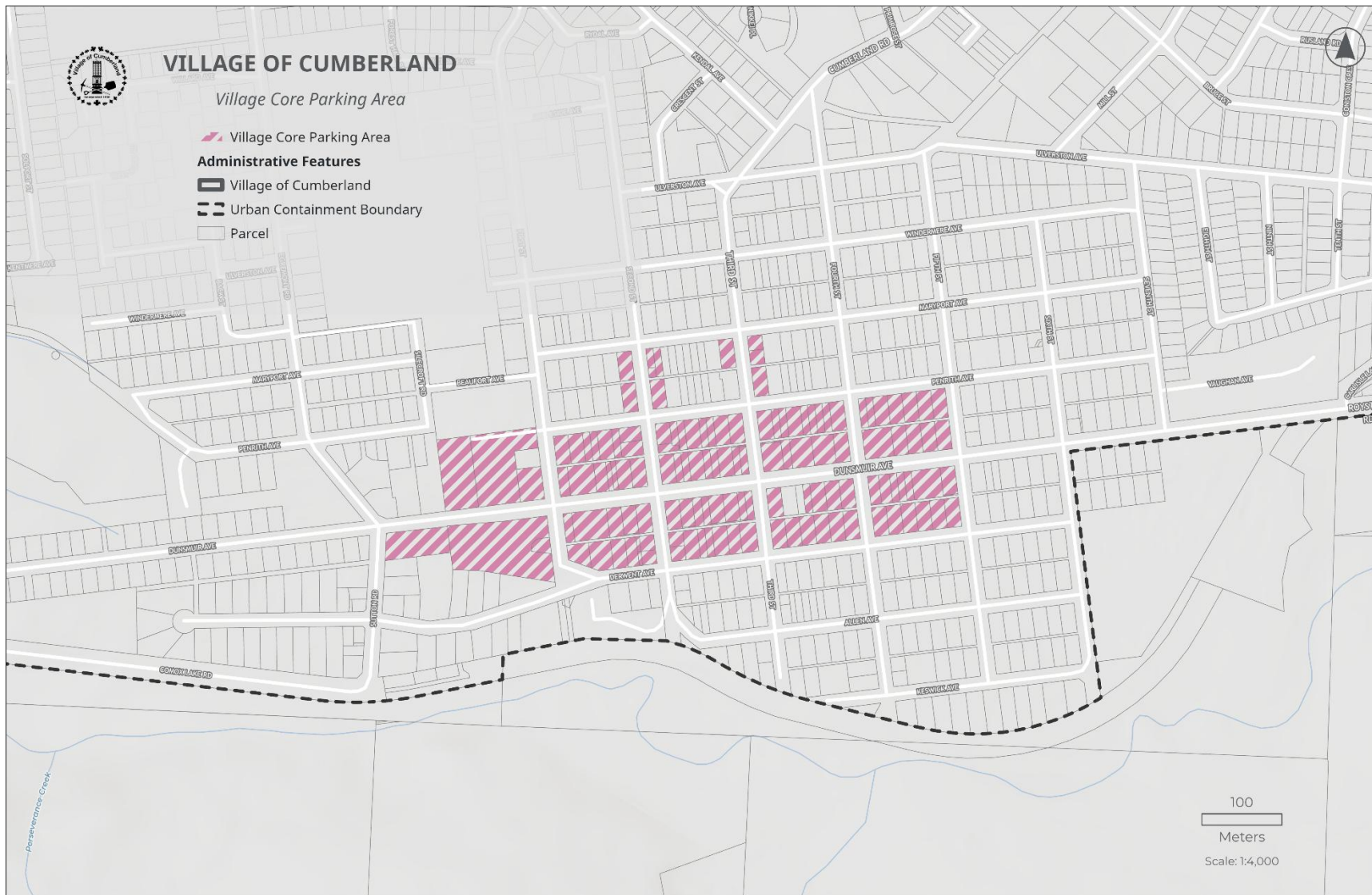
- (9) Every parking and loading area required to accommodate five or more vehicles, including areas used for access and egress, must:
- (a) clearly delineate individual **parking spaces**, **loading spaces**, **barrier-free parking spaces**, **courtesy parking spaces**, **electric vehicle parking spaces**, **manoeuvring aisles**, entrances, and exits with pavement markings, signage, or other physical means in accordance with the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Canada (MUTCDC);
 - (b) be designed to allow forward access/egress directly to an abutting **highway** from the **lot** on which the parking or loading area is located; and
 - (c) be illuminated using DarkSky compliant lighting which is directed or shielded to ensure direct light rays do not shine beyond the boundaries of the **lot**.

9.4 Parking and Loading Requirements

- (1) Parking and **loading spaces** must be provided in accordance with the number of parking and **loading spaces** required for a specific use as specified in **Table 9.4.1(1)** for the **Village Core (Figure 9-3)** and **Table 9.4.1(2)** for all other areas.
- (2) Parking and **loading spaces** for **secondary** uses must be provided in addition to the parking and **loading spaces** required for principal uses.
- (3) Where multiple uses are established on a single **lot** or a **parking area** collectively serves multiple uses established on a single **lot**, the total number of required parking and **loading spaces** must be the sum of the parking and loading requirements for each use calculated separately.
- (4) Where a specific use is not listed, the parking and loading requirements applicable to the use which is most comparable in character and purpose apply.
- (5) For existing uses which have been lawfully established on a **lot**, the number of required parking and **loading spaces** is the lesser of:
 - (a) the number of parking and **loading spaces** existing on the **lot** at the time that this Bylaw was adopted, provided such spaces satisfied the applicable regulations at the time that the uses were established; or
 - (b) the number of parking and **loading spaces** applicable to the existing uses in accordance with the regulations of this **Part**.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
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Figure 9-3. Village Core Parking Area



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
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9.4.1 Conventional Parking

| Table 9.4.1(1) Parking Requirements – Village Core | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Use | | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
| RESIDENTIAL AND RESIDENTIAL-RELATED USES | | | |
| Principal Dwelling Units | One detached dwelling unit | 1.0 space per dwelling unit | |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | 0.8 spaces per dwelling unit | 1.2 spaces per dwelling unit |
| Secondary Dwelling Units | Secondary Suites | 1.0 space per dwelling unit | |
| Home Occupation | Minor | n/a | n/a |
| | Short-Term Rental Accommodation | | 0.6 spaces per sleeping unit |
| ALL OTHER USES | | | |
| Care Facility, Child | | n/a | |
| Care Facility, Community | | n/a | |
| Cultural and Community Services | | n/a | |
| Education Services | | n/a | |
| Entertainment Facility | | n/a | |
| Farmer's Market | | n/a | |
| Food Services | | n/a | |
| Health Services | | n/a | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 9.4.1(1) Parking Requirements – Village Core | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
| Hostel Hotel Motel | 0.8 spaces per sleeping unit, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses | 1.5 spaces per sleeping unit, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses |
| Licensed Premises | n/a | |
| Mobile Vending | n/a | |
| Personal Services | n/a | |
| Production Facility, Alcohol | n/a | |
| Professional Services, Internal-Facing | n/a | |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing | n/a | |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | n/a | |
| Retail, Cannabis | n/a | |
| Retail Sales | n/a | |
| Storage, Outdoor | n/a | |
| Veterinary Services | n/a | |

| Table 9.4.1(2) Parking Requirements – All Other Areas | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
| RESIDENTIAL AND RESIDENTIAL-RELATED USES | | |
| One detached dwelling unit | 1.0 space per dwelling unit | 2.0 spaces per dwelling unit |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 9.4.1(2) Parking Requirements – All Other Areas | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Use | | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
| Principal Dwelling Units | Two attached dwelling units | 0.9 spaces per dwelling unit | 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | | |
| | Manufactured homes ¹ | 1.0 space per dwelling unit | 2.0 spaces per dwelling unit |
| Secondary Dwelling Units | Secondary suites ² | 1.0 space per dwelling unit | |
| | Caretaker suites | | |
| Care Facility, Licence-Not-Required | | n/a | |
| Home Occupation | Minor | n/a | |
| | Standard | 1.0 space per non-resident on-site employee | |
| | Major | | |
| | Bed and Breakfast Accommodation | 0.6 spaces per sleeping unit | |
| | Short-Term Rental Accommodation | 0.6 spaces per sleeping unit | |
| ALL OTHER USES | | | |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Light | | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Industrial | | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Bulk Fuel Storage | | n/a | |
| Campground | | 1.0 space per campsite | n/a |
| Care Facility, Child | | 1.0 space per 8 children of capacity or 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, whichever is lesser | n/a |
| Care Facility, Community | | 1.0 space per 8 persons of capacity | n/a |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.4.1(2) Parking Requirements – All Other Areas

| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Cemetery | n/a | 0.5 spaces per 500.0 m ² of lot area |
| Compost Facility | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Cultural and Community Services | 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Education Services | 1.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Emergency and Protective Services | 4.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Entertainment Facility | 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 5.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Farmer's Market | n/a | 3.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of lot area |
| Fleet Services Facility | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 1.0 space per fleet vehicle ³ | n/a |
| Food Services | 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Gas Station | 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Health Services | 4.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 5.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Hostel Hotel Motel | 1.0 space per sleeping unit, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses | 1.5 spaces per sleeping unit, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.4.1(2) Parking Requirements – All Other Areas

| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Industrial, Heavy | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Industrial, Light | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses |
| Kennel | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Licensed Premises | 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Mobile Vending | n/a | |
| Natural Resource Extraction | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas and offices for administrative or technical support | n/a |
| Park | n/a | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of lot area |
| Personal Services | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Plant Nursery | 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 5.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Production Facility, Alcohol | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses | 1.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus parking space requirements of any ancillary uses |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.4.1(2) Parking Requirements – All Other Areas

| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Production Facility, Cannabis | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Professional Services, Internal-Facing | 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing | 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | 7.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | n/a |
| Recreation Services, Outdoor | n/a | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of lot area |
| Recycling Facility | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Refuse Disposal Facility | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Retail, Cannabis | 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.4.1(2) Parking Requirements – All Other Areas

| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Retail Sales | 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 5.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Sawmill | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | n/a |
| Silviculture | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas and offices for administrative or technical support | n/a |
| Storage, Indoor | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Storage, Outdoor | n/a | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Storage, Warehouse | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Use | Minimum Number of Parking Spaces | Maximum Number of Parking Spaces |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Veterinary Services | 2.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 3.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Wholesale Services | 0.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 2.5 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area, plus 3.0 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| Wrecking Yard | n/a | 1.0 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area devoted to ancillary activities such as reception areas, offices for administrative or technical support, indoor display, and retail sales |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.1(2)]:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ¹ In the Manufactured Home Park Residential (R-MHP) zone, the minimum number of parking spaces is 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit. ² Parking requirements for secondary suites are in addition to the parking requirements for the associated principal dwelling unit. ³ Where fleet vehicles exceed a gross vehicle weight of 5,500 kilograms, parking spaces must meet the minimum dimensions for recreational vehicle and bus parking spaces prescribed in Table 9.4.6(1). | | |

9.4.2 Barrier-Free Parking

| Type of Barrier-Free Parking Space | Width | Length | Height Clearance ¹ | Side Access Aisle Width |
|------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Conventional | 3.1 m | 5.5 m | 2.75 m | 1.5 m ² |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.4.2(1) Minimum Dimensions for Barrier-Free Parking Spaces

| Type of Barrier-Free Parking Space | Width | Length | Height Clearance ¹ | Side Access Aisle Width |
|------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Van-Accessible | 3.9 m | 5.8 m | | |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.2(1)]:

- ¹ Refers to the minimum clearance that must be provided between the surface of the barrier-free parking space and the underside of any obstruction located directly above such parking space.
- ² Two adjacent barrier-free parking spaces may share a single side access aisle.

- (2) Barrier-free parking spaces must be provided as a function of the total number of required parking spaces prescribed in Table 9.4.1(1) and Table 9.4.1(2), regardless of whether a property owner has opted to provide cash-in-lieu for some or all required parking spaces.

Table 9.4.2(3) Barrier-Free Parking Requirements

| Total Number of Required Parking Spaces | Minimum Number of Barrier-Free Parking Spaces ¹ |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 – 4 | 0 ² |
| 5 – 10 | 1 |
| 11 – 20 | 2 |
| > 20 | 10% of all spaces ³ |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.2(3)]:

- ¹ Barrier-free parking spaces are included in the total number of required parking spaces. For example: where a development must provide five parking spaces, the total number of required parking spaces is five, one of which must be a barrier-free parking space.
- ² One barrier-free parking space per dwelling unit within a residential building must be constructed to the CSA/ASC B652:23 standard for Accessible Dwellings.
- ³ Where three or more barrier-free parking spaces are required, one such space must achieve the minimum dimensions of a van-accessible barrier-free parking space as prescribed in Table 9.4.2(1).

- (4) Despite Section 9.3(8), every required barrier-free parking space must:
 - (a) have a firm and slip-resistant surface which does not exceed a 3% slope;
 - (b) have a side access aisle which is clearly marked with high contrast diagonal hatched pavement marking; and

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

- (c) be clearly marked with high contrast pavement markings or upright/vertical signage displaying the International Symbol of Access.
- (5) **Barrier-free parking** spaces must be located within 10.0 metres of:
- (a) an elevator in an enclosed **parking area**;
 - (b) the primary entrance for the building are intended to serve; or,
 - (c) any another public entrance which provides barrier-free access to the building they are intended to serve.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

9.4.3 Courtesy Parking

- (1) **Courtesy parking** spaces must be provided as a function of the total number of required **parking spaces** prescribed in **Table 9.4.1(1)** and **Table 9.4.1(2)** for all uses in a **Mixed-Use** or **Public Use zone**.

| Table 9.4.3(2) Courtesy Parking Requirements | |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Total Number of Required Parking Spaces | Minimum Number of Courtesy Parking Spaces ¹ |
| 1 – 20 | 0 |
| > 20 | 5% of all spaces |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.3(2)]:

¹ **Courtesy parking** spaces must be included in the total number of required **parking spaces**. For example: where a development must provide 30 **parking spaces**, the total number of required **parking spaces** is 30, two of which must be **courtesy parking** spaces.

- (3) Despite **Section 9.3**, **courtesy parking** spaces must be clearly marked with pavement markings or upright/vertical signage designating the **parking space(s)** for exclusive use as **courtesy parking**.
- (4) **Courtesy parking** must be located as near to the primary entrance for the use, building, or structure they are intended to serve as is practicable.

9.4.4 Electric Vehicle Parking

- (1) **EV prepared parking** spaces and **EV charging station parking** spaces must be provided as a function of the total number of required **parking spaces**.

| Table 9.4.4(2) Electric Vehicle Parking Requirements ¹ | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Total Number of Required Parking Spaces | Minimum Number of EV Prepared Parking Spaces | | Minimum Number of EV Charging Station Parking Spaces |
| | Parking Spaces for Dwelling Units | All Other Uses | All Uses |
| 1 – 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| > 10 | 100% of all spaces | 10% of all spaces | 5% of all spaces |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.4(2)]:

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.4.4(2) Electric Vehicle Parking Requirements ¹

| Total Number of Required Parking Spaces | Minimum Number of EV Prepared Parking Spaces | | Minimum Number of EV Charging Station Parking Spaces |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| | Parking Spaces for Dwelling Units | All Other Uses | All Uses |
| ¹ EV prepared parking spaces and EV charging station parking spaces must be included in the total number of required parking spaces. For example: where a residential development must provide 20 parking spaces and 2 visitor parking spaces, all 22 spaces must be EV prepared parking spaces, one of which must be an EV charging station parking space. Where a retail sales establishment must provide 11 parking spaces, one such space must be an EV charging station parking space. | | | |

9.4.5 Recreational Vehicle (RV) and Bus Parking

Table 9.4.5(1) Minimum Dimensions for RV/Bus Parking Spaces

| Type of Parking Space | Width | Length | Height Clearance ¹ | Side Access Aisle Width |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| RV/Bus Parking Space | 3.5 m | 16.0 m | 3.0 m | 1.0 m |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.5(1)]:

¹ Refers to the minimum clearance that must be provided between the surface of the RV/bus parking space and the underside of any obstruction located directly above such parking space.

- (2) RV/bus parking spaces may be provided in accordance with the regulations prescribed in Table 9.4.5(3). Where a specific use is not listed, the maximum number of RV/bus parking spaces permitted is zero.

Table 9.4.5(3) Recreational Vehicle/Bus Parking Regulations

| Use | | Number of RV / Bus Parking Spaces | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Minimum | Maximum |
| Principal Dwelling Units | One detached dwelling unit | n/a | 1.0 space per lot ¹ |
| | Two attached dwelling units | n/a | 0.0 spaces |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | n/a | 0.0 spaces |
| | Manufactured homes | n/a | 0.0 spaces ¹ |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 9.4.5(3) Recreational Vehicle/Bus Parking Regulations | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Use | | Number of RV / Bus Parking Spaces | |
| | | Minimum | Maximum |
| Secondary Dwelling Units | Secondary suites | n/a | 0.0 spaces |
| | Caretaker suites | n/a | 0.0 spaces |
| Campground | | n/a | 0.4 spaces per campsite |
| Cemetery | | n/a | 2.0 spaces per lot |
| Cultural and Community Services | | n/a | 2.0 spaces per lot |
| Education Services | | n/a | |
| Farmer's Market | | n/a | 1.0 space per lot |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | | n/a | 1.0 space per lot |
| Recreation Services, Outdoor | | n/a | 1.0 space per lot |
| CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.5(3)]: 1 A maximum of two RV/bus parking spaces are permitted per lot in the Large Lot Residential (R-3) zone. | | | |

- (4) Despite [Section 9.3](#), RV/bus parking spaces must be clearly marked with pavement markings or upright/vertical signage designating the parking space(s) for exclusive use as RV/bus parking.

9.4.6 Small Vehicle Parking

- (1) Small vehicle parking spaces may be provided as a function of the total number of required parking spaces prescribed in [Table 9.4.1\(1\)](#) and [Table 9.4.1\(2\)](#), up to a maximum of 50% of all required parking spaces.
- (2) Despite [Section 9.3](#), small vehicle parking spaces must be clearly marked with pavement markings or upright/vertical signage designating the parking space(s) for exclusive use by small vehicles.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

9.4.7 Tandem Parking

- (1) **Tandem parking** spaces are permitted for residential developments with four or fewer **dwelling units**, provided:
- (a) only one **tandem parking** space is permitted in front of any garage or **carport**; and
 - (b) **tandem parking** spaces are not used to meet the parking requirements of two or more principal **dwelling units**.

9.4.8 Visitor Parking

- (1) Visitor **parking spaces** must be provided for residential developments as a function of and in addition to the total number of required **parking spaces** prescribed in **Table 9.4.1(1)** and **Table 9.4.1(2)**.

| Table 9.4.8(2) Visitor Parking Requirements | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Total Number of Required Parking Spaces | Minimum Number of Visitor Parking Spaces ¹ |
| 1 – 4 | 0 |
| 5 – 10 | 1 |
| 11 – 20 | 2 |
| > 20 | 10% of total number of required spaces |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.8(2)]:

¹ Visitor parking is calculated in addition to the total number of required **parking spaces**. For example: where a residential development must provide 15 **parking spaces**, the total number of required **parking spaces** is 17, two of which must be designated as visitor parking.

- (3) Where one or more visitor **parking spaces** are required, a minimum of one of such visitor **parking space** must achieve the standards of a **barrier-free parking space**.
- (4) Despite **Section 9.3**, visitor **parking spaces** must be clearly marked with pavement markings or upright/vertical signage designating the **parking space(s)** for exclusive use as visitor parking.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

9.4.9 Loading

| Table 9.4.9(1) Minimum Dimensions for Loading Spaces | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Loading Space | Width | Length | Height Clearance ¹ | Side Access Aisle Width |
| Conventional | 2.6 m | 5.5 m | 2.75 m | 0.5 m |
| Oversize | 3.5 m | 16.0 m | 3.0 m | 1.0 m |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.9(1)]:

¹ Refers to the minimum clearance that must be provided between the surface of the loading space and the underside of any obstruction located directly above such loading space.

² Two adjacent barrier-free parking spaces may share a single side access aisle.

- (2) Loading spaces must be provided in addition to the total number of required parking spaces prescribed in Table 9.4.1(1) and Table 9.4.1(2). Zero loading spaces are required for specific uses not listed in Table 9.4.9(3).

| Table 9.4.9(3) Loading Requirements | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Use | Floor Area | Minimum Number of Loading Spaces | |
| | | Conventional | Oversize |
| RESIDENTIAL AND RESIDENTIAL-RELATED USES | | | |
| Dwelling Units ¹ | n/a | 1 | 0 |
| ALL OTHER USES – Minimal Loading | | | |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Light Care Facility, Child Care Facility, Community Cultural and Community Services | < 235.0 m ² | 0 | 0 |
| Education Services Entertainment Facility Farmer's Market Food Services | 235.0 m ² – 465.0 m ² | 1 | 0 |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 9.4.9(3) Loading Requirements | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Use | Floor Area | Minimum Number of Loading Spaces | |
| | | Conventional | Oversize |
| Health Services Licensed Premises Personal Services Plant Nursery Professional Services, Internal-Facing | 465.0 m ² – 2,800.0 m ² | 2 | 0 |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing Recreation Services, Indoor Retail, Cannabis Retail Sales Veterinary Services | > 2,800.0 m ² | 2 | 1 |
| ALL OTHER USES – Oversize Loading | | | |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Industrial Bulk Fuel Storage Campground Compost Facility Emergency and Protective Services Fleet Services Facility Hostel Hotel Motel Industrial, Heavy Industrial, Light | < 2,325.0 m ² | 1 | 1 |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 9.4.9(3) Loading Requirements | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Use | Floor Area | Minimum Number of Loading Spaces | |
| | | Conventional | Oversize |
| Natural Resource Extraction Production Facility, Alcohol Production Facility, Cannabis Recreation Services, Outdoor Recycling Facility Refuse Disposal Facility Sawmill Silviculture Storage, Indoor Storage, Warehouse Wholesale Services Wrecking Yard | ≥ 2,325.0 m ² | n/a | 1 |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 9.4.9(3)]:</p> <p>¹ Loading requirements apply to residential developments comprising ten or more attached dwelling units.</p> | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

9.5 Bicycle Parking

| Feature | Ground Anchored Rack | | Wall Mounted Rack | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees |
| Angle of Rack | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees |
| Minimum Space Depth | 1.8 m | 1.45 m | 1.2 m | |
| Minimum Aisle Width | 1.5 m | | | |
| Minimum Distance Between Bicycle Racks | 0.9 m | 1.3 m | 0.9 m | 1.3 m |
| Minimum Distance Between a Bicycle Rack and an Obstruction | 0.6 m | | | |

- (2) Despite **Table 9.5(1)**, a minimum of 25% of all required long-term bicycle parking spaces must be designed to accommodate oversized bicycles in accordance with the minimum dimensions prescribed in **Table 9.5(3)**.

| Feature | Ground Anchored Rack | | Wall Mounted Rack | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees |
| Angle of Rack | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees | > 45 degrees | ≤ 45 degrees |
| Minimum Space Depth | 1.8 m | 2.4 m | 2.4 m | |
| Minimum Aisle Width | 1.5 m | | | |
| Minimum Distance Between Bicycle Racks | 0.9 m | 1.3 m | 0.9 m | 1.3 m |
| Minimum Distance Between a Bicycle Rack and an Obstruction | 0.6 m | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Figure 9-4. Short-Term Bicycle Parking Configuration Example

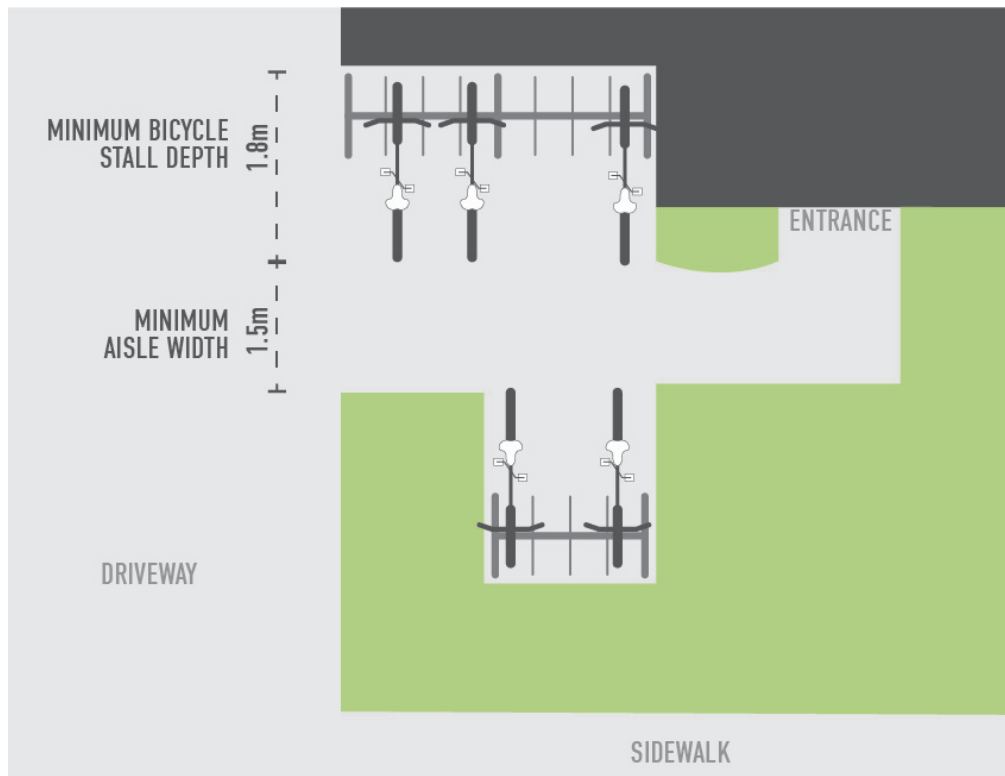
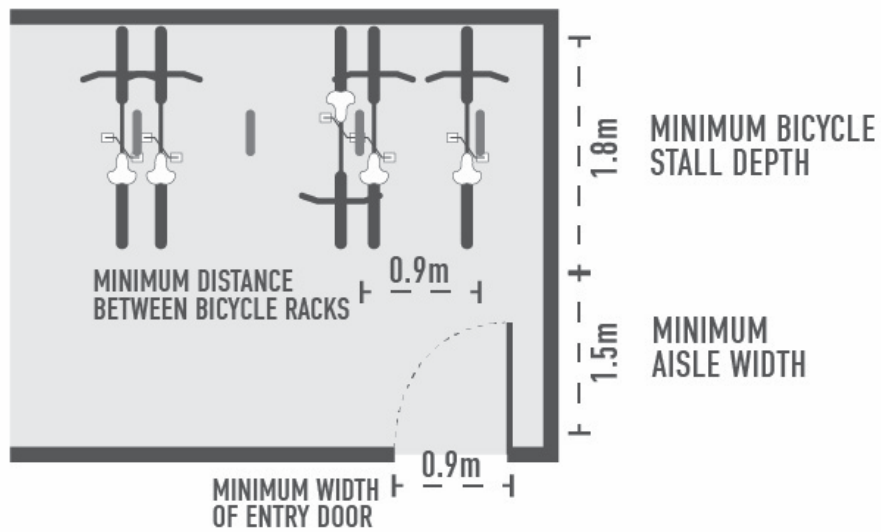


Figure 9-5. Long-Term Bicycle Parking Configuration Example



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Feature | Short-Term Bicycle Parking | Long-Term Bicycle Parking |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Materials and Design | Must be constructed of theft resistant materials and designed to support two points of the bicycle frame and enable the bicycle frame and at least one wheel to be securely locked to the rack with a single U-style lock. | |
| | n/a | 70% of all required long-term bicycle parking spaces provided in the form of a wall mounted rack must be equipped with an assisted lift mechanism. |
| | | 50% of all required long-term bicycle parking space must include charging infrastructure for e-bikes. |
| Installation | Must be permanently anchored to the ground or a wall with secure, tamper-proof hardware. | |
| Location | Must be conveniently located within 25.0 metres of any main entrances, whether inside or outside of the building, and in a well-lit area. | Must be located inside a building or within a secure, weather-protected, dedicated facility accessible to residents, employees, or other identified users of the building. |
| | | Where seven or more long-term bicycle parking spaces are required, must have an entry door that is a minimum width of 0.9 metres and is equipped with an automatic or button-activated opening mechanism. |
| | | Must have a minimum unobstructed height clearance of 1.9 metres between the floor and the ceiling. |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

- (5) Bicycle parking spaces must be provided in accordance with the number of short-term and long-term bicycle parking spaces required for a specific use as specified in **Table 9.5(6)**.
- (a) Bicycle parking spaces for secondary uses must be provided in addition to the bicycle parking spaces required for principal uses.
- (b) Where multiple uses are established on a single lot, the total number of required bicycle parking spaces must be the sum of the bicycle parking requirements for each use calculated separately.
- (c) Where a specific use is not listed, the bicycle parking requirements applicable to the use which is most comparable in character and purpose will apply.

| Table 9.5(6) Bicycle Parking Requirements | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Use | | Short-Term Bicycle Parking | Long-Term Bicycle Parking |
| RESIDENTIAL AND RESIDENTIAL-RELATED USES | | | |
| Principal Dwelling Units | One detached dwelling unit | n/a | |
| | Two attached dwelling units | 0.25 spaces per dwelling unit | 1.0 space per dwelling unit ¹ |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | 0.25 spaces per dwelling unit | 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit ¹ |
| | Manufactured homes | n/a | |
| Secondary Dwelling Units | Secondary suites ^{2,3} | n/a | 1.0 space per dwelling unit |
| | Caretaker suites | n/a | 1.0 space per dwelling unit |
| Care Facility, Licence-Not-Required | | n/a | |
| Home Occupation | Minor | n/a | |
| | Standard | n/a | 1.0 space per non-resident on-site employee |
| | Major | n/a | 1.0 space per non-resident on-site employee |
| | Bed and Breakfast Accommodation | 0.6 spaces per sleeping unit | n/a |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.5(6) Bicycle Parking Requirements

| Use | | Short-Term Bicycle Parking | Long-Term Bicycle Parking |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| | Short-Term Rental Accommodation | 0.6 spaces per sleeping unit | n/a |
| ALL OTHER USES | | | |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Light | | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Industrial | | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Campground | | 0.2 spaces per campsite | n/a |
| Care Facility, Child | | 0.4 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | |
| Care Facility, Community | | 0.4 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | |
| Compost Facility | | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Cultural and Community Services | | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Education Services | | 0.8 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Emergency and Protective Services | | n/a | 0.4 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Entertainment Facility | | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | n/a |
| Farmer's Market | | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 6.0 spaces, whichever is greater | n/a |
| Fleet Services Facility | | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Food Services | | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | n/a |
| Gas Station | | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | n/a |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.5(6) Bicycle Parking Requirements

| Use | Short-Term Bicycle Parking | Long-Term Bicycle Parking |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Health Services | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Hostel Hotel Motel | 0.4 spaces per sleeping unit or 6.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.6 spaces per sleeping unit |
| Industrial, Heavy | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Industrial, Light | n/a | 0.2 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Licensed Premises | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | n/a |
| Natural Resource Extraction | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Personal Services | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Plant Nursery | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 6.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Production Facility, Alcohol | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Production Facility, Cannabis | 0.4 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | |
| Professional Services, Internal-Facing | 0.4 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 0.4 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Recreation Services, Outdoor | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 10.0 spaces, whichever is greater | n/a |
| Recycling Facility | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 9.5(6) Bicycle Parking Requirements

| Use | Short-Term Bicycle Parking | Long-Term Bicycle Parking |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Refuse Disposal Facility | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Retail, Cannabis | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Retail Sales | 0.6 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area or 2.0 spaces, whichever is greater | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Sawmill | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Silviculture | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Veterinary Services | n/a | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Wholesale Services | n/a | 0.2 spaces per 100.0 m ² of floor area |
| Wrecking Yard | n/a | 0.1 space per 100.0 m ² of floor area |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.5(6)]:

- 1** Long-term bicycle parking is not required for principal dwelling units that have individual attached garages.
- 2** Bicycle parking requirements for secondary suites are in addition to the bicycle parking requirements for the associated principal dwelling unit.
- 3** Bicycle parking requirements for secondary suites apply to residential developments comprising two or more attached principal dwelling units.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

9.6 End of Trip Facilities

- (1) End-of-trip facilities must be provided as a function of the total number of required long-term bicycle parking spaces prescribed in **Table 9.5(6)**.

| Use | Number of Long-Term Bicycle Parking Spaces | Number of Toilets | Number of Sinks | Number of Showers | Number of Storage Lockers |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Dwelling Units Hostel Hotel Motel | 0 – 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 7 – 15 ¹ | | | | |
| | 16 – 30 ^{1,2} | | | | |
| | > 30 ^{1,2} | | | | |
| All Other Uses | 0 – 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 lockers per space |
| | 4 – 15 ¹ | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | 16 – 30 ^{1,2} | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| | > 30 ^{1,2} | 4, plus 2 for each additional 30 spaces | 4, plus 2 for each additional 30 spaces | 4, plus 2 for each additional 30 spaces | |

CONDITIONS [Table 9.6(2)]:

- ¹ End-of-trip facilities must include a bicycle repair station including tools for bikes, a commercial grade tire pump, and a dedicated area to undertake simple repairs and maintenance.
- ² End-of-trip facilities must include a bicycle wash station including access to water and a dedicated bicycle cleaning area.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 10 RESIDENTIAL ZONES

10.1 Intent of Zones

| Zone | Zone Name | Intent of Zone |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| R-1 | Infill Residential | This zone is intended to support the gentle densification of existing low-density neighbourhoods by accommodating up to four dwelling units through either the renovation of existing residences or infill redevelopment in the form of small-scale multi-unit housing which complements the character of adjacent properties. |
| R-2 | West Dunsmuir Residential | This zone is intended to accommodate up to three dwelling units in existing residential areas where there are known infrastructure constraints limiting further densification. |
| R-3 | Large Lot Residential | This zone is intended to accommodate low-density residential uses on lots which are larger, not connected to community water or community sewer systems, or are outside of the Urban Containment Boundary. |
| R-MHP | Manufactured Home Park Residential | This zone is intended to accommodate manufactured home parks in accordance with the <i>Village's Manufactured Home Park Bylaw</i> . |
| R-RTMU | Rental Tenure Multi-Unit Residential | This zone is intended to support the provision of dwelling units under Residential Rental Tenure and prohibit bareland or building stratification. |
| R-MU | Multi-Unit Residential | This zone is intended to support multi-unit residential development in the form of low-rise apartments and ground-oriented or stacked townhouses. |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

10.2 Permitted Uses

| Table 10.2(1) Permitted Uses | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|--------|------|
| P = permitted as a principal use | | | | | | |
| S = permitted as an secondary use | | | | | | |
| -- = use not permitted | | | | | | |
| Use | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU |
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | S | S | S | S | S | S |
| Agriculture, Urban ¹ | S | S | S ² | S | S | S |
| Care Facility, Child ³ | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| Care Facility, Community | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| Care Facility, Licence-Not-Required | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| Dwelling Units | P | P | P | P | P | P |
| Home Occupation ⁴ | Minor | S | S | S | S | S |
| | Standard | S | S | S | S | -- |
| | Major | -- | -- | S | -- | -- |
| | Bed and Breakfast Accommodation | S | S | S | -- | -- |
| | Short-Term Rental Accommodation | S ⁵ | S ⁵ | -- | -- | -- |
| Manufactured Homes | P | P | P | P | -- | -- |
| Parking Lot | n/a | n/a | n/a | S | S | S |
| Secondary Suite ⁶ | S | S | S | -- | S | S |
| CONDITIONS [Table 10.2(1)]: | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 10.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use

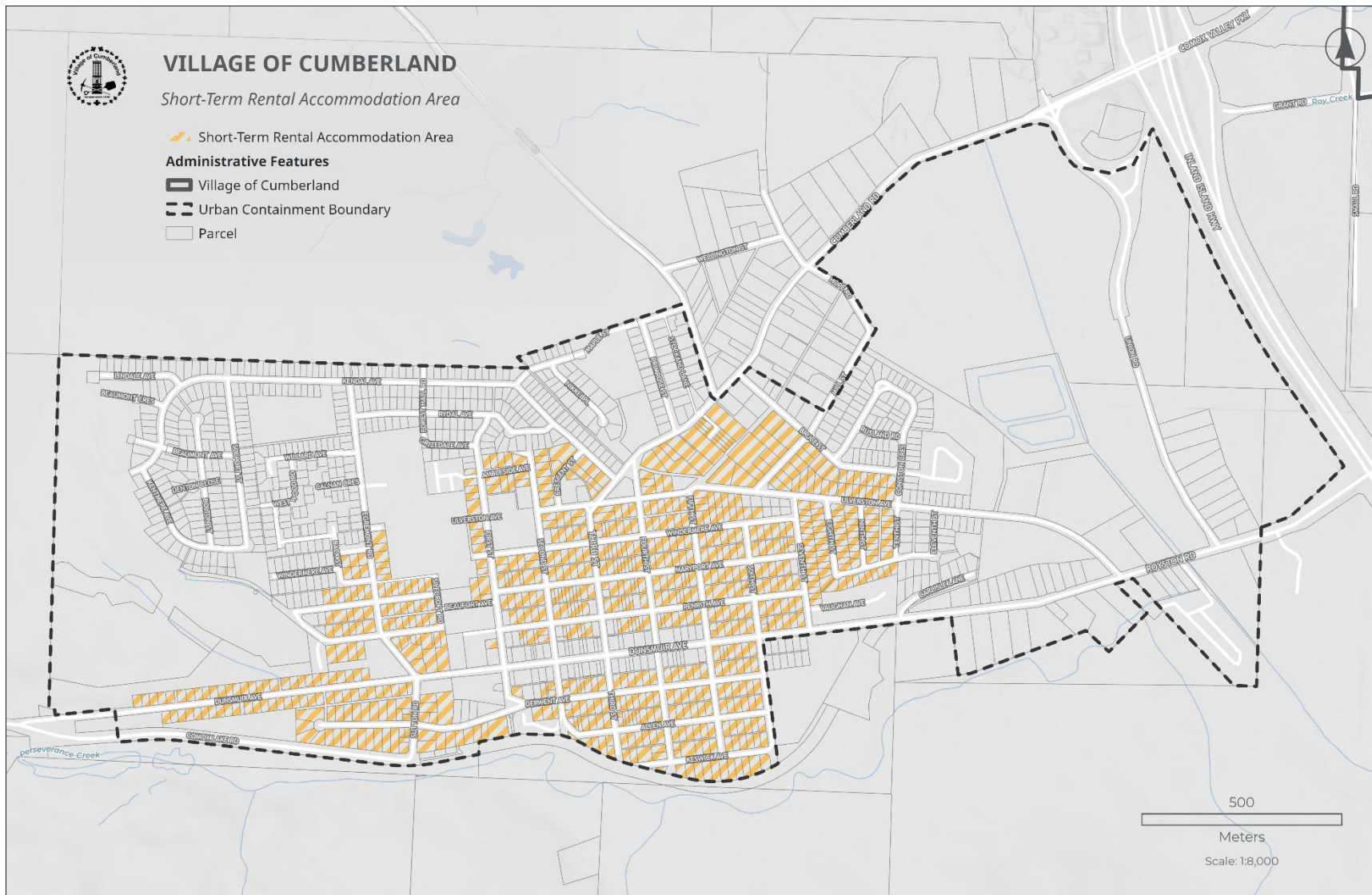
S = permitted as a secondary use

-- = use not permitted

| Use | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-------|--------|------|
| 1 | Subject to the urban agriculture regulations prescribed in Section 6.8 of this Bylaw. | | | | | |
| 2 | For lots larger than 0.4 hectares, urban agriculture may include the keeping of animals used in the production of food, fur, or similar products, including horses, cattle, sheep, goats, and rabbits, but specifically excluding hogs, pigs and peacocks. | | | | | |
| 3 | Subject to the screening requirements for care facilities prescribed in Section 7.3 of this Bylaw. | | | | | |
| 4 | Subject to the home occupation regulations prescribed in Section 6.4 of this Bylaw. | | | | | |
| 5 | Short-term rental accommodation home occupations are only be permitted in the areas indicated in Figure 10-1 . | | | | | |
| 6 | Subject to the secondary suite regulations prescribed in Section 6.7 of this Bylaw. | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Figure 10-1. Short-Term Rental Accommodation Area



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

10.3 Subdivision Standards

| Criteria | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Minimum Lot Area | 650.0 m ² | 650.0 m ² | 2,024.0 m ² | 1.0 ha | 1,570.0 m ² | 2,024.0 m ² |
| Minimum Lot Width | 15.0 m | 15.0 m | 25.0 m | 40.0 m | 10% of lot perimeter | 10% of lot perimeter |

10.4 General Regulations

| Criteria | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Maximum Lot Coverage | 50% | 40% | 35% | 45% | 65% | 65% |
| Maximum Lot Coverage including Impermeable Surfaces | 70% | 70% | 50% | 70% | 80% | 80% |
| Maximum No. of Dwelling Units ¹ | 4 per lot | 3 per lot | 2 per lot ² | 20 per ha ³ | 89 per ha ^{4,5} | 50 per ha ^{6,7} |

CONDITIONS [Table 10.4(1)]:

- ¹ For buildings containing three or more principal dwelling units accessed through shared corridors, stairs, and elevators, 10% of all dwelling units must be constructed in accordance with the Adaptable Dwelling Unit standard specified in the BC Building Code.
- ² A maximum of three dwelling units are permitted on lots that are connected to both community water and community sewer systems or are 1.0 hectare or larger in size.
- ³ Subject to the Village's *Manufactured Home Park Bylaw*.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 10.4(1) General Regulations

| Criteria | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|--------|------|
| ⁴ All dwelling units must be under residential rental tenure. | | | | | | |
| ⁵ For the lot legally described as LOT 1, DISTRICT LOT 24, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 28034, EXCEPT PART IN PLAN VIP82131 (2782 Ulverston Avenue): | | | | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1/3 of dwelling units must be provided at below market rent, as established through a housing agreement held between the property owner and the Village; and • dwelling units provided at below market rent must be subject to a rental agreement requiring such units to be managed by a non-profit housing society and rented to low- or medium-income families. | | | | | | |
| ⁶ For the lot legally described as LOT A, DISTRICT LOT 24, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN EPP103460 (3345 Second Street), the maximum number of dwelling units is 145 units per hectare and may be increased by 25 units per hectare provided a minimum of 20% of all dwelling units are provided as affordable housing units. | | | | | | |
| ⁷ For the lot legally described as STRATA LOTS 1-84, DISTRICT LOT 24, NELSON DISTRICT, STRATA PLAN EPS4795 TOGETHER WITH AN INTEREST IN THE COMMON PROPERTY IN PROPORTION TO THE UNIT ENTITLEMENT OF THE STRATA LOT AS SHOWN ON FORM V (2607 Kendal Avenue), the maximum number of dwelling units is 96 and may be increased by 10 units per hectare provided a minimum of 30% of all dwelling units are provided as affordable housing units. | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

10.5 Development Standards

Table 10.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures

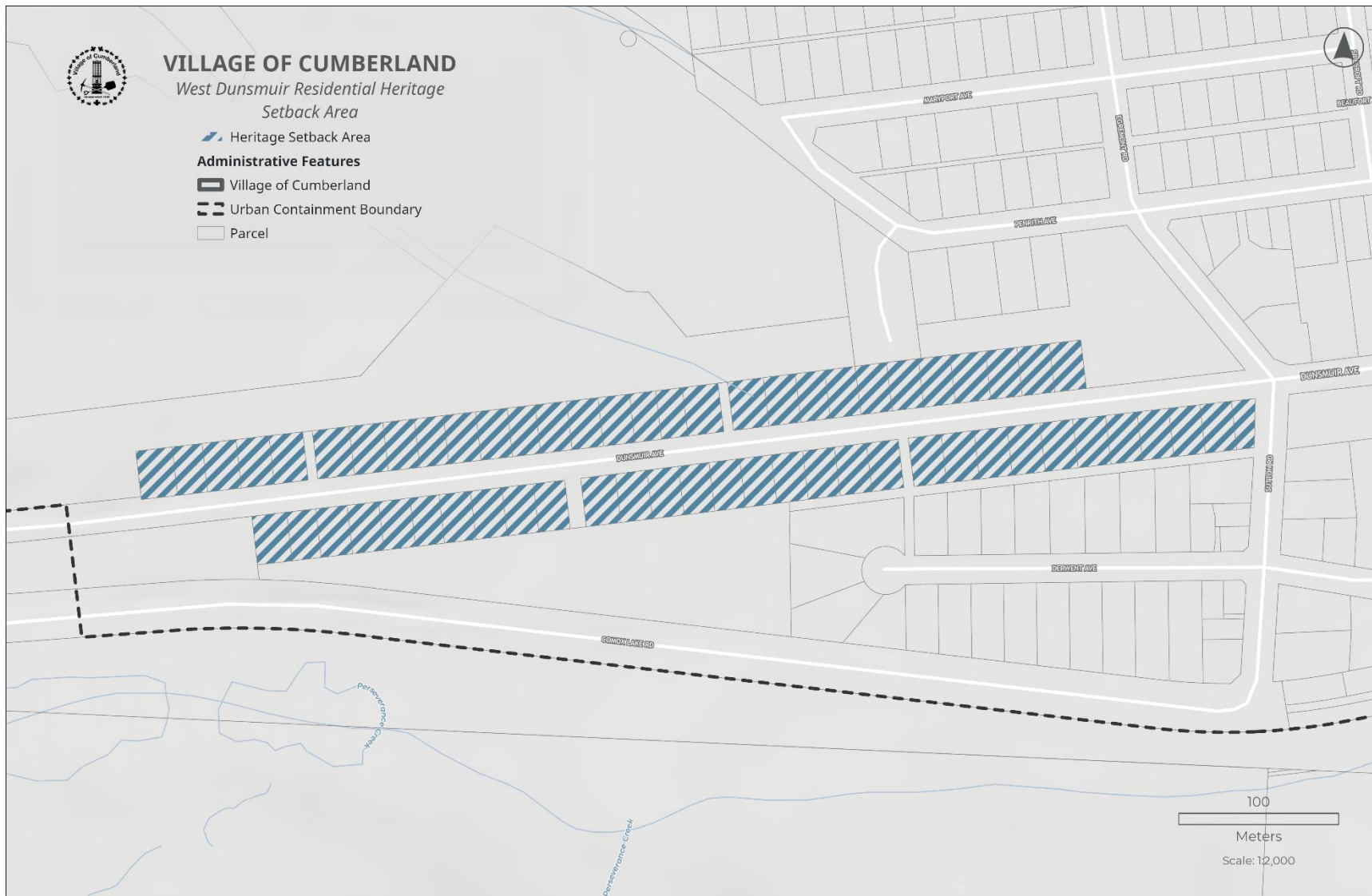
| Criteria | | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------|--------|--------|-------|
| Maximum Floor Area of Each Additional Detached Dwelling Unit | | n/a | 90.0 m ² | 90.0 m ² | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Maximum Height | | 11.0 m | 10.0 m | 10.0 m | 4.5 m | 10.0 m | 15.0 m | |
| Maximum Number of Storeys | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | |
| Minimum Front Setback | 1 st – 2 nd storey | 3.0 m ¹ | 3.0 m ^{2,3} | 7.5 m | 7.5 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | |
| | 3 rd storey and above | 4.5 m | n/a | | | n/a | | |
| | garage / carport | 3.0 m ¹ | 3.0 m ^{2,3} | | | 3.0 m | 4.5 m | |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 1 st – 2 nd storey | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | | 7.5 m | 7.5 m | 4.5 m |
| | 3 rd storey and above | 6.0 m | n/a | n/a | | | 6.0 m | |
| Minimum Side Setback | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 1 st – 2 nd storey | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | |
| | 3 rd storey and above | 4.5 m | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | 4.5 m | |

CONDITIONS [Table 10.5(1)]:

- ¹ The minimum front setback is 7.5 metres for the lot legally described as LOT 1 BLOCK 4 SECTION 25 TOWNSHIP 10 COMOX DISTRICT AND OF DISTRICT LOT 24 NELSON DISTRICT PLAN 4222 EXCEPT PLAN EPP103982 (4681 Cumberland Road).
- ² The minimum front setback is 0.0 metres for the lots indicated in **Figure 10-2**.
- ³ The maximum front setback for one dwelling unit is 2.0 metres for the lots indicated in **Figure 10-2**.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Figure 10-2. West Dunsmuir Residential Heritage Setback Area



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 10.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Criteria | R-1 | R-2 | R-3 | R-MHP | R-RTMU | R-MU |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Maximum Floor Area ¹ | 50.0 m ² ² | 50.0 m ² | 100.0 m ² | 25.0 m ² | 50.0 m ² | 50.0 m ² |
| Maximum Height | 4.5 m ² | 4.5 m | 6.0 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 7.5 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Side Setback | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | | 3.0 m | 3.0 m |

CONDITIONS [Table 10.5(2)]:

- ¹ Maximum floor area refers to the combined floor area of all accessory buildings and structures on a lot.
- ² For the lot legally described as LOT 5, BLOCK 5, DISTRICT LOT 24, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 4222 (4699 Cumberland Road):
- the maximum floor area is 100.0 square metres; and
 - the maximum height is 6.0 metres.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 11 MIXED-USE ZONES

11.1 Intent of Zones

| Table 11.1(1) Intent of Zones | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Zone | Zone Name | Intent of Zone |
| MU-1 | Historic Village Commercial Core Mixed-Use | The intent of this zone is to support a vibrant, pedestrian-oriented Village Core through development comprised of commercial uses on the ground-level with residential uses above or to the rear. |
| MU-2 | Neighbourhood Mixed-Use | The intent of this zone is to promote mixed-use development which serves as a transition between the Village Core and surrounding residential neighbourhoods. |
| MU-3 | Coal Valley Estates Mixed-Use | The intent of this zone is to implement a Comprehensive Development Agreement which identifies a mixed-use node in the area known as Coal Valley. |

11.2 Permitted Uses

| Table 11.2(1) Permitted Uses | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| P = permitted as a principal use | | | |
| S = permitted as a secondary use | | | |
| -- = use not permitted | | | |
| Use | MU-1 ¹ | MU-2 | MU-3 |
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | S | S | S |
| Agriculture, Urban ² | S | S | S |
| Care Facility, Child ³ | P | P | P |
| Care Facility, Community ³ | P | P | P |
| Care Facility, Licence-Not-Required | S | S | S |
| Caretaker Suite | -- | -- | S ⁴ |
| Containers | S ⁵ | S ⁵ | -- |
| Cultural and Community Services | P | P | -- |
| Dwelling Units | P ⁶ | P ⁷ | P ⁷ |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 11.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | | MU-1 ¹ | MU-2 | MU-3 |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Education Services | | P | P | -- |
| Emergency and Protective Services | | -- ⁸ | -- | -- |
| Entertainment Facility | | P | -- | -- |
| Farmer's Market | | S | -- | S |
| Food Services | | P | p ⁹ | p ¹⁰ |
| Gas Station | | -- ¹¹ | -- | -- |
| Health Services | | p ¹² | P | P |
| Home Occupation ¹³ | Minor | S | S | S |
| | Standard | -- | -- | S |
| | Bed and Breakfast Accommodation | -- | -- | S |
| | Short-Term Rental Accommodation | -- ¹⁴ | -- | -- |
| Hostel | | P | -- | -- |
| Hotel | | P | -- | -- |
| Licensed Premises | | P | -- | P |
| Mobile Vending ¹⁵ | | P | P | -- |
| Motel | | P | -- | -- |
| Parking Lot | | S ¹⁶ | S ¹⁶ | S |
| Personal Services | | P | P | P |
| Production Facility, Alcohol | | p ¹⁷ | -- | -- |
| Professional Services, Internal-Facing | | p ¹² | P | P |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing | | P | P | P |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | | P | P | P |
| Retail, Cannabis ¹⁸ | | P | -- | -- |
| Retail Sales | | p ^{19,20} | p ^{19,20} | p ^{20,21} |
| Secondary Suite ²² | | n/a | n/a | S |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 11.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | MU-1 ¹ | MU-2 | MU-3 |
|---------------------|-------------------|------|-----------------|
| Storage, Outdoor | S ²³ | -- | S ²³ |
| Veterinary Services | P | P | -- |

CONDITIONS [Table 11.2(1)]:

- 1** Non-residential principal uses, where located within the first storey of a principal building, must be oriented towards the portion of a lot which abuts a highway. The primary access for any such use must be located within the front or exterior side business frontage.
- 2** Subject to the urban agriculture regulations prescribed in Section 6.8 of this Bylaw.
- 3** Subject to the screening requirements for care facilities prescribed in Section 7.3 of this Bylaw.
- 4** Caretaker suites must be integrated within a principal building.
- 5** Containers are permitted to supplement the commercial storage capacity of a principal use occurring on the same lot, provided:
 - there are no residential uses occurring within the first storey of any building on the lot;
 - the container is clad in the same materials as the building in which the associated principal use is located;
 - the container is located to the rear of any principal building on the lot; and
 - the maximum length of the container is 6.1 metres.
- 6** Dwelling units must be integrated within a principal building where there are other non-residential uses occurring, subject to the following regulations:
 - they are located above or to the rear of a non-residential use occurring on the first storey;
 - they are accessed through a separate entrance from all non-residential uses occurring within the same building, so long as areas used for residential access must not exceed a combined 25% of the first storey business frontage; and
 - dwelling units located on the first storey must not exceed 40% of the total first storey floor area.
- 7** Where dwelling units are integrated within a principal building where there are non-residential uses occurring, they must:
 - be located above, below, or to the rear of a non-residential use occurring on the first storey; and
 - be accessed through a separate entrance from all non-residential uses occurring within the same building, so long as areas used for residential access must not exceed a combined 25% of the first storey business frontage.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 11.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | MU-1 ¹ | MU-2 | MU-3 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|
| 8 | Emergency and protective services is permitted as a principal use on the lot legally described as LOT 7, BLOCK 12, DISTRICT LOT 21, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 522A (2757 Dunsmuir Avenue). | | |
| 9 | The maximum floor area for food services is 65.0 square metres. | | |
| 10 | The maximum floor area for food services is 150.0 square metres. | | |
| 11 | Gas station is permitted, provided all fuel service pumps or pump island are located a minimum, of 4.5 metres from all lot lines, as a principal use on the lot legally described as LOT A, DISTRICT LOT 21, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN VIP84120 (2766 Dunsmuir Avenue). | | |
| 12 | Uses must be located above the first storey of a principal building. | | |
| 13 | Subject to the home occupation regulations prescribed in Section 6.4 of this Bylaw. | | |
| 14 | Short-term rental accommodation is permitted for the lots legally described as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • THAT PART OF LOT 11, BLOCK 16, DISTRICT LOT 21, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 522A, LYING TO THE EAST OF A STRAIGHT BOUNDARY JOINING THE POINT OF BISECTION OF THE NORTHERLY AND SOUTHERLY BOUNDARIES OF SAID LOT 11 (2771 Dunsmuir Avenue); and • THE EASTERLY ½ OF LOT 10, BLOCK 16, DISTRICT LOT 21, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 522A (2773 Dunsmuir Avenue). | | |
| 15 | Subject to the mobile vending regulations prescribed in Section 6.5 of this Bylaw. | | |
| 16 | Parking lots must be located to the rear of a principal building. | | |
| 17 | The maximum floor area for an alcohol production facility is 450.0 square metres. | | |
| 18 | Subject to the cannabis retail regulations prescribed in Section 6.2 of this Bylaw. | | |
| 19 | The maximum floor area for retail sales is 2,800.0 square metres. | | |
| 20 | Outdoor displays ancillary to retail sales must not obstruct a landscaped area or pedestrian walkway, driveway, or highway. | | |
| 21 | The maximum floor area for retail sales is 300.0 square metres. | | |
| 22 | Subject to the secondary suite regulations prescribed in Section 6.7 of this Bylaw. | | |
| 23 | Outdoor storage is only permitted where secondary to a farmer's market. | | |

11.3 Subdivision Standards

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

| Table 11.3(1) Subdivision Standards | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Criteria | | MU-1 | MU-2 | MU-3 |
| Minimum Lot Area | One detached dwelling unit | 325.0 m ² | 325.0 m ² | 550.0 m ² ¹ |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | | |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | | | 800.0 m ² |
| | All other uses | | | 2,000.0 m ² |
| Minimum Lot Width | One detached dwelling unit | 9.0 m | 9.0 m | 15.0 m |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | | 20.0 m |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | | | |
| | All other uses | | | |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 11.3(1)]:</p> <p>¹ The minimum lot area is 450.0 square metres for up to 50% of lots created in any given plan of subdivision.</p> | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

11.4 General Regulations

| Table 11.4(1) General Regulations | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------|------------------|----|
| Criteria | | MU-1 | MU-2 | MU-3 | |
| Maximum Lot Coverage | One detached dwelling unit | n/a | 50% | 35% | |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | | | |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | 90% | 65% | 65% | |
| | All other uses | | | 80% | |
| Maximum Lot Coverage including Impermeable Surfaces | | 95% | 75% | n/a | |
| Maximum No. of Dwelling Units | Buildings comprising one detached dwelling unit | n/a | 4 per lot | 263 ¹ | |
| | Buildings comprising two or more attached dwelling units ² | | | 592 | |
| | Caretaker suites | | n/a | | 15 |
| Maximum FAR ² | | 2.0 | 1.5 | n/a | |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 11.4(1)]:</p> <p>¹ The total number of dwelling units permitted does not include secondary suites.</p> <p>² For buildings containing three or more principal dwelling units accessed through shared corridors, stairs, and elevators, 10% of all dwelling units must be constructed in accordance with the Adaptable Dwelling Unit standard specified in the BC Building Code.</p> | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

11.5 Development Standards

| Table 11.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Criteria | | MU-1 | MU-2 | MU-3 |
| Maximum Floor Area | Community care facility | n/a | n/a | 13,900.0 m ² |
| | All other non-residential uses | | | 7,900.0 m ² ¹ |
| Maximum Floor Area of Each Additional Detached Dwelling Unit | | n/a | 100.0 m ² | 100.0 m ² |
| Maximum Height | | 15.0 m | 12.5 m ² | 15.0 m ² |
| Minimum Ground Storey Height | | 3.7 m | n/a | 3.7 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 1 st – 2 nd storey | 0.0 m ³ | 1.0 m | 4.5 m ^{4,5,6} |
| | 3 rd storey | | 1.5 m | |
| Minimum Rear Setback | | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m ⁶ |
| Minimum Side Setback | | 0.0 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m ⁶ |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | 0.0 m ³ | 1.5 m | 3.0 m ⁶ |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 11.5(1)]:</p> <p>¹ The maximum floor area for any one non-residential use is 371.6 square metres.</p> <p>² The maximum height of a residential building comprising four or fewer dwelling units is 10.0 metres.</p> <p>³ The maximum front and exterior side setback is 10.0 metres, provided the resulting front yard is landscaped open space which supports a principal non-residential use occurring on the lot.</p> <p>⁴ The minimum setback is 6.0 metres for any portion of a building comprising one detached dwelling unit that is used as a garage or carport.</p> <p>⁵ The minimum setback for internal-facing professional services, public-facing professional services, and retail sales is 0.0 metres.</p> <p>⁶ The minimum setback from all lot lines for food services, health services, and licensed premises is 7.5 metres.</p> | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 11.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Criteria | MU-1 | MU-2 | MU-3 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Maximum Floor Area ¹ | 100.0 m ² | 100.0 m ² | 50.0 m ² ² |
| Maximum Height | 6.0 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Side Setback | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 3.0 m | 3.0 m | 3.0 m |

CONDITIONS [Table 11.5(2)]:

- ¹ Maximum floor area refers to the combined floor area of all accessory buildings and structures on a lot.
- ² The maximum floor area for all accessory buildings is 50.0 square metres or 10% of lot area, whichever is less.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 12 INDUSTRY ZONES

12.1 Intent of Zones

| Table 12.1(1) Intent of Zones | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Zone | Zone Name | Intent of Zone |
| I-1 | Service Industry | This zone is intended to accommodate a range of service commercial and low-impact industrial uses on larger lots predominantly located outside of the Urban Containment Boundary. |
| I-2 | Industrial | This zone is intended to designate and preserve land for intensive industrial development. |
| I-3 | Refuse Industrial | This zone is intended to accommodate the Comox Valley Regional District's (CVRD) Waste Facility. |

12.2 Permitted Uses

| Table 12.2(1) Permitted Uses | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| P = permitted as a principal use | | | |
| S = permitted as a secondary use | | | |
| -- = use not permitted | | | |
| Use | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | S | S | S |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Light | P | -- | -- |
| Automotive and Equipment Services, Industrial | -- | P | -- |
| Bulk Fuel Storage | -- | S | -- |
| Care Facility, Child ¹ | P | P | -- |
| Care Facility, Community ¹ | P | P | -- |
| Caretaker Suite | S | S | S |
| Compost Facility | -- | -- | P |
| Containers | S | S | S |
| Education Services | S | S | S |
| Fleet Services Facility | P | P | -- |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 12.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Food Services | S ² | -- | -- |
| Gas Station | -- ³ | -- | -- |
| Industrial, Heavy | -- | P | -- |
| Industrial, Light | P | -- | -- |
| Kennel | P | -- | -- |
| Mobile Vending ⁴ | S | S | -- |
| Natural Resource Extraction | -- | P | -- |
| Parking Lot | S | S | S |
| Plant Nursery | P | -- | -- |
| Production Facility, Alcohol | P | -- | -- |
| Production Facility, Cannabis | P | -- | -- |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing | S | S | S |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | P | -- | -- |
| Recycling Facility | -- | P | P |
| Refuse Disposal Facility ⁵ | -- | -- | P ⁶ |
| Retail Sales | P ⁷ | -- | -- |
| Sawmill | -- | S | -- |
| Silviculture | -- | P | -- |
| Storage, Indoor | P | -- ⁸ | -- |
| Storage, Outdoor | S | S ⁹ | S |
| Storage, Warehouse | S | P | -- |
| Veterinary Services | P | -- | -- |
| Wholesale Services | P | S | -- |
| Wrecking Yard | -- | P | -- |

CONDITIONS [Table 12.2(1)]:

¹ Subject to the screening requirements for care facilities prescribed in **Section 7.3** of this Bylaw.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

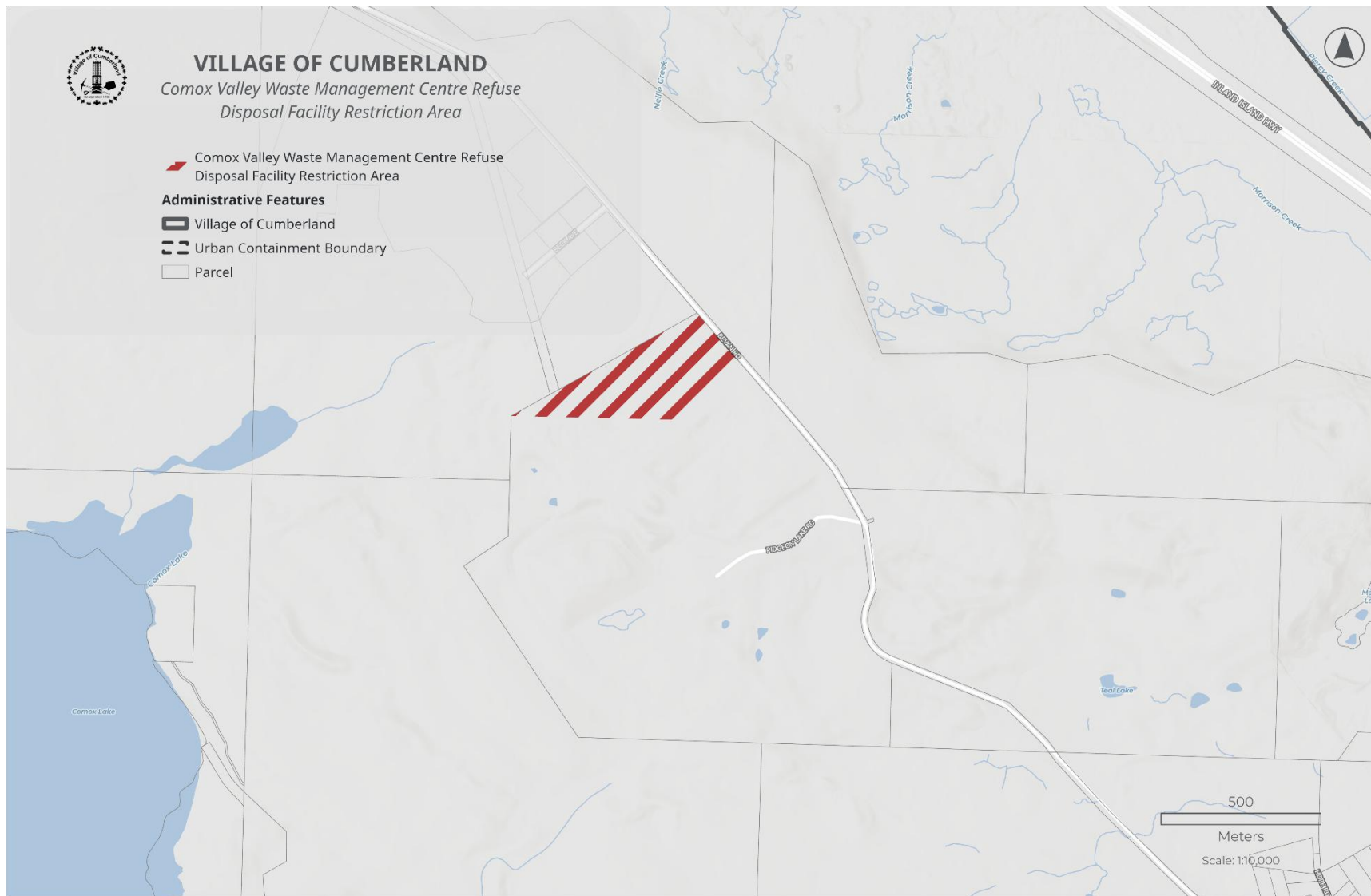
Table 12.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| 2 | The maximum floor area for food services is 150.0 square metres. | | |
| 3 | Gas station is permitted as a principal use, provided all fuel service pumps or pump island are located a minimum of 4.5 metres from all lot lines, on the lot legally described as LOT A OF SECTION 25, TOWNSHIP 10, COMOX DISTRICT AND OF DISTRICT LOT 24, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 5444 (4690 Cumberland Road). | | |
| 4 | Subject to the mobile vending regulations prescribed in Section 6.5 of this Bylaw. | | |
| 5 | Subject to the refuse disposal facility regulations prescribed in Section 6.6 of this Bylaw. | | |
| 6 | With the exception of a leachate equalization pond, refuse disposal facility is not permitted within the northern portion of the lot legally described as LOT A, SECTIONS 26, 27, 34 AND 35, TOWNSHIP 10, COMOX DISTRICT, PLAN EPP111857 (Comox Valley Waste Management Centre) as indicated in Figure 12-1. For clarity, this is the portion of land that was added to the Comox Valley Waste Management Centre property in 2021 in Plan EPP111857. | | |
| 7 | The maximum floor area for retail sales is 930.0 square metres. | | |
| 8 | Indoor storage is permitted as a principal use on the lots legally described as STRATA LOTS 1-50, SECTION 34, TOWNSHIP 10, COMOX DISTRICT, STRATA PLAN EPS10779 (2794 Beck Avenue). | | |
| 9 | Outdoor storage may include the temporary storage of detached dwelling units being moved from one lot to another, up to a maximum of three detached dwelling units per lot. | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Figure 12-1. Comox Valley Waste Management Centre Refuse Disposal Facility Restriction Area



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

12.3 Subdivision Standards

| Table 12.3(1) Subdivision Standards | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Criteria | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
| Minimum Lot Area | 4,000.0 m ² | 7,500.0 m ² | 7,500.0 m ² |
| Minimum Lot Width | 30.0 m | 30.0 m | 10% of lot perimeter |

12.4 General Regulations

| Table 12.4(1) General Regulations | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| Criteria | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
| Maximum Lot Coverage | 60% | 60% ¹ | 50% |
| Maximum Lot Coverage including Impermeable Surfaces | 80% | 70% | n/a |
| Maximum No. of Dwelling Units ² | 1 per lot | 1 per lot | 1 per lot |
| Maximum FAR | 1.0 | 0.75 | 0.75 |

CONDITIONS [Table 12.4(1)]:

¹ Greenhouses are exempt from lot coverage.

² Dwelling units are permitted in the form of a caretaker suite.

12.5 Development Standards

| Table 12.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------|
| Criteria | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
| Maximum Height | 15.0 m | 12.0 m | 15.0 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 7.5 m | 7.5 m ¹ | 15.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 7.5 m | | |
| Minimum Side Setback | 7.5 m | | |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 7.5 m | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 12.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures

| Criteria | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 12.5(1)]:</p> <p>¹ Buildings and structures associated with heavy industrial, natural resource extraction, recycling facility, silviculture, and wrecking yard uses must be setback a minimum of 50.0 metres from all lot lines abutting a Residential, Mixed-Use, or Public Use zone.</p> | | | |

Table 12.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Criteria | I-1 | I-2 | I-3 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Maximum Floor Area ¹ | 10% of lot area | 10% of lot area | 10% of lot area |
| Maximum Height | 15.0 m | 15.0 m | 15.0 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 7.5 m | 7.5 m ² | 15.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 7.5 m | | |
| Minimum Side Setback | 7.5 m | | |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 7.5 m | | |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 15.2(2)]:</p> <p>¹ Maximum floor area refers to the combined floor area of all accessory buildings and structures on a lot.</p> <p>² Buildings and structures associated with heavy industrial, natural resource extraction, recycling facility, silviculture, and wrecking yard uses must be setback a minimum of 50.0 metres from all lot lines abutting a Residential, Mixed-Use, or Public Use zone.</p> | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 13 PUBLIC USE ZONES

13.1 Intent of Zones

| Zone | Zone Name | Intent of Zone |
|------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PU-1 | Parks and Open Space | This zone is intended to preserve and enhance the community's parks and open space assets while providing for a range of low impact recreational uses. |
| PU-2 | Civic Uses | This zone is intended to accommodate a range of civic functions, including both publicly and privately operated institutional, cultural, educational, and recreational uses. |
| PU-3 | Utility and Services | This zone is intended to accommodate emergency and protective services operations and public and private utilities. |

13.2 Permitted Uses

| Use | PU-1 | PU-2 | PU-3 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------|
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | S | S | S |
| Care Facility, Child ¹ | -- | P | -- |
| Care Facility, Community ¹ | -- | P | -- |
| Caretaker Suite | -- | -- | S |
| Cemetery | -- | P | -- |
| Cultural and Community Services | S | P | -- |
| Dwelling Units | -- ² | -- | -- |
| Education Services | S | P | S |
| Emergency and Protective Services | -- | P | P |
| Farmer's Market | S | S | -- |
| Food Services | S ³ | S ⁴ | -- |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 13.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | PU-1 | PU-2 | PU-3 |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|
| Health Services | -- | P | S |
| Mobile Vending ⁵ | S | S | -- |
| Parking Lot | S | S | S |
| Recreation Services, Indoor | -- | P | -- |
| Recreation Services, Outdoor | S | P | -- |
| Utilities | S | S | P |

CONDITIONS [Table 13.2(1)]:

- 1** Subject to the screening requirements for care facilities prescribed in **Section 7.3** of this Bylaw.
- 2** One detached dwelling unit is permitted as a principal use on the lot legally described as LOT 1, SECTION 3 AND DISTRICT LOT 24, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN VIP74169 (Coal Creek Historic Park).
- 3** The maximum floor area for food services is 20.0 square metres.
- 4** The maximum floor area for food services is 150.0 square metres.
- 5** Subject to the mobile vending regulations prescribed in **Section 6.5** of this Bylaw.

13.3 Subdivision Standards**Table 13.3(1) Subdivision Standards**

| Criteria | PU-1 | PU-2 | PU-3 |
|-------------------|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Minimum Lot Area | n/a | 325.0 m ² | 325.0 m ² |
| Minimum Lot Width | n/a | 9.0 m | 9.0 m |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

13.4 General Regulations

| Table 13.4(1) General Regulations | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----------|
| Criteria | PU-1 | PU-2 | PU-3 |
| Maximum Lot Coverage | 10% | 60% | 65% |
| Maximum Lot Coverage including Impermeable Surfaces | 15% | 70% | 75% |
| Maximum Dwelling Units ¹ | n/a | n/a | 1 per lot |
| Maximum FAR | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |

CONDITIONS [Table 13.4(1)]:

¹ Dwelling units are permitted in the form of a caretaker suite.

13.5 Development Standards

| Table 13.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------|--------|
| Criteria | PU-1 | PU-2 | PU-3 |
| Maximum Height | n/a | 10.0 m | 10.0 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | | 3.5 m ¹ | 7.5 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | | 4.5 m | |
| Minimum Side Setback | | 1.5 m | |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | 3.5 m ¹ | |

CONDITIONS [Table 13.5(1)]:

¹ The minimum front and exterior side setbacks are 0.0 metres for the lots legally described as:

- LOT 2, DISTRICT LOTS 21 AND 24, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN EPP33288 (2673 Dunsmuir Avenue); and
- LOT 7, BLOCK 11, DISTRICT LOT 21, NELSON DISTRICT, PLAN 522A (2757 Dunsmuir Avenue).

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 13.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Criteria | PU-1 | PU-2 | PU-3 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Maximum Floor Area ¹ | 10% of lot area | 10% of lot area | 10% of lot area |
| Maximum Height | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | 4.5 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 7.5 m | 3.5 m | 3.5 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Side Setback | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | 3.5 m | 3.5 m |

CONDITIONS [Table 13.5(2)]:

- ¹ Maximum floor area refers to the combined floor area of all accessory buildings and structures on a lot.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 14 RURAL ZONES

14.1 Intent of Zones

| Table 14.1(1) Intent of Zones | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Zone | Zone Name | Intent of Zone |
| FSG | Forest Stewardship Greenway | This zone is intended to accommodate forest management and any associated residential uses, as well as appropriate, low impact, recreational activities in the forested areas outside of the Urban Containment Boundary. |
| RT | Recreation and Tourism | This zone is intended to accommodate existing recreational accommodation and associated recreational activities adjacent to Comox Lake. |
| DWP | Drinking Water Protection | Comox Lake is a drinking water source for the Comox Valley. This zone is intended to accommodate low impact recreational uses while limiting development in and on Comox Lake to protect its water quality. |

14.2 Permitted Uses

| Table 14.2(1) Permitted Uses | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----|-----------------|
| P = permitted as a principal use | | | |
| S = permitted as a secondary use | | | |
| -- = use not permitted | | | |
| Use | FSG | RT | DWP |
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | S | S | -- ¹ |
| Agriculture, Urban ² | S | -- | -- |
| Campground | -- | P | -- |
| Care Facility, Child ³ | P | P | -- |
| Care Facility, Community ³ | P | -- | -- |
| Care Facility, Licence-Not-Required | S | -- | -- |
| Dwelling Units | P | P | -- |
| Home Occupation ⁴ | Minor | S | -- |
| | Standard | S | -- |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 14.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | FSG | RT | DWP |
|---------------|----------------|----|-----|
| Major | S | -- | -- |
| Park | P | P | P |
| Plant Nursery | P | -- | -- |
| Sawmill | S ⁵ | -- | -- |
| Silviculture | P | -- | -- |

CONDITIONS [Table 14.2(1)]:

- ¹ A maximum of two docks are permitted in the **Drinking Water Protection (DWP)** zone; one dock each within the northern and southern portions of the lot legally described as FRACTIONAL SECTION 28, TOWNSHIP 10, COMOX DISTRICT, PLAN 552H TOGETHER WITH THAT PORTION OF THE BED OF COMOX LAKE INCLUDED WITHIN THE AREA SHOWN OUTLINED IN RED ON PLAN DEPOSITED UNDER DD 1983 EXCEPT PARTS IN PLANS 21 RW, 788 RW, 26178, VIP57417 AND EPP82213 (Comox Lake).
- ² Subject to the **urban agriculture** regulations prescribed in **Section 6.8** of this Bylaw.
- ³ Subject to the screening requirements for care facilities prescribed in **Section 7.3** of this Bylaw.
- ⁴ Subject to the **home occupation** regulations prescribed in **Section 6.4** of this Bylaw.
- ⁵ A **sawmill** is only permitted when **secondary** to a **silviculture** operation.

14.3 Subdivision Standards**Table 14.3(1) Subdivision Standards**

| Criteria | FSG | RT | DWP |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------|-----|
| Minimum Lot Area | 60.0 ha | 40.0 ha | n/a |
| Minimum Lot Width | 10% of lot perimeter | 100.0 m | n/a |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

14.4 General Regulations

| Table 14.4(1) General Regulations | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| Criteria | | FSG | RT | DWP |
| Maximum Lot Coverage | Residential uses | 10% | 5% | n/a |
| | Silviculture and sawmill | 30% ¹ | n/a | |
| | All other uses | 25% | 35% | |
| Maximum Dwelling Units | | 2 per lot or 0.024 per ha, whichever is less | 1 per lot | n/a |
| Maximum FAR | | n/a | 1.0 | n/a |
| CONDITIONS [Table 14.4(1)]: ¹ Greenhouses ancillary to a principal silviculture operation are exempt from lot coverage. | | | | |

14.5 Development Standards

| Table 14.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------|-----|
| Criteria | | FSG | RT | DWP |
| Maximum Floor Area of Each Additional Detached Dwelling Unit | | 100.0 m ² | n/a | n/a |
| Maximum Height | | 10.0 m | 10.0 m | n/a |
| Front Setback | | 30.5 m ^{1,2} | 7.5 m | n/a |
| Rear Setback | | | | |
| Side Setback | | | | |
| Exterior Side Setback | | | | |
| CONDITIONS [Table 14.5(1)]: ¹ Buildings and structures associated with silviculture must be setback a minimum of 50.0 metres from any dwelling unit. ² Buildings and structures associated with silviculture must be setback a minimum of 50.0 metres from all lots in a Residential or Mixed-Use zone. | | | | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 14.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Criteria | FSG | RT | DWP |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Maximum Floor Area ¹ | 100.0 m ² | 100.0 m ² ² | n/a |
| Maximum Height | 6.0 m | 4.5 m | n/a |
| Front Setback | 30.5 m ^{3,4,5} | 7.5 m | n/a |
| Rear Setback | | | |
| Side Setback | | | |
| Exterior Side Setback | | | |

CONDITIONS [Table 14.5(2)]:

- ¹ Maximum floor area refers to the combined floor area of all accessory buildings and structures on lot.
- ² The maximum floor area for all accessory buildings is 50% of the largest principal building or 100.0 square metres, whichever is greater.
- ³ Buildings and structures accessory to a principal residential use must be located within 20.0 metres of the associated principal building.
- ⁴ Buildings and structures associated with silviculture must be setback a minimum of 50.0 metres from any dwelling unit.
- ⁵ Buildings and structures associated with silviculture must be setback a minimum of 50.0 metres from all lots in a Residential or Mixed-Use zone.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

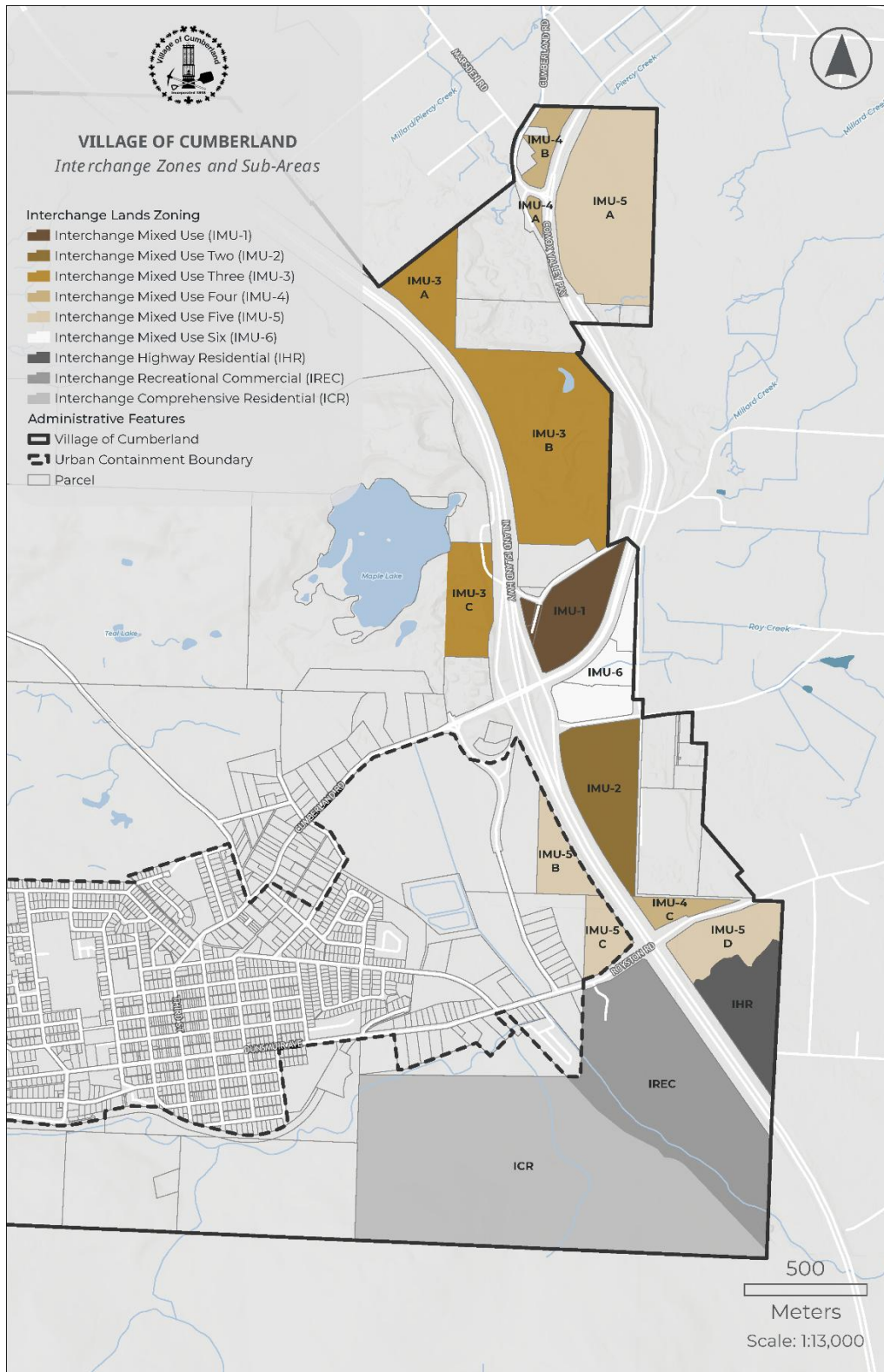
PART 15 INTERCHANGE ZONES

15.1 Classification of Zones

| Table 15.1(1) Classification of Interchange Zones | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Zone | Zone Name and Sub-Areas ¹ |
| IMU-1 | Interchange Mixed Use |
| IMU-2 | Interchange Mixed Use Two |
| IMU-3 | Interchange Mixed Use Three <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Area A • Area • Area C |
| IMU-4 | Interchange Mixed Use Four <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Area A • Area B • Area C |
| IMU-5 | Interchange Mixed Use Five <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Area A • Area B • Area C • Area D |
| IMU-6 | Interchange Mixed Use Six |
| IHR | Interchange Highway Residential |
| IREC | Interchange Recreational Commercial |
| ICR | Interchange Comprehensive Residential |
| <p>CONDITIONS [Table 15.1(1)]:</p> <p>¹ Where applicable, specific regulations apply to the sub-areas identified in Figure 15-1.</p> | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Figure 15-1. Interchange Zones and Sub-Areas



| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

15.2 Permitted Uses

| Table 15.2(1) Permitted Uses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|------|----------------|
| P = permitted as a principal use | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S = permitted as a secondary use | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -- = use not permitted | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR |
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| Accessory Buildings and Structures | S | S | S ¹ | S ¹ | S ¹ | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S ² |
| Agriculture, Urban ³ | S | S | S | S | S | -- | -- | -- | S | S | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| Care Facility, Child ⁴ | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | P |
| Care Facility, Community ⁴ | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | P |
| Care Facility, Licence-Not-Required | S | S | S | S | S | -- | -- | -- | S | S | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| Caretaker Suite | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | S | S |
| Cultural and Community Services | P | P | -- | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | P |
| Dwelling Units | P ⁵ | P ⁶ | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- | P ⁵ | P ⁵ | P ⁵ | P ⁵ | P ⁵ | P | -- | P |
| Education Services | P | P | -- | P | -- | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | P |
| Emergency and Protective Services | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Entertainment Facility | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Food Services | P | P | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Health Services | P | P | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Home Occupation ⁷ | Minor | S | S | S | S | -- | -- | -- | S | S | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| | Standard | S | S | S | S | -- | -- | -- | S | S | S | S | S | S | -- | S |
| | Major | S | S | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | S | -- | -- |
| Hotel | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Industrial, Light | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Licensed Premises | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Motel | P | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Natural Resource Extraction | -- | -- | -- | P ⁸ | P ⁸ | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Personal Services | P | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Plant Nursery | P | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 15.2(1) Permitted Uses

P = permitted as a principal use
 S = permitted as a secondary use
 -- = use not permitted

| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR |
|----------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|----------------|-----|
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| Professional Services, Internal-Facing | P | P | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Professional Services, Public-Facing | P | P | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Recreation Services, Outdoor | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | P ⁹ | -- |
| Retail Sales ¹⁰ | P | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | P | P | P | P | P | -- | -- | -- |
| Secondary Suite ¹¹ | -- | -- | S | S | S | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | S | -- | S |
| Veterinary Services | P | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

CONDITIONS [Table 15.2(1)]:

- ¹ Accessory buildings ancillary to any residential use must be located to the rear of the associated principal building.
- ² Accessory buildings are not permitted in a front yard.
- ³ Subject to the urban agriculture regulations prescribed in Section 6.8 of this Bylaw.
- ⁴ Subject to the screening requirements for care facilities prescribed in Section 7.3 of this Bylaw.
- ⁵ Where dwelling units are integrated within a principal building where non-residential uses exist, they must:
 - be located above or to the rear of a non-residential use occurring on the first storey; and
 - be accessed through a separate entrance from all non-residential uses occurring within the same building, so long as areas used for residential access must not exceed a combined 25% of the first storey business frontage.
- ⁶ Dwelling units must be integrated within a principal building where other non-residential uses are occurring, provided:
 - they are located above or to the rear of a non-residential use occurring on the first storey; and
 - they are accessed through a separate entrance from all non-residential uses occurring within the same building, so long as areas used for residential access must not exceed a combined 25% of the first storey business frontage.
- ⁷ Subject to the home occupation regulations prescribed in Section 6.4 of this Bylaw.
- ⁸ Natural resource extraction is only be permitted on lots that are 8.0 hectares or larger in size.
- ⁹ Outdoor recreation services is limited to a golf course, including any buildings, structures, or facilities accessory to the principal golf course use.
- ¹⁰ Outdoor displays ancillary to retail sales must not obstruct a landscaped area or pedestrian walkway, driveway, or highway.
- ¹¹ Subject to the secondary suite regulations prescribed in Section 6.7 of this Bylaw.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

15.3 Subdivision Standards

| Table 15.3(1) Subdivision Standards | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|------------------------|--------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|
| Use | | IMU-1 ¹ | IMU-2 ¹ | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 ¹ | | | | IMU-6 ¹ | IHR ³ | IREC | ICR ¹ |
| | | | | Area A ² | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| Minimum Lot Area | One detached dwelling unit | 100.0 m ² | n/a | 260.0 m ² | | | 2,024.0 m ² | | | n/a | | | | n/a | 0.2 ha | 30.0 ha | 260.0 m ² |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | | n/a | | | | | | n/a | | | | | | | 465.0 m ² |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | 100.0 m ² | | 600.0 m ² | | | | | | 450.0 m ² | | 100.0 m ² | | | 600.0 m ² | | |
| | All other uses | 75.0 m ² | 2,000.0 m ² | n/a | | | | | | 2,000.0 m ² | | 2,000.0 m ² | | | n/a | | |
| Minimum Lot Width | One detached dwelling unit | 4.2 m | n/a | 11.0 m ⁴ | | | 15.0 m | | | n/a | | | | n/a | 25.0 m | 200.0 m | 11.0 m |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | | n/a | | | | | | n/a | | | | | | | 15.2 m ⁴ |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units | 4.2m | | 24.4m | | | | | | 11.0 m | | 11.0 m | | | 24.4 m | | |
| | All other uses | 20.0m | | n/a | | | | | | 20.0 m | | 20.0 m | | | n/a | | |

CONDITIONS [Table 15.3(1)]:

- ¹ The lands in this zone must not be subdivided unless this Bylaw is amended to assign the density permitted by this section to the lots being created, or the owner grants a covenant to the Village under Section 219 of the Land Title Act assigning the density permitted by this section to the lots being created, in priority to all encumbrances of a financial nature.
- ² The maximum number of lots permitted to comprise Area A is five.
- ³ The maximum number of lots permitted to comprise the IHR-1 zone is 25.
- ⁴ Where a lot does not abut a lane, the minimum lot width is 9.1 metres.

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

15.4 General Regulations

| Table 15.4(1) General Regulations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR | |
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | | |
| Maximum Lot Coverage | One detached dwelling unit | n/a | n/a | 35% | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | 35% | n/a | 40% ¹ |
| | Two attached dwelling units | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | | | | 40% |
| | Three or more attached dwelling units ² | 65% | 65% | 65% | | | n/a | | | 65% | | | | 65% | | | |
| | Light industrial | n/a | n/a | n/a | | | 60% | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | | |
| | All other uses | 80% | 80% | 35% | | | 80% | | | 80% | | | | 80% | | 2% | |
| Maximum No. of Dwelling Units ² | n/a | n/a | n/a | 360 | 160 | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | 1 per lot ³ | 600 ⁴ | |

CONDITIONS [Table 15.4(1)]:

- ¹ Maximum lot coverage is 35% for lots larger than 450.0 square metres.
- ² For buildings containing three or more principal dwelling units accessed through shared corridors, stairs, and elevators, 10% of all dwelling units must be constructed in accordance with the Adaptable Dwelling Unit standard specified in the BC Building Code.
- ³ Dwelling units are permitted in the form of a caretaker suite.
- ⁴ A maximum of 300 dwelling units may be in the form of buildings comprising two or more attached principal dwelling units as well as secondary suites.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

15.5 Development Standards

| Table 15.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR | |
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | | |
| Maximum Floor Area | 37,160.0 m ² ¹ | 88,242.0 m ² ^{2,3} | n/a | | | 1,858.0 m ² | 7,664.2 m ² | 2,787.0 m ² | 32,050.0 m ² ⁴ | 21,832.0 m ² ⁵ | | 7,432.2 m ² ⁶ | 13,652.1 m ² ⁷ | n/a | 90.0 m ² ⁸ | n/a | |
| Maximum Height | Detached residential buildings | 20.0 m | 15.0 m | 8.0 m ⁹ | | | n/a | | | 15.0 m | | | | 15.0 m | 10.0 m | n/a | 8.0 m ¹⁰ |
| | Hospital | n/a | 22.9 m | n/a | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | Hotel Motel | 45.0 m | 15.0 m | n/a | | | n/a | | | 12.0 m | | | | 15.0 m | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | Light industrial | n/a | n/a | n/a | | | 11.0 m | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | All other uses | 20.0 m | 10.0 m | 10.0 m | | | 10.0 m | | | 12.0 m | | | | 12.0 m | 10.0 m | 15.0 m | 15.0 m |
| Minimum Front Setback | 0.0 m | 4.5 m | 3.0 m ^{11,12} | | | 3.0 m ¹³ | | | 7.5 m ^{14,15} | | | | 7.5 m ^{14,15} | 7.5 m | 7.5 m | 15.0 m ^{16,17,18} | |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 1.5 m | | 7.5 m ¹² | | | 3.0 m ¹³ | | | 7.5 m ^{14,15} | | | | 7.5 m ^{14,15} | 9.0 m | | | |
| Minimum Side Setback | 1.5 m | | 3.5 m ¹² | | | 1.5 m ¹³ | | | 4.5 m ^{14,15} | | | | 4.5 m ^{14,15} | 3.5 m | | | |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 4.5 m | | 7.5 m ¹² | | | 3.0 m ¹³ | | | 4.5 m ^{14,15} | | | | 0.0 m ^{14,15} | 3.5 m | | | |
| Inland Island Highway Setback | 30.0 m | 30.0 m | n/a | | | n/a | | | 30.0 m | | | | 30.0 m | n/a | 30.0 m | n/a | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 15.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures

| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|--------|-----|
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| Minto Road Setback | 10.0 m | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Royston Road Setback | n/a | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | 10.0 m | n/a |

CONDITIONS [Table 15.5(1)]:

- 1 The maximum combined floor area for dwelling units is 18,574.0 square metres.
- 2 A total of 32,500.0 square metres combined floor area is permitted for all principal uses. An additional maximum of 55,742.0 square metres of floor area is permitted exclusively for hospital and ancillary hospital uses only.
- 3 The maximum combined floor area for dwelling units is 9,300.0 square metres.
- 4 The maximum combined floor area for dwelling units is 6,270.0 square metres.
- 5 The maximum combined floor area for dwelling units is 10,660.0 square metres.
- 6 The maximum combined floor area for dwelling units is 3,715.0 square metres.
- 7 The maximum combined floor area for dwelling units is 5,170.1 square metres.
- 8 The maximum combined floor area for principal and accessory buildings is 90.0 square metres.
- 9 For lots larger than 450.0 square metres, the maximum height is 10.0 metres for a building comprising one detached principal dwelling unit and 15.0 metres for a building comprising three or more attached principal dwelling units.
- 10 For lots larger than 450.0 square metres, the maximum height is 10.0 metres.
- 11 Where a lot does not abut a lane, the minimum front setback is 7.5 metres.
- 12 The minimum setbacks for one detached principal dwelling unit are as follows:

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Lots ≤ 450.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Front Setback | porch | 2.0 m |
| | | garage / carport | 6.0 m |
| | | all other portions of a building | 4.0 m |
| | Minimum Rear Setback | 7.5 m | |
| | Minimum Side Setback | 1.5 m | |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 4.0 m | |
| Lots > 450.0 m ² and ≤ 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Front Setback | where a lot does not abut a lane | 7.5 m |
| | | where a lot abuts a rear lane | 3.0 m |
| | Minimum Rear Setback | 7.5 m | |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 15.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures

| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|------|-----|
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| Lots > 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Side Setback | | | | | 1.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Front Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Rear Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Side Setback | | | | | 3.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |

13 The minimum setback for light industrial uses is 7.5 metres.

14 The minimum setbacks for detached residential buildings are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Minimum Front Setback | 3.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 4.5 m |
| Minimum Side Setback | 1.5 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 3.0 m |

15 The minimum setbacks for food services, health services, hotel, motel, internal-facing professional services, public-facing professional services, and retail sales, as well as any building where dwelling units are integrated with such uses, are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| Minimum Front Setback | 0.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | 3.0 m |
| Minimum Side Setback | 0.0 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 0.0 m |

16 The minimum setbacks for one detached principal dwelling unit are as follows:

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Lots ≤ 450.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Front Setback | porch | 2.0 m |
| | | garage / carport | 6.0 m |
| | | all other portions of a building | 4.0 m |
| | Minimum Rear Setback | 7.5 m | |
| Minimum Side Setback | 1.5 m | | |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 1.5 m | |
| Lots > 450.0 m ² and ≤ 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Front Setback | where a lot does not abut a lane | 7.5 m |
| | | where a lot abuts a rear lane | 3.0 m |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 15.5(1) Development Regulations for Principal and Secondary Buildings and Structures

| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|------|-----|
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| Lots > 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Rear Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Side Setback | | | | | 1.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | | | | 1.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Front Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Rear Setback | | | | | 7.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Side Setback | | | | | 3.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | | | | 3.5 m | | | | | | | | | | |

17 The minimum setbacks for a building comprising two attached principal dwelling units are as follows:

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Lots ≤ 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | Minimum Front Setback | garage / carport | 6.0 m |
| | | all other portions of a building | 3.0 m |
| | Minimum Rear Setback | | 7.5 m |
| | Minimum Side Setback | where a lot does not abut a lane | 3.5 m |
| | | where a lot abuts a rear lane | 1.5 m |
| | Minimum Exterior Side Setback | where a lot does not abut a lane | 3.5 m |
| where a lot abuts a rear lane | | 1.5 m | |

18 The minimum setbacks for a building comprising two attached principal dwelling units are as follows:

| | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Minimum Front Setback | where a lot does not abut a lane | 7.5 m |
| | where a lot abuts a rear lane | 3.0 m |
| Minimum Rear Setback | | 7.5 m |
| Minimum Side Setback | | 3.5 m |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | | 3.5 m |

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 15.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | | |
| Maximum Floor Area | 50.0 m ² ¹ | 50.0 m ² ¹ | 50.0 m ² ^{2,3} | | | 10% of lot area | | | 50.0 m ² ¹ | | | | 50.0 m ² ¹ | 50.0 m ² | 90.0 m ² ⁴ | 50.0 m ² ^{1,5} | |
| Maximum Height | Hospital | n/a | 22.9 m | | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | Non-habitable feature elements | 25.0 m | 22.9 m | 4.5 m | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | All other uses | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | | | | 4.5 m | | | 4.5 m | | | | 4.5 m | 4.5 m | 9.0 m ⁶ | 4.5 m ⁷ |
| Minimum Front Setback | 0.0 m | 4.5 m | 7.5 m | | | 3.0 m | | | 7.5 m ⁸ | | | | 7.5 m ⁸ | 7.5 m | 7.5 m | n/a | |
| Minimum Rear Setback | Lots ≤ 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | | 1.5 m | | | 1.5 m | | | 1.5 m | | | | 1.5 m | 4.5 m | | 3.5 m | |
| | Lots > 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | | 3.5 m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minimum Side Setback | Lots ≤ 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | | 1.5 m | | | 1.5 m | | | 1.5 m | | | | 1.5 m | 1.5 m | | 1.5 m | |
| | Lots > 2,024.0 m ² in lot area | | 3.5 m | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.5 m | |
| Minimum Exterior Side Setback | 3.0 m | | 3.5 m | | | 3.0 m | | | 3.0 m | | | | 3.0 m | 3.5 m | | 3.5 m | |
| Inland Island Highway Setback | n/a | 30.0 m | n/a | | | n/a | | | 30.0 m | | | | 30.0 m | n/a | 30.0 m | n/a | |
| Royston Road Setback | n/a | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | n/a | | | | n/a | n/a | 10.0 m | n/a | |

CONDITIONS [Table 15.5(1)]:

- ¹ The maximum floor area for all accessory buildings is 50.0 square metres or 10% of lot area, whichever is less.
- ² For lots 2,024.0 square metres or smaller, the maximum floor area for all accessory buildings ancillary to any residential use is 50.0 square metres or 10% of lot area, whichever is less.
- ³ For lots larger than 2,024.0 square metres, the maximum floor area for all accessory buildings ancillary to any residential use is 100.0 square metres or 10% of lot area, whichever is less.
- ⁴ The maximum combined floor area for principal and accessory buildings in 90.0 square metres
- ⁵ For lots 2,024.0 square metres or larger, the maximum floor area for all accessory buildings ancillary to any residential use is 100.0 square metres or 10% of lot area, whichever is less.
- ⁶ The maximum height is 10.0 metres for a caretaker suite.

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

Table 15.5(2) Development Regulations for Accessory Buildings and Structures

| Use | IMU-1 | IMU-2 | IMU-3 | | | IMU-4 | | | IMU-5 | | | | IMU-6 | IHR | IREC | ICR |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----|------|-----|
| | | | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area A | Area B | Area C | Area D | | | | |
| <p>⁷ For lots larger than 2,024.0 square metres, the maximum height is 8.0 metres.</p> <p>⁸ The minimum setback is 3.0 metres for detached residential buildings and 0.0 metres for food services, health services, hotel, motel, internal-facing professional services, public-facing professional services, and retail sales, as well as any building where dwelling units are integrated with such uses.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |

PART 16 EFFECTIVE DATE

READ FOR A FIRST TIME this 10th day of NOVEMBER 2025.

AMENDED THIS 10th day of NOVEMBER 2025.

READ FOR A SECOND TIME AS AMENDED this 10th day of NOVEMBER 2025.

SECOND READING RESCINDED THE 24TH day of NOVEMBER 2025.

AMENDED THE 24TH day of NOVEMBER 2025.

READ FOR A SECOND TIME AS AMENDED THE 24th day of NOVEMBER 2025.

PUBLIC HEARING HELD this 15th day of DECEMBER 2025.

READ FOR A THIRD TIME this 26th day of JANUARY 2026.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION AND TRANSIT APPROVAL received this 28th day of JANUARY 2026.

ADOPTED this 9th day of FEBRUARY 2026.

Mayor

Corporate Officer

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 – Administration | 2 – Enforcement | 3 – Interpretation | 4 – Definitions | 5 – General Regulations |
| 6 – Use-Specific Regulations | 7 – Landscaping & Screening | 8 – Signage | 9 – Parking and Loading | 10 – Residential Zones |
| 11 – Mixed-Use Zones | 12 – Industry Zones | 13 – Public Use Zones | 14 – Rural Zones | 15 – Interchange Zones |